The Sydney Morning Herald.

No. 12,270.—VOL. LXXVI. FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1877. PRICE TWOPENCE.

BIRTHS.

...September 10, at her residence, Horburne Villa, Parramatta, Mrs. Charles Bent, of a son.

...—August 23, at her residence, George-street, Windsor, the wife of J. H. Crowley, of a son.

...—September 9, at Armidale, the wife of David Gwynne, of a daughter.

...—September 10, at Oakleigh Cottage, Campbell-street, ..., Mrs. John K. Manton, of a daughter.

...—September 11, at Leira, Petersham, the wife of Mr. ..., of a son.

...—September 8, at her residence, George-street, ..., Mrs. William Primrose, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

...—SCOTT.—September 4, by the Rev. J. G. Fraser, ...dall, Principal of the Grammar School, Armidale, to ... Scott, of Surveyor's Creek, Bendemeer.

DEATHS.

...—September 12, at his parents' residence, Petersham, of ..., Samuel David, youngest beloved son of Alfred and ... Drake, aged 1 year and 8 months.

...—September 12, at Kingston Cottage, North Kings..., Elizabeth, infant daughter of James D. Fletcher.

...—September 13, at her parent's residence, 396, ...street, Surry Hills, Katie, the beloved daughter of ...der and Catherine Gilchrist, aged 24 years.

...—September 10, at her residence, Redcliffe, near ...elltown, Catherine, relict of the late Edward Guthrie, ... 85 years.

...—September 8, at her residence, Mount Pleasant ..., Gordon-street, Paddington, Eliza, the beloved wife of George Hawkins, aged 68 years, after a short but painful ..., which she bore with Christian fortitude.

...—September 12, at Cootamundra, William Corfew Jago, ...er of Mr. John Jago, of St. Leonards.

...—At his late residence, 3, Argyle-street, Andrew Smith, ...several years gatekeeper to the Australian Gaslight ...y, aged 60.

SHIPPING.

...CIFIC MAIL S. S. CO. OVERLAND ROUTE TO GREAT BRITAIN, THROUGH AMERICA. ...contract with N. S. W. and N. Z. Governments. AUSTRALIA, 3000 tons, W. Carvill, commander, will be dispatched ... on FRIDAY, the 21st September, 1877, carrying ...jesty's mails and passengers to Auckland, Honolulu, ...n Francisco. ...s, payable in gold, in San Francisco, issued by the ...gned. ...ates of passage and freight, and for all other infor...n, apply to GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., Agents, Spring-street. ...received on the day of sailing.

...AM TO AUCKLAND direct.—The Pacific Mail Steamer AUSTRALIA, 3000 tons, W. Carvill, commander, leave as above on FRIDAY, the 21st September, at ...m. ...sengers for Waiwera Hot Springs by P. M. Co.'s ...rs forwarded free of fare from Auckland to Waiwera. ...r freight or passage apply to GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., Spring-street.

EASTERN AND AUSTRALIAN MAIL STEAM COMPANY (Limited). OVERLAND ROUTE, via Torres Straits and Singapore. The magnificent new steamship BOWEN, J. Miller, commander, under contract with the Government of Queensland, will leave Cosmopolitan Wharf on ...URDAY, October 6, at noon, taking mails, goods, and passengers. ...facilities of passengers by this route proceeding to ...the European or Eastern ports from Singapore are as follows:—To Europe—Mail steamer weekly and frequent opportunities. To Bombay, Madras, and Ceylon—... steamer weekly. To Calcutta—Fortnightly. To ...ia—Fortnightly, in connection with French mail ...er from Europe. Passengers can be booked for Venice, Brindisi, and ...thampton, and forwarded by the Peninsular and ...ental Company's steamers. ...or rates of freight or passage apply to BRIGHT, BROTHERS, and CO., Agents, 52, Pitt-street.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE.—The E. and A. M. S. Company's magnificent ...mship BOWEN, J. Miller, commander, ...l be dispatched from Cosmopolitan Wharf on FRIDAY, ... September, at 2 p.m., for Melbourne. ...r freight or passage apply to BRIGHT, BROTHERS, and CO.

THE AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMSHIPS.
...MELBOURNE.—Wotonga, to-morrow afternoon, Saturday, at 1; and Governor Blackall, Tuesday afternoon, at 4.30. (FARES AND FREIGHTS AT CURRENT RATES.)
...LEVUKA (FIJI).—Ly-ee-Moon (with English Mail), Saturday, 22nd instant.
...NEWCASTLE, RAYMOND TERRACE, AND MORPETH.—City of Brisbane, to-night, Friday, at 11; and Collaroy, Sunday night, at 12.
...BRISBANE.—P[illegible]utha, this afternoon, Friday, at 4.30. (FARES AND FREIGHTS AT GREATLY REDUCED RATES.)
...MARYBOROUGH.—Balclutha, this afternoon, Friday, at 4.30. (FARES AND FREIGHTS AT GREATLY REDUCED RATES.)
...GLADSTONE.—Steamer from Brisbane every Tuesday.
...ROCKHAMPTON.—Boomerang, this afternoon, Friday, at 4.30.
...PORT DENISON, CLEVELAND BAY, CAIRNS (TRINITY BAY) — Wentworth (without transhipment), Monday afternoon, at 4.30.
...COOKTOWN WHARF, CARDWELL, KEPPEL BAY, FLAT-TOP ISLAND — Wentworth, Monday afternoon, at 4.30.
CARGO is now being received for transmission to any of the above PORTS.
FREDK. H. TROUTON, Manager.

STEAM TO COOKTOWN WHARF, CLEVELAND BAY, CAIRNS and PORT DENISON, via BRISBANE (without transhipment). The magnificent steamship WENTWORTH, 1000 tons, J. D. M'Lean, commander, will be dispatched for the above ports on MONDAY next, 4.30 p.m. Fares and freights at current rates. For all particulars apply to the Traffic Manager. FREDK. H. TROUTON, Manager. A. S. N. Co.'s Wharf, Sussex-street.

THE CLARENCE AND RICHMOND RIVERS STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMSHIPS will be dispatched from the Company's Wharf, ...ex-street North, as follows, weather permitting:—

FOR GRAFTON, CLARENCE RIVER:

Ship.	Date of Sailing.
AGNES IRVING	TO-MORROW, Saturday, 15th September, at 9 p.m., direct.
CITY OF GRAFTON	TUESDAY, 18th September, at 9 p.m., direct.
FOR PORT MACQUARIE and MACLEAY RIVER.	
BALLINA	MONDAY, 17th September, at 11 p.m., direct.
FOR RICHMOND RIVER:	
PLATYPUS	Early, taking cargo at greatly reduced rates.

Intending Passengers are invited to inspect the superior accommodation on board these steamships.
Passage rates to and from Grafton.
Saloon: Single ticket .... £3 0 0; Return ditto .... 5 0 0. Steerage: Single ticket .... £1 15 0; Return ditto .... 3 0 0.
JOHN WHITE, Secretary, Sussex-street.

THE CLARENCE AND NEW ENGLAND STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMSHIPS, from Commercial Wharf, foot of King-street. For GRAFTON, CLARENCE RIVER, via NEWCASTLE, the S.S. NEW ENGLAND, on MONDAY NIGHT, at 9. Fares: Saloon, £3. Return ticket, £5. Steerage, £1 15s. Return ticket, £3.

NEWCASTLE STEAMSHIP COMPANY (Limited).—The S. S. KEMBLA will leave SYDNEY for NEWCASTLE THIS (Friday), and on MONDAY and TUESDAY NIGHT, at half-past 11; and will leave NEWCASTLE for SYDNEY, TO-MORROW (Saturday) and on TUESDAY MORNING, at 10. H. D. PORTUS, Manager. Offices—Lime-street Wharf, foot Erskine-street, Sydney; and Scott-street, Newcastle.

HUNTER RIVER N. S. N. CO.—STEAM TO NEWCASTLE, MORPETH, and RAYMOND TERRACE. From SYDNEY: TO-MORROW (Saturday) NIGHT, at 11, the MORPETH. On MONDAY NIGHT, at 11, the MAITLAND. Goods for PATERSON forwarded TO-MORROW NIGHT. (Freight payable in Sydney.) F. J. THOMAS, Manager. Offices—foot of Market-street.

ILLAWARRA S. N. CO.'S STEAMERS.—TO WOLLONGONG.—To-day 9.15 a.m. and 11 p.m.
ULLADULLA and CLYDE.—To-day, 9.15 a.m.
KIAMA and SHOALHAVEN.—To-night, at 11.
TATHRA (for BEGA).—To-morrow, at 11.
BATEMAN'S BAY (for MORUYA).—To-morrow, at 11.
MERIMBULA and EDEN.—Tuesday, 9.15 a.m.

PARRAMATTA, RYDE, ERMINGTON, and NEWINGTON STEAMERS leave KING-STREET, THIS DAY, at 7, 9, 11, 1, 3, 5; leave Parramatta, 7, 9, 11, 1, 3, 5. GLADESVILLE STEAMERS leave King-street, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12.30, 1, 3, 4.15, 5, 6.15, calling at HUNTER'S HILL and COCKATOO. FIVE DOCK, ASHFIELD, and BURWOOD, leave King-street at 7, 10, 12.30, 4.15, 6.15. Fares about half railway rates.

STEAM to MANNING RIVER direct.—The fine steamer BEAGLE, Captain Hersee, will leave the Caledonian Wharf, on MONDAY, at noon, cargo now being received. All freights paid and claims settled in Sydney. JOHN RITCHIE, Agent.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE, BRISBANE, AND MARYBOROUGH. The M. S. S. CO. will dispatch their STEAMSHIPS (when practicable) as follows, from STRUTH'S WHARF, foot of King-street:—

Ship.	Master.	Sailing Date.
FOR MELBOURNE:		
CHEVIOT	J. R. Clarke..	THIS DAY, Friday, 2 o'clock.
MACEDON	J. H. Stanford	TUESDAY, Sept. 18.
YOU YANGS..	Chas. Ashford	FRIDAY, Sept. 21.
FOR BRISBANE:		
EDINA	J. H. South..	SATURDAY, September 22.
FOR MARYBOROUGH:		
EDINA	J. H. South..	SATURDAY, September 22.

carrying passengers and cargo. Return tickets issued to and from MELBOURNE, available for three (3) months, by any of the Company's steamers, leaving every TUESDAY and FRIDAY, and vice versa. Cargo received for the above ports every day. These vessels have their SALOONS amidships, and are victualled by the owners. Steerage passengers supplied with bedding. WM. HOWARD SMITH, Struth's Wharf.

UNION STEAMSHIP COMPANY OF NEW ZEALAND (Limited). Fortnightly communication to all New Zealand Ports.

Ship.	Tons	Commander.	Date of Sailing.
WAKATIPU.	1796	A. Cameron..	About 21st September, via Wellington.
ROTORUA ..	1000	J. Macfarlane	3rd October, via Auckland.

NEW CALEDONIA. TAIAROA, on arrival next Suez mail. FREDK. W. JACKSON, 58, Pitt-street.

FIRST STEAMER TO NEW CALEDONIA, Under contract with the French Government. The Union Company's powerful steamship TAIAROA, A. J. C. Andrews, commander, will be dispatched with MAILS, PASSENGERS, and CARGO to NOUMEA, TO-MORROW. Cargo now being received on board at Grafton Wharf. FREIGHTS AT REDUCED RATES, as per agreement. FREDK. W. JACKSON, 58, Pitt-street.

STEAM TO NOUMEA, NEW CALEDONIA.—The splendid steamship GUNGA, R. Edmondson, commander, will be dispatched as above from the A. S. N. Company's Wharf immediately after the arrival of the Suez mail steamer. FREIGHTS AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES. For further particulars apply to MONTEFIORE and MONTEFIORE.

STEAM TO NEW CALEDONIA.—Intending PASSENGERS are informed that the splendid steamship GUNGA, R. Edmondson, commander, will leave the A. S. N. Company's Wharf immediately after the arrival of the Suez mail steamer. Branch steamers leave Noumea shortly after the arrival of this vessel for all ports on the coast of New Caledonia, calling at the Nickel and Copper Mines. Through tickets and all further information can be obtained at the office of the undersigned. MONTEFIORE and MONTEFIORE.

STEAM TO AUCKLAND.—The favourite powerful steamship HERO, 1000 tons, Thomas Logan, commander, will leave the Grafton Wharf for Auckland direct on TUESDAY, 18th September, at 4 p.m. Passengers should book early. The saloon is amidships. Shippers are requested to apply for shipping orders without delay. Passengers booked for the famous Waiwera Hot Springs. BRIGHT, BROTHERS, and CO., Agents, 52, Pitt-street.

STEAM TO THE NORTHERN PORTS
TO BRISBANE
TO TOWNSVILLE
TO ISLAND POINT (if inducement offers)
TO COOKTOWN WHARF
(DIRECT WITHOUT TRANSHIPMENT).
The new and powerful steamship COREA, will be dispatched as above, on TUESDAY, 18th instant. For rates of passage, freight, and all further particulars, apply to WM. LAIDLEY and CO., Agents, Exchange, Pitt-street.

STEAM TO HOBART TOWN, calling at EDEN, TWOFOLD BAY.—The fine steamship TASMAN, 760 tons register, will be dispatched from the GRAFTON WHARF, TUESDAY MORNING, 25th September, at 9 a.m. For freight or passage apply to T. and W. WILLIS, Agents, 48, Pitt-street.

MANLY BEACH STEAMERS (weather permitting) leave Queen's Wharf—7.15, 10.15, 11.30, 2.15, 4.30, 5.45; Woolloomooloo—10.30, 11.45, 2.30; Manly Beach—8.15, 9, 12, 3.15, 4.15, 5.30. Fare—Return ticket, 1s 6d; children, 1s. On SATURDAYS and SUNDAYS, return ticket, 1s. N.B.—Extra late boats will leave Sydney on Wednesday and Saturday, at 11.15 p.m. Dogs travelling with the passengers will be charged 1s per head.

STEAM TO LONDON, via THE SUEZ CANAL.—The Pacific Steam Navigation Co.'s magnificent steamer CHIMBORAZO, 3847 tons register, 3000-horse power effective, will leave Sydney SATURDAY, the 20th OCTOBER, CALLING AT MELBOURNE, carrying first, second, third, and steerage passengers. The above splendid steamer, being of greater steam power and larger capacity than any steamer trading to the colonies, offers special inducements to passengers, and her accommodation and arrangements are of the most complete character. She will steam full power all the way, and is confidently expected to accomplish the passage in about forty days. To be followed by the

Ship.	Tons.	To sail.
S. S. CUZCO	3845	10th December.

Both steamers being alike in steam power, capacity, and appointments. For particulars, plans, and circulars, apply to GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., Spring-street. N.B. Suez Canal dues are charged in addition to passage money.

FOR LONDON.—The MIN-Y-DON, J. M. Leslie, commander, having all her dead-weight stowed, and requiring only a limited quantity of wool to complete her loading, will sail in a few days. GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., Agents. Wool received at Lloyd's Cosmopolitan Wharf.

ABERDEEN CLIPPER LINE.—For LONDON.—The A1 clipper barque ASCALON, 938 tons register, D. BAIN, Commander, having large engagements, will have quick dispatch. For freight or passage apply to Captain BAIN, on board, at Circular Quay; or MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO. Wool received at Talbot's.

FOR FRIENDLY AND NAVIGATOR ISLANDS, with immediate dispatch, the regular and favourite trader RECONNAISSANCE, G. W. Coote, master. For freight or passage apply to Henry P. Palser, York-street.

RICHMOND RIVER.—Freight 15s per ton, to all ports.—WALLACE and BRUCE sails on SATURDAY. Street's Wharf, Sussex-street.

FOR RICHMOND RIVER (all parts).—AMPHITRITE, Pratt, master, going up to Lismore. Shippers please send down cargo at once to Patent Slip Wharf. Freight payable in Sydney. G. F. Mason, agent.

FOR ROCKHAMPTON direct.—The clipper brig COLIBRI, daily expected, being under charter, will have immediate dispatch. For freight apply to J. J. AIKEN, 59, Exchange-corner.

FOR TOWNSVILLE.—The SURPRISE, 220 tons, Captain Brown, will sail positively on MONDAY, 17th instant. JAMES BURNS, Agent.

ELLEN, for EDEN and TATHRA, on FRIDAY. Freights paid to H. CLARKE, Victoria Wharf.

MACLEAY RIVER.—RELIANCE, SATURDAY EVENING, Victoria Wf., A. Heesh, 64, Sussex-st.

PORT MACQUARIE.—The Octoroon, noon, THIS DAY. Apply Kemble's Wharf. Freight paid here.

FOR TUROSS and MORUYA.—Moses Fletcher sails first fair wind. HENRY CLARKE, Victoria Wharf.

FOR BERMAGUI (Cobargo).—ADVANCE sails first fair wind. HENRY CLARKE, Victoria Wharf.

FOR SHOALHAVEN.—Ketch PROMISE, from Patent Slip Wharf TO-NIGHT.

S. S. EASBY, for NEW ZEALAND.—All ACCOUNTS against the above-named vessel must be rendered in duplicate by noon TO-MORROW, at the office of the agents, FORD, ADAMS, and CO., Circular Quay.

S. S. WAKATIPA, from New Zealand Ports.—NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.—Consignees of cargo are requested to arrange to take delivery as soon as landed, in accordance with Bills of Lading, otherwise the goods will be stored at their risk and expense. FREDK. W. JACKSON, 58, Pitt-street.

SHIP LOCH FERGUS, from Liverpool.—Consignees by this vessel are requested to pass ENTRIES at once for Cosmopolitan Wharf. All goods impeding the discharge of the vessel will be landed and stored at the risk and expense of the consignee, and the vessel will not be responsible for any loss or damage to cargo after same has been landed. Bills of lading must be produced, freight paid, and delivery orders obtained from the undersigned before any goods can leave the wharf. SMITH, BROTHERS, and CO., Agents. Captain CANN will not be responsible for any DEBTS contracted by his Crew without his written authority.

R. M. S. CITY OF NEW YORK, from San Francisco.—Consignees of goods by this vessel are requested to pass Customs ENTRIES at once for Dibbs's Wharf. Any goods impeding the discharge will be cleared, landed, and stored at the consignees' risk and expense, and the ship will not be responsible for any damage to or loss of cargo after it is landed. Bills of lading must be produced at the office of the undersigned, and orders for delivery obtained, before the goods will be delivered. GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., Agents, Spring-street.

SHIP STAR OF THE SEA, from London.—All ACCOUNTS against this vessel must be rendered in duplicate at the office of the undersigned before noon on FRIDAY, the 14th instant, or they will not be recognised. YOUNG and LARK, Agents.

SHIP RYDALMERE, from London.—All ACCOUNTS against this vessel must be rendered in duplicate, at the office of the undersigned before noon, on FRIDAY, the 14th instant, or they will not be recognised. YOUNG and LARK, Agents.

SHIP RAGLAN CASTLE, from Liverpool.—Consignees are requested to pass ENTRIES for Smith's Wharf. All goods impeding the discharge will be landed and bonded at the risk and expense of consignees of same. Bills of lading must be produced, the average bond signed, and freight and average deposit paid at the office of the undersigned, before any goods can leave the wharf. The ship will not be responsible for any damage to or loss of cargo occurring after same is landed. LORIMER, ROME, and CO., 34, O'Connell-street. Captain DAVIES will not be responsible for any DEBTS his crew may contract without his written authority.

SHIP RAGLAN CASTLE, from Liverpool.—Average Bond.—NOTICE to Consignees.—In consequence of a portion of the cargo having been jettisoned, there will be a General Average Contribution. The average bond will be ready for signature at our office, at 11 o'clock a.m. TO-DAY. LORIMER, ROME, and CO., Agents, 34, O'Connell-street. Sydney, September 12.

SHIP RIVER CLYDE, from Glasgow.—CONSIGNEES are requested to pass ENTRIES at once. All goods impeding the vessel's discharge will be entered, landed, and stored at consignees' risk and expense. The ship will not be responsible for goods after landing. Bills of lading must be produced, freights paid, and delivery orders obtained before any goods can leave the wharf. MASON, BROTHERS, Agents. Captain PRUST will not be responsible for any DEBTS contracted by his crew, without his written authority.

TONNAGE wanted, for HONOLULU. GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

WANTED, a KETCH, to charter from Sydney to Shoalhaven, 50 or 60 tons, a long job. Apply at the Blue Bell Hotel, between 10 and 11 o'clock a.m., to Mr. WIGHTALL.

FOR PRIVATE SALE, the steamship PHŒBE, 416, tons register, 120-horse power; now open to inspection. Full particulars can be obtained from FREDK. W. JACKSON, 58, Pitt-street.

22-FOOT FISHING-BOAT, well found, cheap; useful Dingy, £3. Boatist, HERALD.

FOR SALE, cheap, half-decked, centreboard BOAT; is stiff and fast. Apply Inland, Woolloomooloo Bay.

FISHING BOAT (centreboard), for SALE. Apply T. MULHALL, Circular Quay.

FOR SALE.—Ketch DAWN, carries 80 tons, light draft, centreboard, well found. Apply to JAMES BURNS, Macquarie-place.

BARQUE DELAWARE, Johnston's Bay.—This vessel will be sold, unconditionally, at the Rooms of RICHARDSON and WRENCH, on FRIDAY, 21st September, at 11 o'clock. For full particulars see extended advertisements in HERALD among Richardson and Wrench's auction advertisements.

FLOATING DOCK, DARLING HARBOUR.—THOMAS S. ROWNTREE and CO., Wood and Composite Shipbuilders and Blacksmiths. Ships of any size docked; repairs and work efficiently carried out on the most reasonable terms. Masts, spars, and ship timber of every description always on hand.

RELIGIOUS ANNOUNCEMENTS.

UNITED EVANGELISTIC COMMITTEE.—All Christians who are interested in Rev. Dr. SOMERVILLE'S Mission Services, and who are able to help in a house to house visitation of the city and suburbs, are requested to MEET at half-past 1 o'clock on SATURDAY AFTERNOON, at the Exhibition Building. T. B. TRESS, F. TAIT, Hon. Secs.

UNITED EVANGELISTIC COMMITTEE. REV. A. N. SOMERVILLE, D.D., will deliver an EVANGELISTIC ADDRESS, in THE EXHIBITION BUILDING, THIS (Friday) EVENING, at 7.30.
THE NOON-DAY PRAYER MEETING will be held daily in the MASONIC HALL, from 12 to 1 o'clock. Dr. SOMERVILLE will preside.
Mr. W. F. SOMERVILLE, assisted by the Choir, will conduct the Service of Song.
At the Noon-day Prayer Meeting, the door will be closed at 12 o'clock, and will be opened afterwards at intervals of about a quarter of an hour, so that the meeting may not be disturbed.
T. B. TRESS, F. TAIT, Honorary Secretaries.
'Buses will ply between the Exhibition to and from Woolloomooloo via College-street, also via Darlinghurst Road; Redfern and Waterloo, Glebe Point, Newtown, Camperdown via Forest Lodge, Miller's Point, Circular Quay, Woollahra, Waverley, Surry Hills.

UNITED EVANGELISTIC COMMITTEE. The Rev. A. N. SOMERVILLE, D.D., will preach in the EXHIBITION BUILDING, on SUNDAY AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock. On MONDAY EVENING a LECTURE will be delivered on "THE BIBLE FOR THE WORLD," by the Rev. Dr. SOMERVILLE, in the EXHIBITION BUILDING, at 7.30 p.m. Admission will be by tickets—free—which may be obtained at the Bible Hall, Young Men's Christian Association's Rooms, Wesleyan Depot, and from the Ministers and Office-bearers of the various Churches.

UNITED EVANGELISTIC COMMITTEE.—The Christian public are invited to contribute towards the local expenses connected with the Mission Services of the Rev. Dr. SOMERVILLE. Donations may be forwarded either to J. H. GOODLET, Esq., 488, George-street; or to JOSEPH PAXTON, Esq., Macquarie-street, Joint Hon. Treasurers. FRANCIS TAIT, THOMAS B. TRESS, Hon. Secretaries.

PERSONS ADVERTISED FOR.

AGENCY and INQUIRY OFFICE.—Inquiries conducted for private individuals, legal and mercantile community. Missing friends, &c., traced. OTTO BERLINER and CO., Bond-street, off 278, George-st.

BARROW.—HARBOURT BEAUCHAMP BARROW, known as Harry Barrow, son of the late Captain Wallace Barrow, who left England for Melbourne in 1871, and was last heard of by his family, by letter, from Cape River, Queensland, dated November, 1874, between which place and Brisbane he was carrying the mail, will hear of something to his advantage, and a passage to England will be paid on application below. A REWARD of £5 will be paid to any person first furnishing satisfactory information respecting him. W. W. and R. WREN, Solicitors, 50, Fenchurch-street, London.—July 10, 1877.

CHARLES ROBERT PEACH, your WIFE came by steamer Wotonga. Inquire on board.

ELLIOTT and THOMAS, Missing Friends, Private and Confidential Agents. All communications strictly confidential. Office—61, Elizabeth-street, Sydney.

JESSIE.—Your old friend C. B., has returned to Sydney, and would like to see you. Write me to the care of Lawrence, HERALD Agent, 68, Oxford-street.

JAMES JOSEPH HUNT and MARY, his Wife, maiden name KIRBY, many years ago managing in Sydney a business for Mr. Pitchard, send your address to the undersigned, who has important news from your family. ARTHUR CUBITT, Missing Friends' Office, 203, Pitt-street, Sydney.

LOYEAU, TICKET WRITER, send address, WILLIAMS, Painter, 42, Parramatta-st. 6 months work.

MRS. M'GILVERY.—Hope LETTERS for you at the office of Strachan and Co., Baltic Wharf.

MR. HUGH VAN METHUSEN—Call on the Inspector-General of Police. Letter from New Zealand.

MR. WILLIAM CLUGSTON, formerly Clerk in North British Railway Company, Edinburgh, or any one acquainted with him, would oblige by communicating with R. W. ROBBERDS, Solicitor, 159, Castlereagh-street, Sydney.

PLEASE write again to 388, Elizabeth-street South, with SIGNATURE.

MEETINGS.

PHARMACEUTICAL SOCIETY OF NEW SOUTH WALES.—A Vacancy in the Council having occurred through the resignation of Mr. Sloper, a General MEETING of the Members will be held at No. 124, Phillip-street, on TUESDAY, the 2nd day of October next, for the purpose of electing a member of Council in his stead. WM. GRITTON, Secretary. September 11.

MEDICAL SECTION.—Royal Society. Monthly MEETING, THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock. Subjects for discussion: Typhoid Fever. P. SYDNEY JONES, H. N. MACLAURIN, Hon. Secs.

ALBERT CRICKET CLUB.—The Annual General MEETING of this club will be held at the EXCHANGE on TUESDAY EVENING next, the 18th instant, at 8 o'clock. Notice has been given of proposed alterations in the by-laws. JOHN M. GIBSON, Hon. Secretary.

MILITARY AND CIVIL CRICKET CLUB.—A MEETING of the Members of the above Club will be held at Colonel Richardson's Office, O'Connell-street, on FRIDAY, at 4 p.m.

MASONIC.—Australian Social Lodge, No. 260, I. C.—THIS EVENING, 7.30. A. SMITH, Secretary.

WOOLLAHRA BAND OF HOPE, THIS EVENING, in Ocean-street School, 7.30. Admission free.

ADVANCE AUSTRALIA.—NO. 1. TOTAL ABSTINENCE BENEFIT SOCIETY.—The regular weekly MEETING of the above Society will be held in the Temperance Hall, THIS EVENING, at half-past 7 o'clock sharp. Every member expected to attend. Business: Election of Officers and Medical Attendant. W. J. AUSTIN, Secretary.

Y. M. C. A.—LITERARY AND DEBATING CLASS.—Meet THIS EVENING 7.30. Debate: "Which is the better policy for New South Wales, Free Trade or Protection." E. R. MURRAY, Hon. Secretary.

AUSTRALIAN C. C.—A General MEETING to be held at Mr. Dixon's, on TUESDAY next, at 8 p.m. Every member is requested to attend. M. J. MOLONY, Hon. Sec.

MASONIC.—Unity Lodge of Sydney, No. 1169 E.C.—Emergency MEETING, This Evening, at 7.

EIGHT-HOUR CONFERENCE OF THE IRON TRADES.—The Adjourned MEETING will be held THIS (Friday) EVENING, 7.30 p.m. Swan with Two Necks. J. GARRARD, Secretary.

CALEDONIAN SOCIETY OF NEW SOUTH WALES.—An Extraordinary MEETING of members of the above Society, will be held TO-NIGHT, in Temperance Hall, Pitt-street, at 8 o'clock.

GUILD HALL LITERARY AND DEBATING CLUB.—MEETING THIS EVENING, at 8 sharp. Business of the greatest importance. Full attendance particularly requested. J. D. DONOVAN, Hon. Sec.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

TO THE ELECTORS OF COOK WARD.—GENTLEMEN,—Allow me to thank you for the honour that you wish to confer upon me in wishing to return me as one of your representatives in the City Council. Unforeseen circumstances have arisen which compel me for the present to withdraw. Thanking you for your kindness. I remain, gentlemen, yours truly, ALEXANDER STEEL.

CARPENTER FOR COOK WARD. A public MEETING of the Electors of Cook Ward will be held at Costello's Marshal MacMahon Hotel, corner of Campbell and Riley streets, THIS EVENING, September 14. Chair will be taken by John [illegible]gley, Esq., at 8 o'clock precisely. Mr. CARPENTER will address the meeting. S. KIPPAX, C. ELDRIDGE, Hon. Secretaries.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST, a MAGPIE, from Bay[illegible]r, Marrickville. Reward on recovery.

LOST, a little girl's Merino CAPE. Finder rewarded on returning same to Mr. Felmingham, 84, King-st.

LOST, a Brown Retriever DOG. ... reward at Victoria Barracks. C. B. AIREY.

LOST, between Ashfield and Hunter-street, two £1 NOTES. E. CAREY, Market-street.

LOST, Liver and White Spaniel DOG. Reward, Eltham, Pitt-street, Waterloo, or Omnibus Stand.

LOST, a Poodle DOG, rather dirty, ... on ... eye; collar on. Liberal reward. 174, Cumberland-street.

LOST, a WHIP, between King-... and Glebe. A reward to any one returning the same to 45, Francis-street, Glebe.

LOST, on Saturday, 11th instant, Black and Tan Terrier SLUT. Party detaining same is hereby cautioned. Reward given. Name on collar. FELMINGHAM, 84, King-street. September 13, 1877.

LOST, yesterday, between Lamb's Hotel and Post Office, Manly, a NUGGET BROOCH. Finder will be handsomely rewarded on bringing the same to Mrs. THOMAS, York-street.

REWARD.—Lost, in Pitt-street, or to School of Arts, Russia Leather POCKET-BOOK, containing owner's cards, money, memoranda, &c. Please return to Mrs. LAING, 331, Pitt-street; or ..., Randwick.

REWARD.—LOST, from D...-street, Glebe, a GREYHOUND SLUT (... colour), had on a collar and chain; any person detaining it after this date will be prosecuted. ALEX. COOPER, ... Public School.

30s REWARD.—Lost, a gold EARRING, set with 4 stones. Apply Jeweller ..., 88, Market-street.

£2 REWARD.—LOST, Pet..., black and tan Terrier DOG. Richard...cobson, Prospect-place, Petersham.

£20—STOLEN, brown M..., ...LL on near rump; bay Horse, JR conjoined near shoulder; bay Colt, P over N near shoulder; ...ding bay Mare, no brand. Above paid on conviction of thief. 108, Pitt-st.

SCHOOL OF ARTS CLOAK ROOM.—Please return Umbrella taken in mistake Wednesday evening last.

FOUND, small TERRIER. Apply back entrance, 664, George-street South.

FOUND, in Castlereagh-street, PURSE containing money. D. HOPE, 120, Waterloo-st., Surry Hills.

STRAYED, into my paddock, small Brindle COW, with young Calf. Owner can have her by paying expenses. J. F. WHITING, ...wick-street, Leichhardt.

STRAYED into my yard, a ...ut HORSE, branded 4 near rump, two hind feet white. Owner can have him by paying expenses. Apply Haymarket Hotel. September 13.

VOLUNTEER NOTICES.

NEW SOUTH WALES RIFLE ASSOCIATION. TIME TABLE.
WEDNESDAY, 10th October, 1st, 14th, and 2nd matches
THURSDAY, 11th October, 3rd, 5th, 6th and 10th ditto
FRIDAY, 12th October, 16th, 4th, and 8th ditto
SATURDAY, 13th October, 7th, 18th, 17th, and 9th ditto.
Merchants' Match (11th) each day, from 8 a.m.; and Pool Shooting on the mornings of the 10th, 12th, and 13th, and at other times when targets are available. Entries close on the 18th instant. W. FOSKETT, Secretary.

NO. 1 CO.—Members must send their ENTRIES for the Association Matches to the undersigned on or before 18th instant. JOHN COOPER, Captain.

5 CO. 1st REGIMENT.—Entrance for R. A. Matches must be made to Lieutenant D'ARRIETTA, Government Printing Office, by MONDAY next. Shooting for Darrietta's Cup, SATURDAY, 2.30. W. JOHNSTON.

NAVAL BRIGADE to MUSTER for Quarterly INSPECTION, in the Domain, at 2.45 p.m., on SATURDAY, the 15th instant. Dress: Blue, with white cap covers. Band to attend. FRANCIS HIXSON, Captain, Commanding.

STAFF RIFLE CLUB.—FIRING for PRIZES, Saturday Afternoon. Assemble on Range at 2 p.m.

VOLUNTEER LAND ORDER for SALE. Apply, stating highest price, to H. B., Post Office.

LECTURES.

THEATRE ROYAL. Entrance in Castlereagh and King streets. Mr. THOMAS WALKER will deliver a LECTURE in the Trance State, in the Theatre Royal, on SUNDAY EVENING, the 16th instant, at 7.30 o'clock. The Honorable J. BOWIE WILSON will preside. Subject of the Lecture:—"The WAR IN HEAVEN; or the creation and life of SATAN, and his death by means of Free-thought and Modern Spiritualism." Admission: Dress circle, 1s; stalls, 6d; pit, 3d. Doors open at 6.45 o'clock.

STOCK, SHARES, AND MONEY.

LONDON LOAN AND DISCOUNT BANK, 125, ELIZABETH-STREET SOUTH, next St. James's School. First established in Sydney. MONEY advanced in sums from £5 to £1000, on two responsible securities. Arrangements can be made for WEEKLY, MONTHLY, or QUARTERLY payments. BILLS OF SALE on Furniture, without possession. Advances made upon mortgage, deposit of deeds, merchandise, bonded certificates, trade bills, &c. Forms may be had gratis.

THE NATIONAL LOAN AND DISCOUNT COMPANY, 51, Hunter-street, 51. UNDER ENTIRELY NEW MANAGEMENT. THE NEW PROPRIETORS make CASH ADVANCES on a CONVENIENT and LIBERAL system of repayment. £5 to £1000 for short or long periods, on note of hand alone, personal security, deposit of deeds, leases, trade stock, bonded certificates, &c. BILLS OF SALE on furniture without removal. THE UTMOST FACILITIES GIVEN to persons desirous of establishing a business, furnishing hotels, purchasing houses or landed properties, &c. LOWEST RATES and every convenience to borrowers. Bills discounted daily. Letters will receive prompt attention. OFFICES 51 HUNTER-STREET 51.

STANDARD LOAN, DISCOUNT, AND MORTGAGE COMPANY, Head Office—160, PHILLIP-STREET, 160 (4 doors from King-street). MONEY ADVANCED upon PERSONAL and other security.

TABLE OF INSTALMENTS TAKEN.

Loan. £	Weekly. £ s. d.	Monthly. £ s. d.
10	0 6 0	2 0 0
15	0 7 6	2 10 0
20	0 10 6	3 10 0
25	0 12 6	4 3 4
30	1 0 0	5 6 8
50	1 5 0	6 13 4

Any larger SUM can be arranged for. Advances promptly made. Letters of application attended to with dispatch. REBATE allowed by this Company on loan paid in before the time arranged for has expired. 160, PHILLIP-STREET, 160. (4 doors from King-street).

THE UNITED BANKING COMPANY. HEAD OFFICE, CORNER OF KING AND YORK STREETS. This bank has been established to meet a great demand which has heretofore existed in this city, viz., for the transaction of LOANS, ADVANCES, and DISCOUNTS, &c., at MODERATE RATES OF INTEREST. GREAT FACILITIES will be given to borrowers desirous of purchasing businesses of any description, STATIONS, FARMS, HOUSE PROPERTIES, TOWN OR COUNTRY LANDS, &c., and, in all instances, the terms for repayment of same will be made to suit their convenience. This Bank will advance without any initiatory charges, in sums from £5 and upwards (to be repaid by easy instalments), on personal and other security. Bills of Sale on Furniture without possession. Deeds of Freehold or Leasehold Property, in town or country, on Stock, Shares, Merchandise, Bonded Certificates, Reversionary Interest, &c., &c. BILLS DISCOUNTED DAILY.

ADVANCES made without extra charges, in small or large sums, on reasonable terms, repayable by any instalments, weekly, monthly, or quarterly. A. COOPER, 103, Elizabeth-street.

£5 TO £1000 ADVANCED by the undermentioned Company to those requiring TEMPORARY ACCOMMODATION, upon any REASONABLE SECURITY namely—Note of hand, deposit of deeds, bequests, reversionary interests, trade bills, bill of sale (without possession), merchandise, &c., &c. To meet the convenience of borrowers, parties may repay their instalments, if required, at the following REDUCED SCALE:—
£10 0 0 by instalments of £0 5 0 per week.
15 0 0 " " 0 7 6 "
20 0 0 " " 0 10 0 "
Any larger sum required, repayment to be made, if desirable, at the same rate. REAL and PERSONAL ADVANCE COMPANY, Offices—6, Bligh-street, opposite the Turkish Baths. Hours—9 a.m. to 5 p.m.

EQUITABLE PERMANENT B. BUILDING, LAND, AND SAVINGS INSTITUTION, 281, PITT-STREET. Privacy, Promptness, and Dispatch being prominent features of this Society. Liberal advances are immediately obtainable on security of freehold or leasehold properties, to enable borrowers to either buy, build, or redeem private mortgages. Those who desire to possess the SECRET of SUCCESS, and a practical knowledge of HOW TO GET ON IN THE WORLD should not hesitate to identify themselves with this Society. The weekly repayments for advances is 5s 4d for each £100, which finally clears off principal and interest in a much shorter period than in other societies where the rate is lower. NOTE.—Intending borrowers should keep this fact before them. Investing shares offer strong inducements to those who desire a secure and profitable channel for the gradual accumulation of small sums. The Deposit Branch opens to the capitalist and others a means of placing their money (with undeniable security) at rates of interest up to 7 per cent. N.B.—Borrowers are only charged with interest each year on the unpaid balance of loan. Every possible information is obtainable on application at the Office. THOS. MILLER, Manager.

MONEY advanced upon the security of Tradespeople, Householders, and others. BILLS OF SALE, or otherwise, at 20 per cent. per annum. As this advertisement is bona-fide, and does not emanate from any Loan Office Agency whatever, the public can address in confidence to Delta, Box 41, G. P. O. CAUTION. In consequence of this system of advertising being imitated with a view, apparently, to entrap the unwary, it is deemed necessary to give the fullest publicity to the fact.

MONEY.—Wanted, to BORROW £200, for which 24 Monthly repayments of £10 will be given; good security. Address Bona Fide, HERALD Office.

BUSINESS ANNOUNCEMENTS.

NOTICE.—The PARTNERSHIP formerly subsisting between FREDERICK CHARLES JARRETT and GEORGE LOXTON, in the business of Printers and Publishers, and carried on under the style of JARRETT, LOXTON, and CO., at 229, George-street, Sydney, was dissolved on the 16th day of June last, by deed of dissolution executed by both parties. All debts owing to, and all liabilities due by the firm, will be paid and received by the said Frederick Charles Jarrett, who will henceforth carry on the business under the style of JARRETT and CO., at the same premises. FREDK. C. JARRETT. Witness—W. H. PIGOTT, Solicitor. Sydney, 8th September, 1877.

NOTICE.—The PARTNERSHIP lately created between the undersigned, under the style of COOPER and FIELDHOUSE, as Bone Crushers and Bone Dealers and Merchants, has this day been DISSOLVED by mutual consent. The business will in future be carried on by Mr. COOPER alone, who will be responsible for all outstanding claims, and receive all debts due by or to the firm. Newcastle, 10th September, 1877. W. D. COOPER. H. FIELDHOUSE. Witness—HENRY J. BROWN, Solicitor, Newcastle.

BUSINESS CARDS.

AMERICAN RUBBER STAMPS, for marking linen, paper, wood, &c. Smith and Merritt, 156, King-st.

AUSTRALIAN Iron Bedstead Works, 571, Kent-street, near Liverpool-street. W. TIGHE.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH inimitable, and painless dental operations. Mr. GUSTAVUS GABRIEL, Dentist, of 20, Wynyard-square only; is not connected with any other person.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH.—First-class work only; moderate charges. Teeth extracted and stopped. Dr. EMANUEL and SON, Dentists. Observe one place of business—178, Pitt-street, one door from King-street.

CLAIRVOYANT, Business, Medical and Physician. Madame von Hallé (Clara Antonia), 320, George-st.

DENTISTRY.—First prize, gold medal.—Mr J. J. LACHAUME, Dentist, 6, Wynyard-square.

D. H. LEADER, 102, KING-ST., MANUFACTURER and IMPORTER of BABY LINEN and LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING, price lists on application. UNDERCLOTHING made from Horrocks's calicoes only.

LADIES' Paper Patterns CUT, and raw materials FITTED. 194, Bourke-street.

LEWIS POTTER BAIN, STOCK AND SHARE BROKER, 26, Exchange-buildings, Pitt-street.

MR. J. LUGG, Dentist, 35, Bligh-street, first house from Hunter-street.

MR. J. E. CARTER, Surgical and Mechanical Dentist (from London), can be consulted at 26, College-st.

M'COY, BROTHERS, Importers and Manufacturers of first-class Boots and Shoes, 559 and 561, Geo.-st.

MADAME E. WALLACE BUSHELLE, Professor of Singing, 236, Victoria-street.

MADAME De La SICOTIERE, from Paris, Cutter and Designer of Ladies' Fashions. Paper patterns of every description. Country orders attended to. 352, George-street (over Mountcastle's).

MR. PERCIVAL PEDLEY, Dentist, by special appointment to his Excellency Sir Hercules G. R. Robinson, G.C.M.G., 9, Wynyard-square.

MR. M. EMANUEL, Practical Dentist, Arthursleigh-terrace, 277, Elizabeth-street, Hyde Park. CAUTION: Beware MISTAKES from similarity of names, as disappointments frequently occur.

MR. J. SPENCER, Dentist, 8, Wynyard-square, awarded the N. S. W. Exhibition Medal, 1877, and the Queensland Exhibition Medal for 1876, being the eighth year successively, for Artificial Teeth, against all competitors. Also, THE LONDON INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION MEDAL for 1874. Painless extraction by aid of NITROUS-OXIDE GAS.

NOTICE.—Dr. GEORGE ON LEE, 34, College-street, Sydney, will leave town MONDAY, September 17th; return to Sydney 22nd, and see patients as usual.

PHRENOLOGY.—Professor HAMILTON, Phrenologist, Physiologist, Physiognomist, and Psychologist. Verbal analysis, 5s.; written, 10s. Attendance 9 till 6. Remember, 13, Hunter-street.

SPECTACLES, 1s; Brazilian Pebbles made to order. Mr. Solomon, qualified optician, 689, George-street.

SPECTACLES, Eyeglasses, and Optical Goods.—KEYZOR, the only Optician, 324, George-street, over Sandon's. Sole maker of the Presbyopic Spectacle. Workmen on the premises. Optician to the Infirmary.

TO CONTRACTORS, Land Agents, &c.—All kinds of Tracings executed with every care and dispatch, by a good Draftsman. Highest references and liberal terms. Address Draftsman, L. S., Pierce, William-street.

W. GRIEVES, Pianoforte Tuner and Repairer. Mt. Vernon-street, or Reading, and Co's., George-st.

WM. EZOLD, 215, GOULBURN-STREET, Practical Pianomaker. First-class Tuner, from Dresden, in thanking the public of Sydney and his numerous friends for the liberal support he has received, continues to tune and repair Pianos, at moderate charges. References—Mr. C. Kriegsmann, Mr. W. Kellermann, and other professors of music.

TENDERS

TENDERS invited to SATURDAY, September 15, for additions to Esher, Edgecliff Road, Woollahra. Plans, &c., with the Architect, 183, Pitt-street, opposite City Bank. FERDINAND REUSS, Jun.

TENDERS invited, to Saturday, 22nd instant, for Erection of two Houses, Victoria Park, Newtown Road. Plans, &c., with the Architect, 183, Pitt-street, opposite City Bank. FERDINAND REUSS, Jun.

TO BUILDERS.—Whole or separate Tenders for stone, brick, and finishing trades are invited on 20th, for the erection of a Villa at Burwood. Plans and specifications to be seen at 130, Pitt-street, Terry's-chambers. WILLIAM BOLES, Architect.

BOROUGH OF VICTORIA.—TENDERS will be received until FRIDAY, September 21st instant, for the Lease of Lot No. 1, section 1, Blue's Point Wharf, for a term of three years, consisting of 72 feet frontage to deep water. Conditions and other particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned. By order of the Mayor. WALTER G. WILLINGTON, Council-clerk. Council-chambers, September 11, 1877.

BOROUGH OF EAST ST. LEONARDS.—TENDERS are invited for the following Works:—
Kerbing and guttering Walker-street, 50 yards
Ditto ditto New-street, 104 yards
Ditto ditto Alfred-street, 40 ditto
Ditto ditto Fitzroy-street, 30 yards
Guttering 110 yards, Campbell-street, with 14-inch flags, 4 inches deep, drilled in centre 2 inches by 1 inch deep, and bevelled edges
Forming and making 85 yards of road, from Walker-street to Lane Cove Road
Also for removing or purchase of the Toll-house on Lane Cove Road.
Tenders to be sent in or before 1st October, to the undersigned. GEO. L. COLEMAN, Council-clerk.

NEWCASTLE STEAMSHIP COMPANY (Limited).—TENDERS are invited, up to WEDNESDAY, the 19th instant, for Supplying 2 Gas-lamps, Posts, and Piping. Also, Erecting and Connecting with meter. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. For further particulars apply at the Company's office, Lime-street Wharf, Sydney. H. D. PORTUS, Manager. September 13.

TO BUILDERS.—NOTICE.—The time for receiving TENDERS for Warehouse, off Pitt-street, has been extended to 10 a.m. TUESDAY next. BENJAMIN BACKHOUSE, Architect. September 13, 1877.

TO CARPENTERS and BUILDERS.—TENDERS are invited for the Erection and Seating of a spacious Pavilion to be erected in the Outer Domain. For plans and further particulars apply to G. L. CARTER, Esq., 403 and 405, George-street, where sealed Tenders are to be delivered, on THURSDAY next, September 20th, at noon. The lowest or any Tender not necessarily accepted.

TO PLASTERERS.—TENDERS to 14th for plastering 2 houses. Perseverance Hotel, Foveaux-st., S.H.

TENDERS for FOUNDATION of 6-roomed house. Apply R. Heness, Buildings, Paddington-street.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS required for the erection of a Shop and Dwelling-house, in Harris-street, Ultimo. Plans and particulars at my Office, No. 2, Park-street, Sydney. A. THORNLEY, Jun., Architect.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS required for the erection of a Weatherboard Cottage, on the Botany Road. Plans and particulars at my Office, No. 2, Park-street, Sydney. A. THORNLEY, Jun., Architect.

BOOKS PUBLICATIONS ETC.

FREE TRADE V. PROTECTION. All interested in this important question will do well to peruse carefully THE MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES OF NEW SOUTH WALES, in this week's SYDNEY MAIL.

POPE PIUS THE NINTH. A well-executed Portrait of the above Venerable Ecclesiastic is given as an EXTRA SUPPLEMENT to this week's SYDNEY MAIL. Together with A full Biographical Notice.

THE NEWS LETTER AND BUDGET, prepared expressly for the out-going Mail. SEE THE SYDNEY MAIL.

THE ILLUSTRATED SUPPLEMENT contains
A Portrait of M. Thiers
The Votive Cathedral, Vienna
A new Improved Lamp Shade
Churning by Water-power.
Together with
A large amount of readable matter.
SEE THE SYDNEY MAIL, TO-DAY.

REDUCTION OF RAILWAY RATES for carriage of Goods—Official Notice. SEE THE SYDNEY MAIL.

ALL KINDS of BOOKS cheaper than ever. School books very cheap, new or second-hand. A call will insure the fact. SKINNER'S, 65, Market-street. Books purchased.

SANKEY'S HYMNS, latest edition. Religious Book Depot, 387, George-street.

BLACK Swan Marking INK, warranted full bottles, 1s per bottle. TURNER and HENDERSON.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY OF NEW SOUTH WALES. WOOL SCHEDULES, 1878. The above are now ready, and can be obtained on application to the Secretary. JULES JOUBERT, 227, George-street.

WRAPPING PAPER, full size, 4s 3d ream, usual price 5s 6d., at SANDON'S, 324, George-street.

LARGE-SIZE Brown WRAPPING PAPER, 8s 6d ream, usually 12s, at SANDON'S, George-street.

THE CHEAPEST HOUSE in the trade for ENVELOPES and NOTE-PAPER, and all descriptions of Stationery, in large or small parcels. C. T. SANDON, Bookseller and Stationer, 324, George-street.

NOVELTY.—The Mysterious PEN, writes with water a good indelible ink, 6d each, at SANDON'S.

RENT RECEIPT BOOKS, 7s per dozen. C. E. FULLER, 387, George-street.

BIBLES.—The largest, best, cheapest, and most extensive assortment in the city. Family Bibles from 15s. FULLER'S, 387, George-street.

RELIGIOUS Book Depot, 387, George-street, for Bibles, Prayer Books, Hymn Books, &c. Religious Tract and Book Depot, 387, George-street. Full supplies of religious books in great variety. Prices low.

MUSIC.—SACRED SONGS and SOLOS, by Sankey and Bliss; the later Songs and Solos; also, the cheap Enlarged Edition, including both series; paper covers, 1s 6d; cloth, 2s each. Reading and Co., George-st.

MUSIC PIECES, by PRIDHAM.—ABYSSINIAN WAR 1s 9d; Advance of Sir Colin Campbell, 1s 6d; Attack March, 1s 6d; Band at a Distance, 1s 6d; Battle March of Delhi, 1s 6d; The Chase, 2s; Copenhagen Waltz, 1s 3d; Bridal Bells, 1s 3d; Humming Bird's Song, 1s 6d; Just before the Battle, 1s 6d; The Ruby, 1s 6d; Put me in my Little Bed, 1s 6d; The Revival, 2s; The Sailor's Dream, 2s; Silver Threads among the Gold, 1s 6d; Soldier's Return, 2s; Stonewall Jackson's Grand March, 1s 6d. Postage, 2d each. J. READING and CO., Music Sellers, 356, George-street.

AT JAMES READING AND CO.'S, 356, George-street, Sydney.
The enlarged Songs and Solos of SANKEY, MOODY, and BLISS, as used at Dr. Somerville's meetings, 3d, with music 1s 6d, postage 1d and 3d
Wonders of the Heavens, Sun and Moon, Planetary System, The Stars, Nebulæ, and Comets 4 vols., each 1s 6d, p. 4d
TENNYSON'S POEMS for THE YOUNG, and for RECITATION, specially arranged, 1s 9d, p. 3d
Getting on in the World, by W. Mathews, LL.D., 3s, p. 3d
SPURGEON'S Sermons—Types and Emblems, 3s, p. 3d
Mrs. Stowe's We and Our Neighbours, 6s, post 1s
Introduction to BOTANIC TEACHINGS, by BARON F. VON MUELLER, of Victoria, 3s, post 6d
Memoir of the Rev. T. Guthrie, by his Sons, 10s, post 1s
FAMILY HERALD, NEW VOL. (35), 5s 6d, p. 1s 3d
MAUNDER'S Treasuries—the Bible, Biography, Botany (2 vols.), Geography, History, Knowledge, Natural History, Science and Literature, each vol. 7s, p. 1s 4d
Carroll's Alice's Adventures and Through the Looking-glass, 6s each, p. 6d; Hunting the Snark, 3s 6d, p. 4d
Pitman's PHONOGRAPHIC Publications, full supplies
WEDDING BELLS, new vol. (13), 5s 6d, p. 1s 10d
Books on Navigation, and in every class of Literature
Letts' FAMILY WASHING Book, 1s 6d, p. 4d.
A large and varied stock of Book and Sheet MUSIC.
JAMES READING and CO., Book and Music Sellers, Stationers, and Bookbinders.

THE ECHO
AN EVENING NEWSPAPER.
PRICE ONE PENNY.
LATEST TELEGRAMS.
NEWS OF THE MORNING.
SHIPPING and COMMERCIAL.
THE AMUSEMENTS FOR TO-NIGHT.
COMMENTS ON PASSING EVENTS.
NOTES OF THE DAY.
NEWS FROM THE COUNTRY.
VISITORS' LIST.
This Journal is published with the view of giving to the public the LATEST INTELLIGENCE of all kind, to be obtained UP TO 3 P.M. DAILY, but later if necessary for the publication of important news. Advertisements received up to 12.30 p.m. Copies of "THE ECHO" are to be had of all newsagents in the city, suburbs, and country towns. Publishing Office—Pitt and Hunter streets.

THE ILLUSTRATED SYDNEY NEWS and NEW SOUTH WALES AGRICULTURIST and GRAZIER, for September, ready THIS DAY, contains the completion of the Story "WHEN THE SHIP COMES HOME!" and the following, amongst other high-class Engravings,
The Drought—Telegraphic News of Rain.
The Opening of the Railway to Quirindi
The Banquet
The New Station.
The Race Horses Woodlands and Amendment.
View in George-street, Sydney.
Portrait of Miss Minnie Walton
Shooting Birds of Paradise in New Guinea.
The Lake Scenery of Gipps Land.
Tasmanian Scenery—
Lake St. Clair and Mount Ida
Oaken Cave.
The Steamship Lusitania.
Tanner's Picture of "The Birthday."
Fijian Canoe Race.
New Sussex-street Schools.
Rounding Cape Horn under Difficulties.
And
Illustrated Articles on the Garden and the Farm, specially written for this Paper.
GIBBS, SHALLARD, and CO., Printers and Publishers, 108, Pitt-street, Sydney; and all Booksellers.

AUSTRALIAN WITNESS THIS DAY contains:—Full Report of Dr. Somerville's Evangelistic Service—The Inaugural Sermon of Pan-Presbyterian Council—Dr. Vaughan and the Pope's Enemies, &c. Four extra pages. Price, 3d. All agents. JOHN LUTTON, Publisher, 316, Castlereagh-street.

FREEMAN'S JOURNAL. THIS WEEK.—"Pilgrim" amongst the Revivalists—Pen and Ink Portrait of Dr. Somerville, and his Platform Satellites—Sketch of the Address—Confirmation of the "Pilgrim's" report on the Lunatic Asylum, Parramatta—Full Report of the Opening of St. Patrick's Church, Cooma—Meeting of Catholics at Cooma—Important Mail News.

THE IMMIGRANTS. MARRIED PEOPLE and SINGLE MEN per ship Star of the West, from New York, are for HIRE from on board ship THIS and following DAYS. GEORGE F. WISE, Agent for Immigration. Sydney, September 13, 1877.

SCHWEPPE'S MINERAL WATERS have been renowned for their excellence and purity for nearly a century, and almost universally recommended by the leading medical men of the day—have always had the patronage of Royalty, and continue to be supplied to her Majesty the QUEEN. At Hotels, Cafés, &c., ask for SCHWEPPE'S, and see that the name is on the label over the cork.

WHEELER'S PANS wanted.—Wanted to purchase a Set of Wheeler's PANS and SEPARATOR, complete. Particulars, with price, to John Masters, Gordon House, Castlereagh-street, Sydney.

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1436493

AMUSEMENTS.

QUEEN'S THEATRE.

Lessee and Manager.....Mr. L. M. Boyless.
Stage Manager.....Mr. Lachlan McGowan.

HOUSES CROWDED TO EXCESS.

OVERWHELMING SUCCESS
of the
GRAND DOUBLE COMBINATION.

Mr. DAMPIER
and his
CHARMING CHILDREN,
LILY AND ROSE,
and Messrs.
SAKER and HARROW

FAREWELL PERFORMANCES.
of
the EMINENT POPULAR ARTIST
and
SHAKESPERIAN DELINEATOR
(previous to his departure for America, by the next San Francisco Mail Steamer).
Mr. DAMPIER.
Mr. DAMPIER
Mr. DAMPIER
AND HIS
WONDERFULLY TALENTED CHILDREN,
LILY AND ROSE
LILY AND ROSE
LILY AND ROSE
who will present their charming and successful dramatisation (which recently created such a furore in Melbourne and Adelaide) of the world-famous work,
HELEN'S BABIES
HELEN'S BABIES
HELEN'S BABIES
☞ The PIANO used in the piece from Nicholson and Ascherberg's, George-street.

TO-NIGHT, TO-NIGHT, TO-NIGHT,
TO-NIGHT
TO-NIGHT
the brilliantly-successful dramatisation of the world-famous novelette,
HELEN'S BABIES,
which has been specially adapted for the
DAMPIER CHILDREN by GARNET WALCH, Esq.

HARRY BURTON, the Uncle ..... Mr. DAMPIER
BUDGE } ..... LILY and ROSE DAMPIER
TODDIE }

To be followed by
Messrs. BAKER and FARRON,
in their Great Sensational Drama,
LISA ECCLES.
In which they will introduce the following unique
SONGS and DANCES, &c.
Dutch Song—"You know, what I know".....P. F. Baker
Irish Song—"Since Terence first joined the Gang"
T. J. Farron
Duet—"Happy old Daitcher Pair" ....Baker and Farron
Song—"The Sydney Daitcher Belle" .....T. J. Farron
Duet and Dance—"Little Frauds" ....Baker and Farron
(Original with and sung by them overfifteen hundred times.)
Double Song and Dance—"Doo, Doo"..Baker and Farron
March, Song, Drill, and Parade of
THE GALLANT MINIATURE VOLUNTEERS.
P. F. Baker and Lilliputian Army
(drilled in twenty-four hours by Mr. Baker).
Operatic Medley—adapted and arranged by Mr. P. F. Baker
BAKER and FARRON.

Notwithstanding the enormous expense attending the above, there will be
NO ADVANCE IN PRICES.
Dress circle, 3s: stalls, 2s: pit, 1s.
Private Boxes, accommodating five, one guinea.
Reserved Seats can be secured at Messrs. NICHOLSON and ASCHERBERG'S Music Warehouse.
A Stall and Pit ticket can be had at E. COLE'S, Stationer, corner of George and King streets.
SPECIAL NOTICE.—Doors open at quarter-past 7 o'clock, curtain rises at 8 promptly.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

Stage Manager.....Mr. B. N. Jones.

Engagement of
Miss MINNIE WALTON
and
Mr. SOTHERN.

LAST NIGHT	LAST NIGHT
Last Night	Last Night
Last Night	Last Night
Last Night	Last Night
Last Night	Last Night

of
DANICHEFF
Danicheff
Danicheff
Danicheff.

THIS (Friday) EVENING, 14th September,
The Great Russian Play,
by Prince Kourakichif (Pierre Corvin) and Alexandre Dumas, jun. English version by Mr. Fred. Lyster.

ANNA ..... Miss MINNIE WALTON
Countess Danicheff ..... Miss Georgia Hodson
COUNT VLADIMIR DANICHEFF..Mr. SOTHERN
Vicompte Roger di Taldi ..... Mr. Fred. Lyster.
Supported by the full Dramatic Company.

TO-MORROW, Saturday,
the Great St. James's Theatre, London, Play,
THREE MILLIONS OF MONEY.
Box Office at Elvy and Co.'s.
Carriages for 10.45 p.m.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

GRAND PERFORMANCE
in aid of the
DISCHARGED PRISONERS' AID SOCIETY,
kindly tendered by
Miss Minnie Walton, L. Sothern, Esq., F. Lyster, Esq.

Under the Patronage of his Excellency
Sir HERCULES ROBINSON, G.C.M.G.,
and
the Hon. Lady ROBINSON,
who have signified their intention of being present.

On MONDAY EVENING, September 17, 1877.

Tickets to be had at Thomas R. Yeo's, stationer, 227, Pitt-street: Edward Cole's, stationer, corner of George and King streets: W. H. Paling's Pianoforte and Music Repository, 366, George-street: and Elvy and Co.'s Pianoforte Warehouse, George-street.

SYDNEY AMATEUR TURF CLUB RACES.
RANDWICK, SATURDAY, 15th SEPTEMBER.

PATRON—His Excellency Sir Hercules Robinson, G.C.M.G.
PRESIDENT—Honorable E. K. Cox.

FIRST RACE WILL START AT 1.15 P.M.

PROGRAMME.

HURDLE RACE of 50 sovereigns, 11 horses
MAIDEN STAKES of 50 sovereigns, 16 horses
AMATEUR CUP (Steeplechase) of 50 sovereigns, 7 ditto
TURF CLUB HANDICAP of 100 sovereigns, 24 ditto
STEEPLECHASE of 80 sovereigns, 12 ditto
LADIES' MILE (Cup or Specie) 20 sovereigns, 6 ditto.

ROBERT R. DAWBARN,
Secretary S. A. T. C.

SYDNEY AMATEUR TURF CLUB RACES.
RANDWICK, SATURDAY, 15th SEPTEMBER.

TRAINERS', JOCKEYS', and SERVANTS' TICKETS must be obtained from the Secretary, corner Hunter and O'Connell streets, on FRIDAY next.
ROBT. R. DAWBARN,
Secretary S. A. T. C.

SYDNEY AMATEUR TURF CLUB RACES.
SATURDAY 15th September.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Tickets to Grand Stand and Saddling Paddock can be purchased from the Secretary, at Mr. G. F. Want's office, corner Hunter and O'Connell streets.
ROBERT R. DAWBARN,
Secretary S. A. T. C.

RANDWICK RACES. RANDWICK RACES.

The public are requested to bring the correct change, as NO CHANGE will be given at the gates.

RANDWICK, RANDWICK,
SYDNEY AMATEUR TURF CLUB RACES,
SATURDAY, September 15.
LUNCHEON will be provided under Grand Stand.
Parties requiring private tables, kindly leave their orders with
JOHN F. CRIPPS, 255, Pitt-street,
and they will be promptly attended.

A GRAND BAZAAR,
in aid of the
CONVENT OF IMMACULATE CONCEPTION,
BALMAIN,
will be opened in the
New GUILD HALL, Castlereagh-street, on
MONDAY, 19th November.
Donations of fancy goods or money will be thankfully received by Mother DE SALIS, at the Convent.
JOHN FORREST, D.D.

GOOD TEMPLARS' GRAND LODGE CONCERT. Rehearsal, Temperance Hall, 4 p.m., SATURDAY.

THEATRE ROYAL.

ATTRACTION EXTRAORDINARY,
and
GREATEST COMBINATION IN SYDNEY.

POSITIVELY LAST NIGHT.
Last Night
of
the world-renowned
DAVENPORT,
and
Professor W. M. FAY,
assisted by
PROFESSOR MITCHEL,
the
Fire King.

Dr. SILVESTER,
(The Fakir of Oolu),
has kindly consented to introduce his
BEAUTIFUL ENTRANCED LADY,
(Miss DAISY SYLVESTER)
LEO,
the Educated Lion,
and the
ORIGINAL FLYING BIRD-CAGE TRICK,
will also be introduced by
Dr. SYLVESTER.

MADAME SYLVESTER,
the
Favourite Prima Donna,
will appear and sing some of her charming ballads.

DON'T LOSE THIS LAST OPPORTUNITY
to witness the
WONDERFUL CABINET,
and
DARK SEANCES.

Prices of Admission:
Dress circle, 5s; stalls, 3s; pit and family circle, 1s.
Tickets to all parts of the house can be obtained at Nicholson and Ascherberg's music warehouse, George street.

THEATRE ROYAL.

Sole Lessee and Director.....Mr. S. Lazar.
Treasurer .....Mr. James Booty.

EXTRAORDINARY EVENT.

Mr. Samuel Lazar has the honour to announce to the public of Sydney and its vicinity that he has made arrangements with Mr. C. A. Chizzola for the
FIRST APPEARANCE IN SYDNEY of
Miss EMILY SOLDENE,
The Queen of English Comic Opera,
and her renowned
ENGLISH COMIC OPERA COMPANY,
including the following eminent Artists, from the
PRINCIPAL LONDON THEATRES.

Miss EMILY SOLDENE	
Miss ROSE STELLA	
Miss CLARA VESEY	
Miss CISSY DURANT	
Miss Le Fevre	Miss Slater
Miss Daniel	Miss Barber
Miss Ferrara	Miss St. George
Miss Brooke	Miss Moxon
Miss Nixon	Miss Morell

Mr. C. J. CAMPBELL
Mr. EDWARD MARSHALL
Mr. JOHN WALLACE
Mr. EDWARD FARLEY
Mr. J. H. JARVIES

Mr. E. Alberton	Mr. T. Quine
Mr. T. Grundy	Mr. W. Quinton
Mr. R. Mason	Mr. P. Lawson
Mr. H. Marlot	Mr. W. Coaklyn.

GRAND CHORUS AND ORCHESTRA,
under the direction of
Mr. CHARLES VAN GHELE.
Mr. John Wallace .....Stage Manager
Mr. and Mrs. Quinton .....Costumiers.

OPENING NIGHT,
SATURDAY, September 15, 1877,
when will be presented, for the first time in Sydney, Offenbach's latest opera,
MADAME L'ARCHIDUC,
in which Miss EMILY SOLDENE will sustain her original character.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.
Dress circle, 5s; stalls, 3s; family circle, 2s; pit, 1s.

The BOX PLAN opens daily from 11 till 4 at NICHOLSON and ASCHERBERG'S, where dress circle seats may be secured, and tickets obtained for all parts of the house
NO FREE LIST, PRESS EXCEPTED.
SAMUEL LAZAR.

TO THE PATRONS OF THE DRAMA
and
THE SYDNEY PUBLIC.
The complete and undivided control of
THE THEATRE ROYAL
has passed into the hands of
Mr. SAMUEL LAZAR,
who is now
THE SOLE LESSEE,
and who will for the future
CONDUCT THE MANAGEMENT
entirely upon his own individual responsibility.
Sydney, 12th September, 1877.

SCHOOL OF ARTS.

Sole Lessee .....Mr. S. Lazar.
Treasurer .....Mr. J. Booty.

TO-NIGHT, TO-NIGHT.
GRAND COMPLIMENTARY BENEFIT
to Mr. J. MOORE, Agent for Mr. S. Lazar.
The greatest attraction ever presented to a Sydney audience. Look at the array of talent:—

The Great Laroche	Johnny Cowan
Brown and Newland	Signor Steffani
Folloy and O'Neil	Frank Lloyd
Madame Laroche	La Feuillade
Miss Willie Walton	Master E. M'Lean

and first appearance of Dr. Lynn.
PROGRAMME.—PART I.
Selection .....Band
Song—"Bid me discourse" .....Madame Laroche
Pedestal Dance .....Folloy and O'Neil
Musical Entertainment .....The Great Laroche
Violin Solo.....La Feuillade
Song—"Bells of the Sea".....Miss W. Walton
Laughable Nigger Sketch ... The original Johnny Cowan assisted by Frank Lloyd.
PART II.
Wonderful Illusions .....Dr. Lynn
Song—"The Diver" (first time in Sydney)..Signor Steffani
Song—"Tim Flaherty" .....Master E. M'Lean
The entertainment to conclude with Specialties by the mirth-provoking Ethiopians ... Brown and Newland.
Million prices—3s, 2s, 1s. Doors open at half-past 7.
J. MOORE.

SCHOOL OF ARTS.—JOHNNY COWAN, JOHNNY COWAN, TO-NIGHT, at J. Moore's Benefit. Miss MAGGIE INNIS'S CLOG DANCE (aged 7 years). Come early.

FLOWER SHOW AT WOOLLAHRA.—The Eastern Suburbs Horticultural Society will hold their
SPRING SHOW
in the large Schoolroom, Point Piper Road and Moncur street, on
THURSDAY and FRIDAY, 20th and 21st September.
Open from 2 to 10 p.m. each day.
The BAND
of the Volunteer Artillery give their services, and will perform favourite selections each evening.
Admission 2s Thursday afternoon,
1s afterwards.
GEORGE WICKHAM, Hon. Secretary.

ULTIMO CAMBRIDGE CRICKET CLUB.—A Grand Fashionable PERFORMANCE will be given in the Temperance Hall, Newtown, TO-NIGHT, at 8 o'clock, by the Milton Amateur Dramatic Society, in aid of the above Club. Cricketers, one and all, come. Mr. FRED. LESTON, the favourite comic singer, has kindly consented to sing. Reserved seats, 2s; body of hall, 1s.
SAM. DUNCAN, Hon. Sec.

THE PIANO QUARTETTE This Afternoon, between 3 and 4 o'clock, at the Royal Furnishing Arcade.

OPEN THIS DAY, the GREAT EXHIBITION—The Royal Furnishing Arcade. Admission free.

WILLOW C. C. v. VICTORIA C. C.—Waterloo United Ground.—The following members meet at 2 sharp:—Messrs. Duncan, Watkins, Hall, Langley W. (2), Wilson (2), Pert, Carter, Millard, A. Baker; 12th, F. Langley; 13th, Quinton. W. B. LANGLEY, Hon. Sec.

NATIONAL C. C. v. HYPERION C. C.—The following players are requested to meet on SATURDAY, at 2 o'clock sharp, on National Ground:—Carroll, Martin, Chippendales (2), H. Evers, Horan, Shearer, Dutton, Gould, T. Richardson, T. Ayres; Spence, 12th; Roach, 13th.

VICTORIA C. C. v. WILLOW C. C., at Waterloo.—Messrs. Ayres, Brewster, Dennis, Fisher, Luland (2), Naylor, Palmer, Purcell, Rigg, and Steel meet King and George streets, 1.30 sharp. J. RIGG, Hon. Sec.

UNDAUNTED C. C.—Annual PICNIC to Chowder Bay, on SATURDAY, September 15. Steamers NELLIE and DAISY will leave Circular Quay, at 2 and 2.30 p.m. sharp.
Young Australian Band engaged.
GEORGE PUTLAND, Hon. Secretary.

GLEBE ARGYLE v. Ultimo Corydon.—Meet at Victoria Park, SATURDAY, 2.30 p.m.: Jones, G. Woodham, M'Guinness, Hanns, Dale, Collins, Barnes, Slater, Hall, Anderson, Darlington, Davis, Ellis.

FOR PICNICS, FETES, &c.—FLAGS and Devices for Hire, on reasonable terms. A. TORNING, 284, O'Connell-street.

ASSEMBLY ROOMS, William-street. — Quadrille Party on MONDAY NIGHT.

TO CRICKETERS.—Two made GROUNDS to LET, Camperdown paddock. J. Walker, Gross-st., Cmpdwn.

BOROUGH COUNCIL NOTICES.

ABSTRACT of the REVENUE and EXPENDITURE of the BOROUGH of MARRICKVILLE during the municipal half-year ended 6th August, 1877.

REVENUE.

1877.		
To Balance of credit of municipality in Bank of Australasia	£96 8 4	
Amount of Government endowment to 31st October, 1876	22 6 3	
Contribution from Messrs. Street and Thomas towards improvement of new Cook's River Road, Cook's River Ward	5 15 0	
Amount received by sale of a debenture redeemable in 8 years	150 1 0	
Amount of fines received from Central Police Office	6 18 9	
Amount of arrears of rates for the year 1870, 6s; 1871, 5s; 1872, 6s 6d; 1873, £1 4s 6d; 1874, £1 14s 6d; 1875, £3 8s 6d; 1876, £12 7s 6d.. ..	£19 12 6	
Amount of rates received for the half-year ending 6th August, 1877	562 17 6	
		£862 10 0
		£863 19 4

EXPENDITURE.

By Amount expended on streets in Stanmore Ward, viz.:—Addison Road, £67 6s 6d; Albert-street, £2 19s; Alma-lane, £6 3s; Audley-street, £18 18s 10d; Chesterplace, £7 16s 10d; Cowper-street, £1 16s 6d; Emily-street, 8s; Enmore Road, £4 15s 4d; Fotheringham-street, 16s 6d; Harrington-street, 12s; New Cook's River Road; £2 17s; Oxford-street, £15 11s 6d; Sebastopol-street, £1 6s; St. James's-street, £1 10s 8d; Stanmore and New Canterbury Roads, £9 18s; Tupper-street, 3s; Victoria Road, £1 4s; Victoria-street, £1 7s	£144 19 8
By amount expended on streets in Middle Ward, viz.:—Addison Road, £29 1s 9d; Chapel-street, £1 14s; Cook Road, £1 3s; Cook's River (new) Road, £14 14s 8d; Enmore Road, 13s 8d; Illawarra Road, £3 18s 6d; Meek's Road, £2 14s; Marrickville Road, £1 1s 6d; New Canterbury Road, £8 13s; Sydenham Road, £11 10s 6d; Victoria Road, east and west, £13 12s 6d; two bridges on same road, £24 15s; Victoria Road—Edgeware to Enmore, £3 3s; same road, Enmore to Sydenham, £11 16s; Unwin's Road, £7 17s 4d	154 8 5
By amount expended on streets in Cook's River Ward, viz.:—Cook's River (new) Road, £1 47s 6d; Illawarra Road, £12 12s 8d; Marrickville Road, east and west, £6 9s 1d; Meek's Road, £20 7s 6d; Petersham Road, £8 0s 3d; Terrace Road, £19 12s 6d; Unwin's Bridge Road, £56 12s 4d; Wardell's Road, £13 8s; Warren Road, £7 2s	152 5 10
By Debenture due on 9th April, 1877 ..	150 0 0
By interest on debentures	21 18 0
By amount on contingencies	127 15 4
By unpresented cheque	6 19 6
By balance at credit of municipality at Bank of Australasia	125 12 7
	£863 19 4

I certify the above accounts to be correct, and to correspond with the books of account and vouchers or other documents in the possession or power of the Borough of Marrickville.
ROBERT PROEFFER, Mayor of Marrickville.

We certify that all the books of account, vouchers, or documents in support thereof in the possession or power of the Municipal Council of Marrickville, have been exhibited to us that the foregoing statement corresponds with such books of account and vouchers or other documents, and that the above account is correct.
R. G. BREILLAT,
JOHN J. CALVERT, } Auditors.
Municipal Council Chambers, Marrickville, 12th September, 1877.
L. J. PARK, Council-clerk and Treasurer.

DRAPERY, HABERDASHERY, &C.

W. CRAWFORD and CO.,
57, CARTER-LANE,
St. Paul's, London, E.C.,
beg to state that they are open for any Commercial transactions, as to Consignments, for granting Drafts, and presenting Commercial Bills for acceptance and payment, for buying English goods at a very small commission, and forwarding goods to any place in England or the Continent.
We beg to draw your attention to a very important English invention we have on hand, viz., WOOLLEN BLANKETS or COVERINGS, of large sizes, COMBINED WITH AN AIR PILLOW. It will be found most necessary and useful for military men, travellers, invalids, for use in hospitals, &c., &c., possessing amongst others the following advantages:—
It is the finest substitute for a bed.
The pillow can be raised or lowered at any time with the greatest ease.
It will pack up in a very small compass, and can be carried about without any inconvenience.
Price from 15s to 35s each.
When ordering the above article, please remit the amount of your order to
W. CRAWFORD and CO.

GENTLEMEN'S FIRST-CLASS MERCERY FOR THE SEASON.

Just landed, and ready for inspection.

The SPRING SCARF,
in light colours
The OXFORD and CAMBRIDGE WASHING SCARF
The OPTIMUS
The FOUR-IN-HAND } SCARF.
The PIONEER
The DANE
The POLO
The WINDSOR Folding Scarf, in Twilled Silk, Satin, and Grenadine
The EGLINTON Washing Tie
The BATISTE TIE
The CHAMPION BOW
The PARK BOW
The CLUB HOUSE TIE,
in Silk and Grenadine
The RAJAH, in
Silk and Grenadine.

DRESS TIES and BOWS.

SHIRTS—MILITARY and PLEATED FRONTS
SHIRTS—Oxford, China, Regatta, Zephyr, and India gauze.

SHIRTS—Silk, Sean Silk, and Silk and Wool.
SHIRTS—Cricketing and Boating.

Black Silk HATS
DRAB SHELL, ventilated
BLACK SHELL
The SOLAR HELMET, in double straw
The YACHTING straw hat
The Newest Shapes in Soft and Hard FELT HATS.

The PATROL Tweed CAP.

DAVID JONES and COMPANY.

SPRING and SUMMER CLOTHING.

GENTLEMEN'S, BOYS' and YOUTHS'.

DAVID JONES and COMPANY have great pleasure in calling attention to their NEW STOCK of superior READY-MADE Garments for the present and coming seasons.
These GOODS are cut on SCIENTIFIC principles, the workmanship can be guaranteed, and the value is unmistakable.
Among other lines we beg to enumerate
DUST COATS.
The new "Ulster," in brown linen and drill; the "Canadian," in brown lawn, with dust tabs; China Silk, double-stitched seams; Silk Lustre, choice colours; All-wool Tweeds and Sergerettes, &c.

GALATEAS.
China Silk (from 12s 6d), Black and Coloured Alpacas, White and Brown Linen, White and Russian Duck, Black and Blue Sergerettes, Regulation Serge and Fancy Tweeds

SINGLE-BREASTED CARLTONS, in China Silk, Alpaca, &c.

FROCK AND PAGET COATS, in Alpaca, Sergerettes, &c.

COMPLETE SUITS, in Regulation Serge, and Fancy Tweeds
SUMMER TROUSERS, in White Russian Duck, very superior; and White, Brown, and Fancy Drills

SUMMER VESTS (S. and D.B.), in White, Fancy, and Self-Coloured Marcella, Duck and Drills

CLERICAL FROCK COATS and VESTS, in Alpaca, Merino, &c.

BOYS' AND YOUTHS' SUITS.—A splendid variety fashionable shapes, and good in quality

BOYS' AND YOUTHS' GALATEAS, in China Silk, Black and Coloured Alpaca, White and Brown Linen, Fancy Tweeds, &c.

DAVID JONES and COMPANY, George-street.

SPRING AND SUMMER, 1877.

NEW COSTUMES,
MANTLES
Fichus,
MILLINERY,
Fancy Dress Materials
Silk Lustres
Fancy Silks
Black Silks
French Muslins
Cambrics
Galatea Stripes
MOSQUITO NETS, 70, 80, 90, 100, and 108 inch
Lace Curtain
Table Linen
Sheetings and Blankets
Lace Goods
Hosiery
GLOVES
Parasols.

N.B.—An inspection respectfully solicited.
M. J. MURPHY, Pitt-street.

SPRING, SPRING, BEAUTIFUL SPRING.

Spring having fully set in,
LADIES REQUIRING A PRETTY SPRING DRESS
should inspect the LARGE and VARIED STOCK at
JOHN L. HORDERN'S
New Establishment,
259, Pitt-street.

New Prints, in quite new patterns and colours
New French Muslins, plain and figured
Clear Organdie Muslins, in all the new tints
New French Cambrics, beautiful goods
All the new colours in Lustres, plain and figured.

Carriage Parasols and Umbrellas, just opened.

Gentlemen's Paragon and Nagasaki Umbrellas, 10, 12, and 16 ribs
Gentlemen's large size Linen Handkerchiefs, 3s 6d the half-dozen.

SHEETINGS, LINENS, and FAMILY LONG-CLOTHS.

A FRESH SHIPMENT of GENUINE ROUILLON'S JOSEPHINE KID GLOVES, in every size
These well-known Gloves, usually sold at 4s 6d, will be cleared out at 2s 11d per pair
The new GAUZE CHENILLE TRIMMINGS, and PRINCESS BRAID, in all the fashionable tints
New Millinery, Costumes, Stays, Underclothing, &c.
JOHN L. HORDERN,
259, Pitt-street.

HORDERN'S in Pitt-street, the Incomparable Shop FOR DRESSES.

W. C. BENWICK,
86, King-street.

NEW SCROLL LUSTRES, from 12½d
LINEN GINGHAMS, 3½d, 4½d
NEW SPRING PRINTS, 4½d, 6½d
PLAIN ATHOL LUSTRES, 12½d
SILK WARP ALBERINOS, 18½d
SPRING DRESS MATERIALS, 10½d
SERVICEABLE DRESS MATERIALS, 6½d
PLAIN ORGANDIE MUSLINS, new shades
PLAIN CAMBRICS, fast colours, new shades
HOUSEHOLD DRAPERY at very LOW PRICES
Stays, 2s 11d; Josephine Kid Gloves, 2s 11d
Black Kid Gloves, 1s 11d; Rouillon Josephine, 3s 6d
New Millinery, Bonnets, new Hats
FEATHERS, FLOWERS
LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING.

BOOTS AND SHOES. BOOTS AND SHOES.—We are now landing a very superior shipment.
CALLAGHAN and SON,
397, George-street.

OILSKIN CLOTHING—the best and cheapest. Goldstein's Oilskin Factory, 217, Lower George-st.

FURNITURE ETC.

WANZER SEWING-MACHINES.

"The sewing-machine of the present day is not the sewing-machine of some years back. The Wanzer Sewing-machine Company were amongst the first to produce what may be literally termed a practical sewing-machine, and have been the most successful in attaining these results. These unequalled machines are now to be found in every part of the world."—NAVAL AND MILITARY GAZETTE, London.

"We are very pleased to find that the National Education Committee have decided upon introducing sewing-machines into every National School in Ireland. We understand that the committee have selected the Wanzer Lockstitch Machine as being the most simple and effective. This is a great compliment to the Wanzer Sewing-machine Company."—MECHANICS' MAGAZINE, London.

"During the Fine Arts Exhibition at York, the Prince of Wales attentatively watched a blind girl working a sewing-machine with the utmost ease and dexterity, and ascertaining that the machine was one of the Wanzer manufacture, the Prince subsequently commanded that two of their celebrated family sewing-machines should be sent to Marlborough House, and one to Sandringham Hall, in Norfolk." COURT CIRCULAR, London.

Used in the households of the British Royal Family, the Sultan of Turkey, the ex-Empress of France, the Emperor of Russia, and other Royal Families.
☞ Used in 7000 British National Schools

The new Wanzer "A" ..	(for hand ..) ..	£4 10 0
	(with stand ..) ..	6 15 0
(With new patent motion and straight shuttle carriage, the new Wanzer A is the great success of 1876.)		
The new Wanzer "F"	..	8 8 0

(With loose winter reversible action, superior to any machine for families and dressmakers.)
Come and see them.
☞ Injured machines, of any make, repaired: charges moderate. No charge for instruction.
GIBBS, SHALLARD, and CO., 108, Pitt-street, Printers and Account-bookmakers.

IMPROVED "HOME SHUTTLE" LOCKSTITCH SEWING-MACHINES.
REDUCED PRICE LIST.
No. 1. For Hand Use, complete, £4.
No. 2. For Treadle Use, with table, complete, £6.
No. 3. Ditto with cover and lock and key complete, £7.
☞ There are worthless German and Birmingham imitations in the market. Every genuine American "Home Shuttle" Machine is stamped "M. Moss and Co., Sole Agent, Sydney."
We have appointed Mr. C. E. FULLER, Stationers' Hall, 387, George-street, opposite Royal Hotel, sole Retail Agent, where the Machines are procurable on a liberal time-payment system. Open 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. daily.
Sole Wholesale Agents,
M. MOSS and CO.,
Wynyard-lane, Sydney.

EVERY DAY NEW GOODS, MANIFOLD and DESIRABLE, are added to the unequalled EXHIBITION at the
ROYAL FURNISHING ARCADE.
SEVRES and DRESDEN Vases, rare, curious.
JARDINIERES—suites of 3, in uncommon variety
Choice China Dessert Service, painted by artists
Albert-iron Lustres and Candelabras
GRAND PERSIAN VASES
Blue and Gold old China Jardinières
Card Receivers, Flower Pots
Birthday, Wedding and other Presents, in wonderful variety.

THE TRUE AND LEGITIMATE SYSTEM OF BUSINESS is strictly carried out at the
ROYAL FURNISHING ARCADE,
viz., PLAIN FIGURE PRICES—NO ABATEMENT.
PROMPT NET CASH PAYMENTS.
For the net cash sum of FIFTEEN POUNDS you can furnish a cottage of two rooms and kitchen, as undermentioned:—

Parlour	£4 1 6
Bedroom	7 11 0
Kitchen	3 7 6
Total cost	£15 0 0

For the net cash sum of TWENTY-FIVE POUNDS, you can furnish a cottage of three rooms and kitchen.
For the net cash sum of THIRTY-FIVE POUNDS, you can furnish a Cottage of three rooms and kitchen.
FIFTY POUNDS prompt net cash will furnish a comfortable little House of four rooms and kitchen.
£70 net cash will furnish a 5-roomed House.
With £100, net cash, you can furnish a 6-roomed House.
You can buy good Furniture for a 7-roomed House with £150 net cash.
£200, AT THE ROYAL FURNISHING ARCADE, will furnish a 7-roomed House, net cash. See quoted list hereunder:—

Drawing-room	£35 16 6
Dining-room	43 10 6
No. 1 bedroom	27 4 6
No. 2 bedroom	12 8 0
No. 3 bedroom	7 4 0
Servant's room	3 18 6
Kitchen	19 18 6
Total cost	£200 0 0

N.B.—The History of the Royal Furnishing Arcade and Economical House Furnishing Guide gives detailed information, specifying every article with its price comprised in the above House Lists. This useful little book may be had gratis at the Royal Furnishing Arcade.
W. B. CAMPBELL.

ROYAL FURNISHING ARCADE,
next to the Royal Hotel, George-street, Sydney.

AMERICAN painted TUBS, in nests of eight, 15s.
S. HEBBLEWHITE, 432, George-street.

IRON BEDSTEADS, of every description, at reduced prices. Australian Iron Bedstead Works, 571, Kent-st.

SINGER AND CO.'S REDUCED PRICES.
FURTHER REDUCTION IN PRICES.
Immense reduction. Cash price, £7 10s.
Further reduction in deposits.
CASH DEPOSIT, 5s AND 2s PER WEEK.
Singer's Machines, working by hand or treadle, at from 5s DEPOSIT AND 2s PER WEEK.
The original and only complete and easy system of time-payment to meet all parties, and terms most liberal.
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LAW.

SUPREME COURT.—Wednesday, September 12.
In Banco.—Third Term.
Before their Honors the Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Hargrave, and Sir William Manning.

EDDY v. THE BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

This was an action in effect for damages for dishonouring a cheque. The defence was, no funds. The trial was heard before his Honor Mr. Acting Judge Stephen and a jury of four at the Grafton Circuit Court last April: a verdict was returned for the plaintiff on the first count with £20 damages. The evidence showed that the plaintiff was a mining manager at Dalmorton, some distance from Grafton, where at the Bank of New South Wales he had a current account. To a storekeeper at Grafton the plaintiff sent a cheque for £4, and by the same post a remittance of £70 by two cheques, acknowledged to be good, was sent to the Bank of New South Wales. Without that sum being placed to his credit his account was in credit £2 some odd shillings. The bank had a private box at the post-office, and their letters were not delivered by the letter-carrier. The letter containing the £4 cheque was duly delivered, and the cheque was paid into the storekeeper's account at the Commercial Bank some few minutes afterwards; almost at once the cheque was presented to the Bank of New South Wales, and was dishonoured, as the bank had not received the letter containing the remittance. That letter was received out of the bank's box at the post-office the same afternoon at a later hour, and notice was at once sent to the Commercial Bank that the £4 cheque was good "for to-morrow." Before that, however, the notice of dishonour had been sent to the maker. The declaration contained other special counts, and other issues were raised, all of which had been found for the defendant.

Mr. Butler, Q.C., and Mr. Barton appeared to make absolute a rule nisi for a new trial granted last June, on the ground (1) that the verdict was against evidence, and (2) misdirection. Mr. Darley and Mr. Heydon showed cause.

The grounds of the rule nisi on this motion were as follows:—1. That the verdict was against evidence. 2. That his Honor erroneously directed the jury that, if the defendants had at all interfered with the course of post, the jury ought to consider the defendants in the same position as if the remittance which would have covered a cheque dishonoured had arrived in due course of post. 3. That his Honor erroneously directed the jury that if they found that the defendants had interfered with the course of post, and that by reason of such interference a remittance sufficient to cover the amount of a certain cheque had not come to their hands, which otherwise would have done so in due course before the presentment of the said cheque, the defendants must be held to have received such remittance in due course of post, and before such presentment, and directed the jury also that (if they found as aforesaid) the sole question remaining for their consideration was whether or not there had elapsed between such constructive receipt of the remittance and the presentment of the said cheque a reasonable time to enable the defendants to honour the said cheque.

The Court unanimously made the rule absolute, and granted a new trial on the first issue only.

The Chief Justice said: The plaintiff sued the defendants for dishonouring a cheque; they pleaded "no funds." That issue the jury found for the plaintiff. The declaration contained other counts, which were pleaded to; all the other issues were found for the defendants. The defendants had a branch at Grafton, and the plaintiff was resident at Dalmorton, in the neighbourhood, and had a current account at the bank at Grafton. The plaintiff drew a cheque for £4, and sent it by letter to a storekeeper in Grafton. By the same post he sent to the bank good cheques to the amount of £70, to be placed to his credit, which, till that was done, stood at £2 and a few shillings, a sum inadequate to meet the £4 cheque. As the storekeeper (Muirhead) was on his way to his bank (the Commercial) at about 2.30, he met the postman and received the letter containing the cheque for £4, which, in a few minutes, he deposited to his credit. Very shortly afterwards (before 3 o'clock) the Commercial Bank, in the course of business, sent the cheque to the Bank of New South Wales (defendants) for collection. As the plaintiff's account was not in sufficient credit, payment was refused, and the cheque returned dishonoured. It appeared that the practice of the defendants had been not to have their letters delivered by the postman or letter carrier, but to have them placed by the postmaster in a box at the post-office from which they were, on the arrival of each mail, removed by a bank official. Other banks in that town followed a similar course of practice. Directly after the cheque had been dishonoured the letter covering the remittance of £70 was opened at the bank, and a message sent to the Commercial Bank that the cheque was good for "to-morrow." It was contended that if the defendants had not interfered with the course of post by having their letters kept at the post-office till called for, the letter covering the remittance would have come to the defendants' hands before the presentation of the £4-cheque, and that it would have been honoured. There was evidence, however, that even without the action of the defendants the remittance might not have been delivered in time to prevent the dishonour. The second count in the declaration averred an agreement between the parties to treat "John Frazer's cheques as cash." On that agreement issue was taken, and as all the issues except the first were found by the jury in favour of the defendants, the jury necessarily found that there was no such agreement. What followed then? The law was quite plain. A banker was not only bound to return the money entrusted to him by a customer, but he was also bound within a reasonable time after receiving money sufficient to cash cheques presented. That law was well established by the case of *Marzetti v. Williams* (1 Barn. and Ad.). The latitude as to reasonable time allowed in that case was one which would hardly be allowed in the present age. That, however, was hardly the question. When a payment to the credit was made, or a remittance was sent by post before having to honour a cheque drawn against such payment or remittance, the bank should have reasonable time to ascertain the fact. In his Honor's opinion, by "reasonable time" was meant merely time enough to examine the ledger or the other proper record of moneys received; a few minutes might suffice. Assuming, then, that the delivery of that letter, covering the remittance by cheque, to the bank's private box at the post office was a delivery to the bank, was it a delivery of money? Clearly no. The letter contained cheques, and the agreement, set up by the plaintiff, to treat them as money, was expressly negatived by the jury. His Honor was disposed to think that the placing of the letters in a private box of the defendants at the post office in pursuance of their instructions would amount to a delivery to the defendants. That question, however, was beside the present case. For the reasons given, the rule should be made absolute for a new trial on the first count only.

Mr. Justice Hargrave was also of opinion that the verdict would have to be set aside, and a new trial granted. It must be taken that the verdict for the defendants was, on both issues, raised on the second count; that no such agreement existed, and that there had been no breach. Such a verdict his Honor regarded as against evidence, but that was of no moment, as the plaintiff had not taken out a nisi rule. It was clear law that bankers must be in funds before they were bound to meet cheques. The money must be in the banks' control, either in their own coffers, or in their private box at the post-office; in the latter case, it would be in their constructive possession. If any point arose in regard to the practice of the banks *inter se* as to exchanges, his Honor was of opinion it would have to be decided in favour of the customer, as it was a practice, a mere matter of management, with which he would have nothing to do. Upon the pleadings, as they stood, his Honor was afraid that the verdict should be set aside. He the more regretted it, as the merits of the case appeared to be with the plaintiff.

Sir William Manning was also of opinion that the verdict should be set aside. His Honor felt considerable doubt as to the effect of the plea of *non assumpsit* pleaded to the second count, and the verdict of the jury thereupon, because it seemed as if they had found to the contrary in the issue raised to the first count. Had the case rested there, his Honor would have hesitated to set aside the verdict. On the other grounds, his Honor was more inclined to think that the verdict could not stand. Formally, the action was one for breach of contract, but in reality it was for the negligence of an agent, the depositary of money, in not paying orders when he had funds in hand. The damages were rather for a tort than for breach of contract. Further, that a person should send cheques drawn against, and a remittance to be paid into, his account which was otherwise bare, and expected those cheques to be paid if presented before or even simultaneously with the receipt of the remittance which was to put the account in credit, was, in his Honor's opinion, asking a bank too much. The cheques on the bank might follow the remittance in a day or so. Was the bank to be treated virtually as a *tort feasor* for not cashing a cheque which might, or might not, be presented before a remittance, required to meet it, and sent by the same post, came to hand? If the customer chose to run the risk of having his cheque presented before the remittance was received, should the bank suffer? It might be, as in the present case, a question of a few minutes. Under such circumstances his Honor doubted if the action was maintainable. It was not to be taken that his Honor assented to the construction attempted to be put upon the arrangement of banks with the post-office of having a private box, in which their letters were to be placed, and not to be delivered by the letter carrier. To a great extent banks were agents to receive remittances and to pay cheques, not for direct commissions or reward, but for the profits derived from the use of the money. If in the course of their business, they make use of a regulation under the laws of the land, by paying a fee for the benefit of having their letters placed in a private box, were they to suffer when generally by that course they received letters more quickly and certainly than by the usual course of delivery? A decision to the effect shadowed forth would upset all the banking business of the country. The branch banks and head offices too would have to give up their private boxes and trust their letters, containing important matters or remittances, to all the extra risks attaching to them in the hands of letter carriers. His Honor did not regret that the verdict should be set aside, as the action appeared to be a trivial one, and might well have been tried in the District Court.

Thursday, September 13.
Banco Court.—Third Term.
Before their Honors the Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Hargrave, and Mr. Justice Faucett.

SEAMER v. MANNING.

John Henry Seamer sued John E. Manning for the amount (£60 11s. 8d.) of an overdue promissory note made by the defendant; also, for goods sold and delivered.

The defendant pleaded by way of an equitable plea, before and at the time of the making of the agreement thereinafter mentioned, the defendant was a shipowner carrying on business in Sydney, and was possessed of a steamer called the Grafton, then in the hands of certain shipwrights, and by the sale of which when completed the defendant expected to realize a large sum of money, and be thereby in a position to pay the plaintiff and other creditors the amounts due to them in full; and the plaintiff well knowing the premises, and that a pressure by any one such creditor would compel the defendant to sequestrate his estate for the benefit of his creditors generally, and greatly interfere with a successful sale of the said steamer, agreed with the defendant to stay all proceedings in the action, and did instruct his attorney to that effect, on the defendant agreeing on his part, as he then did, to pay all the expenses incurred by the plaintiff in the said action up to such time, together with the amount due to the plaintiff in full immediately on the sale of the said steamer, and the defendant said he had always been and still was ready and willing to carry out the agreement on his part, and has endeavoured, though as yet without success, to sell the said steamer, and had done nothing to entitle the plaintiff to abandon the said agreement on his part, as the plaintiff well knew, yet the plaintiff has threatened to sign judgment herein against the defendant unless he pleaded to the declaration without further delay, and had thereby broken his said agreement. Never indebted was also pleaded. The equitable plea was demurred to on the grounds—1. That the plea confessed but did not avoid the causes of action declared upon. 2. That the plea disclosed no consideration for the agreement by the plaintiff. 3. The plea disclosed matter for cross action only. 4. On the facts disclosed by the plea, a Court of Equity would not grant a perpetual, absolute, and unconditional injunction against the plaintiff.

Mr. Healey appeared in support of the demurrer; Mr. C. B. Stephen in support of the plea.

After calling upon and hearing Mr. Stephen, the Court unanimously upheld the demurrer, and held that the plea was bad, and gave judgment for the plaintiff.

SANDEMAN v. COHEN.

Alfred Sandeman, as official assignee of Charles Frederick Reid Allen, sued Abraham Cohen, for that the insolvent, before his insolvency, by deed agreed to erect and complete a first-class hotel at Young, according to certain plans and specifications, to the full satisfaction of the defendant or any person appointed by him as supervisor, for the sum of £4470, to be paid by instalments as the work proceeded, at the rate of 75 per cent. upon the work actually performed, on the certificate of the supervisor, and the balance when works were completed and a certificate to that effect produced. Certain progress certificates and the final certificate that the work had been completed were given by the supervisor, and the defendant paid to the insolvent a portion of the moneys due under the deed, but declined and refused to pay the residue to the plaintiff as such official assignee.

The defendant pleaded as to the claim of 25 per cent. upon the amount performed prior to the sequestration, that before the completion of the works contracted for, and before his sequestration the insolvent abandoned the contract and failed to complete it, whereupon the defendant gave notice to the sureties, subject to a penalty of £250 each, in the deed, Messrs. W. J. Watson and W. C. Furland, at once to proceed with the works. W. J. Watson did, after receiving the notice, proceed with, and complete the contract after the sequestration; the certificates were given by the supervision to W. J. Watson in respect of the completion of the contract.

As to so much of the first count, as claimed in respect of work performed after the sequestration, a similar plea was pleaded. By way of replication the plaintiff set out *totidem verbis* the bond entered into by W. J. Watson and W. C. Furland as sureties for the due performance of the contract, and also replied, that the plaintiff as trustee for the said W. J. Watson, and for his benefit, was suing the defendant for the balance of the moneys due upon the completion of the contract. The defendant rejoined that the works were completed by W. J. Watson as surety under the bond in fulfilment of his obligation thereunder, and out of his own moneys and for his own benefit, and not for or by the authority of the plaintiff. The second replication was demurred to on the grounds that on the sequestration no right of action passed to the plaintiff in respect of the amounts now sued for, and that the plaintiff was not in any way bound to complete the work, and the replication showed that in fact he did not do so; and that the same having been completed by Watson in the manner alleged in the defendant's second and third pleas, and admitted in the replication, no rights of action thereby became vested in the plaintiff to sue for work done in fulfilment of Watson's personal obligation and for his own benefit, and not that of the creditors. The plaintiff joined in demurrer and demurred to the defendant's rejoinder on the ground that it was immaterial whether the work was or was not done for the benefit of the insolvent's estate, or by the authority of the plaintiff or not, inasmuch as the facts stated in the said replication show that the said W. J. Watson had the right to use the name of the plaintiff in suing in this action as a trustee for the said W. J. Watson.

Mr. Darley (Mr. Butler, Q.C., and Mr. Manning with him) appeared for the plaintiff.

Mr. M. H. Stephen (Mr. C. B. Stephen with him) appeared for the defendant.

The Court, by a majority, decided the demurrers in favour of the defendant, for whom judgment was given.

The Chief Justice was of opinion that the surety Watson was not bound by his bond to do the work; when he complied with the defendant's notice, and did carry on and complete the work, a new agreement between the parties was entered into with which the official assignee (the plaintiff) had nothing to do.

Mr. Justice Hargrave was of opinion that on all the pleadings, the plaintiff was not entitled to sue.

Mr. Justice Faucett dissented with great hesitation. The action was on a contract under seal, for a breach of which either a party to it or his official assignee could sue.

MEYMOTT v. PIDDINGTON.

The arguments in this demurrer were concluded when the Court rose. Judgment will be delivered to-morrow (Friday) morning.

BELL v. MILLER.

The judgment in this case reserved will be delivered on Monday.

DIVORCE AND MATRIMONIAL CAUSES COURT.

Wednesday, September 12.
Before his Honor Mr. Justice Hargrave.

BUCHANAN v. BUCHANAN.

In this cause, in which a decree nisi for a dissolution of marriage on the wife's petition had been granted, on the motion of Mr. Manning for the petitioner, his Honor held that the wife was entitled to the custody of all the children; and also, on a motion for alimony, that the wife was to be paid each year £200 for herself and the maintenance of her children; the respondent to have liberty to apply for a reduction of that amount on the death or marriage of any of the children.

Mr. Owen appeared for the respondent.

INSOLVENCY COURT.

Thursday.
Before the Chief Commissioner.

Mr. S. C. Brown moved that the estate of Charles James Stevens be released from sequestration, stating that all the creditors had been satisfied and consented to the release. No cause being shown, his Honor made the order applied for.

Mr. M'Loughlin moved for the release of the estate of Thomas Adam. It appeared that the creditors had been satisfied, but as the requisite notice had not been given in the Press, the motion could not be granted.

Mr. M'Culloch moved for the release of the estate of John Bevan under two sequestrations. It appeared that a number of insolvent's creditors had been satisfied, but his Honor required the insolvent to make an affidavit that he would not plead the statute of limitation in respect of any creditors, and adjourned the hearing.

His Honor confirmed an account current and plan of distribution in the estate of Joseph Poole, showing a dividend of 4s. 8d. in the £.

On the motion of Mr. Bradley, on behalf of the official and elected assignees, no cause being shown, his Honor ratified the direction of creditors to reserve to the bank the full effect of their security.

The matter of Alexander Greville, not being prosecuted, was struck out of the list.

In the matter of the Golden Hill Quartz Mining and Crushing Company, the rehearing of a claim of Francis Plunkett, not being prosecuted, was struck out of the list.

In the matter of John F. M'Donald, an adjourned single meeting. Insolvent being examined by Mr. Knox, instructed by Mr. Trickett, deposed that, in the end of 1864 or beginning of 1865, Mr. G. Moore gave him a cheque for £1000; he gave Mr. Moore no security, but had regularly paid interest for the sum; Mr. George Moore was his brother-in-law; the interest was paid to his mother; that was the arrangement with Mr. Moore; he was to pay his mother what interest he could; he had paid his mother £2 a week under that arrangement nearly up to the time of his insolvency; his payments to his mother amounted to rather more than £1000; he received the £1000 from Mr. Moore, and it was lodged by him in the Commercial Bank, where he dealt for seven years, afterwards dealing with the Joint Stock Bank; every penny received from Mr. Gordon was entered in his ledger, with the dates at which the loans were advanced, from 1864 to 1876; he commenced business in July, 1864; he received three loans from Mr. Brentnall for which he gave no security; £317 7s. 11d. was the total amount advanced, with interest added; the loans from Mr. Gordon also included interest; he should think his furniture was worth from £130 to £150; there were seven rooms in his house all furnished with plain furniture which he had had since 1866; he had no property that was not included in his schedule, nor had his wife, so far as he was aware of; his wife had a watch and ring given to her by her father; there was no settlement on his wife that he was aware of; he did not give instructions for the preparation of the deed of assignment; Mr. Gordon gave instructions for its preparation; he was aware that most of the creditors assigned their debts to Mr. Gordon; he was not aware of the release of a debt of £202 16s. 7d. due to the Commercial Bank, that must have been Mr. Gordon's own transaction; since the deed of assignment the stock had been sold in the ordinary way; he did not interfere with the sale he superintended; he looked after his own writing, and answered any questions that were put to him; he received £2 per week; he did not pay the rent of his dwelling-house; it belonged to his father-in-law; he held the house from his father-in-law at a rental of £90 per annum; he paid the last rent in March, this year; then he paid £100 8s. 3d.; the amount was given in his sixty-day statement; he was asked by Mr. Gordon to pay the rent; a meeting of his creditors had then been called; he also paid the rent of his warehouse about the time to the landlord, Mr. Miles; there was an overdraft at the Commercial and at the Joint Stock Banks; he arranged with Mr. Moore that his mother should have £2 per week; Mr. Moore had never made a demand on him for the money. No directions were given, and the meeting terminated.

SURRENDERS.

Thomas Glover, of Sydney, carpenter. Liabilities, £57 9s. Assets, £16. Mr. Sandeman, official assignee.

William Burton, late of Balmain, quarryman, deceased, intestate, by Catherine Burton, administratrix. Liabilities, £581 8s. 11d., of which £13 13s. is secured. Assets, £388 15s. 1d. Mr. Humphery, official assignee.

William Charles Melville, of Glen Innes, gentleman, one, &c. Schedule and statement to be filed on or before 24th September. Mr. Sempill, official assignee.

MEETINGS OF CREDITORS.

Friday, September 14, at 11 a.m.—Before the Chief Commissioner: Patrick Dolan, second; John Loyd, second; Thomas Farau, first; William John Charles Scurr, first; Thomas Hardie, first; Adolph Soesser, first; Charles Edward Wilton, first; Charles James Stevens, adjourned second. Before the District Commissioner: Alfred John Dixon, first and only, at Grafton; Laurence Byrne, second, at Yass.

Monday, September 17, at 11 a.m.—Before the Chief Commissioner: John Kavanagh, adjourned examination. Before the District Commissioner: Samuel William Rutherford, first and only, at Mudgee; Michael M'Dermott, second, at Mudgee; John Corbett, special examination of insolvent and witness, at Casino.

Tuesday, September 18, at 11 a.m.—Before the Chief Commissioner: Certificate applications—Francis John Kelly, Mark Beresford, Joseph Riley, Daniel Conway, Arthur Campbell (Boon, Hancock, and Campbell), Henry Richard Shelton, Montague Levien Salamon, John Cowan, Thomas Millar Wellington, Agnes Dettman. Before the District Commissioner, at Tamworth: Joseph Smith, first and only; Thomas M'Guir, same; Charles Graer, second; John Ambrose Gallagher, special examination of insolvent and witnesses. At Wellington: William Smith, first and only.

METROPOLITAN DISTRICT COURT.

Thursday.
Before Mr. District Court Judge Josephson.

TIGHE v. BARNETT.

Action on a promissory note. Defendant did not appear. Verdict for £19.

HILLS AND WIFE v. HANNA AND WIFE.

Action to recover damages for defamatory language. Mr. Cansdell, instructed by Messrs. Deane and Deane, for plaintiffs; Mr. Want, instructed by Mr. Roberts, for defendants. The parties are neighbours living at the Glebe, and the language complained of was made use of in the course of a woman's quarrel. The epithets deposed to as used on both sides were of the most disgusting and abusive character, but the defendants altogether denied that they had used the language imputed to them. Verdict for defendants, with expenses for eight witnesses.

CARBERRY AND WIFE v. BOVIS AND WIFE.

Action for damages for slander. Mr. Want, instructed by Mr. Roberts, for plaintiffs; Mr. R. M. Forster for defendants, who pleaded not guilty and justification. The plaintiffs' case was that Mrs. Carberry purchased and paid for a bottle of porter in the evening at a public-house, and that Mrs. Bovis accused her of having stolen the porter, told her husband, and informed the publican so. The plea of justification admitted that the charge of stealing was made, and alleged that it was true, but did not go on to state that the publication was made for the public benefit. After the plaintiffs' case was closed Mr. Forster applied to amend, but his Honor refused leave to do so. After conference between the parties, Mr. Forster consented to a verdict for £15.

MALONY v. FRALDING.

This was another action for slander. Mr. Roberts, appearing for the plaintiff, elected to be nonsuited in consequence of absence of witnesses.

HAYDEN v. WATERHOUSE.

Action to recover damages for trespass. Mr. Roberts for plaintiff; Mr. Windeyer, instructed by Mr. R. B. Smith, for defendant. The plaintiff alleged that he went to defendant's inn on the occasion and a quarrel occurred there, in the course of which plaintiff was struck by defendant and bitten by his dog. Plaintiff ran away, and defendant and his groom followed urging the dog on, which bit plaintiff severely four times; went back to the house for his coat and hat and defendant again set the dog at him, inflicting another wound. No provocation was given by plaintiff. The injuries had been treated by a medical man for several weeks. Dr. Marsden gave evidence as to the nature of the injuries; and witnesses stated that they had seen the dog on defendant's premises but attacking plaintiff. The defendant and his witnesses denied the plaintiff's statement entirely, except as to there being a quarrel, in which they stated plaintiff was the aggressor. The dog was very quiet. Verdict for defendant.

CENTRAL POLICE COURT.

Thursday.
Before Messrs. Thompson, Murray, and Waugh.

Eighteen persons were fined for drunkenness.

John Davis, Lewis Loughnan, and John Loughnan were fined 5s. each for riotous behaviour in George-street.

Robert Hallam was charged with having offended against decency on Newtown Road, but urged circumstances in mitigation of his conduct. To pay a penalty of 10s., or to be imprisoned three days.

James Maguire and Fanny Hogan, convicted of being idle and disorderly persons, having neither fixed abode nor lawful means of support, were each sentenced to be imprisoned three months.

Before Messrs. Lester, Connell, Smithers, Beaumont, and Alexander.

Inspector Oram presented a list of twenty-nine informations for offences against the Transit Commissioners' by-laws, of which number thirteen were withdrawn (some on payment of costs), in two the summonses had not been served, one was adjourned, and one was dismissed. Henry Cosh was fined 20s. for not drawing his cab to the rear on arrival at the stand; John Shoote was fined 10s. for trotting round a corner; William Walsh was fined 5s. for passing at a trotting pace a church during Divine service; Nicholas Marquand was fined 5s. for carrying a drunken person; Thomas Hobbs was fined 5s. for smoking tobacco while plying for hire; Richard Anderson was fined 10s., and William Matthews, Thomas Brown, and Charles Barnett 20s. each, for being away from their horses and cabs; John Quin was fined 5s. for not having in his cab a card with a table of fares; and John Bracegirdle was fined 10s. for not keeping to the near side of the road. The prosecutions were conducted by Mr. Driver.

Before Messrs. Neale, Alexander, and Bull.

The general summons paper contained a list of fifteen cases, of which nine were not prosecuted, one was postponed and in another a warrant was granted for the apprehension of the defendant. William Drew Morris v. John Kavanagh, was an information under the Pawnbrokers' Act, in which defendant was charged with having unlawfully sold certain articles—a ring and a brooch, valued at £5 12s. 6d.—before the expiration of the term for which such articles had been pledged to him. Complainant's daughter proved that on the 19th February she pawned for her father, with defendant, a ring and a brooch, for the sum of 6s.; on the 7th June she went to defendant and paid him the sum of 1s. 6d. for a renewal of the loan, and he marked on the duplicate, the ticket (produced) the sum paid to him; on last Friday week she went to defendant to redeem the articles but did not obtain them. Defendant having sequestrated his estate his books are in the possession of the official assignee; an entry in one of which relates to the sale of similar articles on the day on which the renewal interest was paid. The Bench found defendant guilty and sentenced him to pay a penalty of £10. Thomas Hopkins and Mary Hopkins were fined 20s. each, and Mary Murphy 10s., for riotous behaviour.

WATER POLICE COURT.

Thursday.
Before the Water Police Magistrate, with Messrs. M'Beath, Byrnes, Charlton, Harris, Edwards, and Gray.

Mary Ann Ogilvie and James Ogilvie were each fined 10s., with the alternative of imprisonment till the rising of the Court, for having been drunk and disorderly in George-street.

Several cases were dismissed, and the greater number of the remainder were not prosecuted. Julia Melville was fined 5s., with 4s. 10d. costs, for having made use of abusive language towards Ann Books. In the case of Ellen Hynes v. Alfred Cole, for wages, an order for the payment of 7s., with 4s. 10d. costs, was made against the defendant. An assault case, George Longley v. Lewis Thompson, was dismissed, and complainant was ordered to pay £2 2s. costs.

Summons Cases.—There were twenty-four cases on the summons-sheet. Nearly the whole of the morning was occupied in hearing a case in which the ownership of a fowl was the point in dispute. The Bench ultimately found the case so involved in doubt that they decided upon dismissing it.

RYDE.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

Municipal Council.—A regular meeting was held on the 31st August. Present—The Mayor (J. R. Linsley), Aldermen Gallard, Tucker, Cox, Coulter, Jackson, Bennett, Forsyth. The minutes of the previous meeting were read, and confirmed. The Finance Committee brought up a report, recommending payment of £52 2s. 7d. for day labour and on account of contracts, which sum was ordered to be paid. Correspondence read.—From Council-clerk to Mr. James Sadlier, of Waverley, stating that the Council had accepted his tender for ten debentures of £100 each, the same to bear interest at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum; from Department of Lands, referring to previous letter from the Council, asking that land may be set apart for a public cemetery, and requesting that the Council would state the position of the site desired to be appropriated for such cemetery; from Mr. Dugan, asking that a pipe-drain might be placed in front of his premises, and offering to pay half the cost—(the clerk was directed to inform him that the portion of road fronting his premises was in charge of the Council of Hunter's Hill); from Messrs. Holdsworth and Brown, to the Mayor and Council-clerk, requesting their attendance respecting the actions in re Jeanneret v. Municipal Council, and Municipal Council v. Jeanneret. The Council accepted the following tenders:—P. M'Carthy, for forming entrance to the quarry, for the sum of £23; William Goulding, for metal to repair Gladesville Wharf Road, for the sum of 5s. 9d. per yard. Mr. Alderman Bennett's name was added to the Finance and Works Committees. On the motion of Alderman Tucker, the Works Committee was requested to report on the repairs required on Lane Cove Road. The offer of S. Woodcock to supply a quantity of ironstone at 1s. yard on road was accepted. On motion of Alderman Gallard, a supply of stone was ordered, to repair Victoria Road. Another motion by Alderman Gallard was carried, viz.—"That the £1000 borrowed be spend on the following roads in each ward as follows:—East Ward: Gladesville Wharf Road, £95; Gladesville Road, £95; Morrison's Road, £45; Princes-street, £24; Providence Road, £15: £274. Central Ward, Belmore-street, £28; Church-street, £71; Glebe-street, £50; Parkes-street, £50; Lane Cove Road, £140; Princes-street, £24; total, £363. West Ward, Belmore-street, £25; Parramatta-road, £108; North-road, £65; Victoria-road, £90; Lane Cove Road, £75; total, £363." On the motion of Alderman Forsyth the Works Committee were required to examine and report on works to be done on Providence Road. A special meeting was held on Friday, the 7th instant, by order of the Mayor, to consider what action should be taken with reference to the actions in re Municipal Council v. Jeanneret, and Jeanneret v. Municipal Council. The following were present: The Mayor, Aldermen Gallard, Forsyth, Jackson, Coulter, Cox, and Bennett. It was proposed by Alderman Coulter, seconded by Alderman Bennett, "That the Mayor be empowered to arrange with Mr. Jeanneret on following terms, viz., by withdrawing our action against him, provided he pays the sum of about £15 or £18 for all arrears due by him for wharfage to 31st July last; also, £25 as subscription towards repairs of wharfs; also, that he withdraws his action against the Council." Carried.

The clock erected in the tower of St. Ann's Church by H. F. Delarue, of Sydney, and subscribed for by the public, is now completed, the dials and hands having been fixed last week. The dials are done in cement, with good broad mouldings, similar to that at the market, Woolloomooloo, and are four feet in diameter, exclusive of the moulding or border. The clock is a great acquisition to the village, and is a good time-keeper. The cost is nearly £100, of which nearly £70 has already been subscribed.

An application has been made to the Council of Education by the Council-clerk, by order of the Mayor, that the old Public school may be vested in trustees as a School of Arts, Public Library, &c. the Council of Education having erected new and superior premises on the high land adjoining the old school. As a Mutual Improvement Society is about to be formed, it would be a great boon if the old buildings aforesaid could be granted for the purpose for which application has been made.

A public meeting was held in St. Ann's Schoolroom, Ryde, on Saturday, the 18th August, to consider the advisability of establishing a lodge of U. A. O. Druids, the provincial president in the chair. It was unanimously agreed that it is expedient to establish a lodge of the above order in this village. The meeting adjourned to Saturday, 25th August, when Mr. A. Adams occupied the chair. At the conclusion of the medical examination twenty members passed. It was agreed that the lodge be named the Waratah. The election of officers by ballot resulted in the return of the following, viz.:—Arch Druid, Mr. G. Small; vice druid, Alderman Cox; secretary, Mr. A. Adams; treasurer, Mr. T. Dean; arch bards, Messrs. A. Small and G. Face; vice bards, Messrs. W. H. Tunks and E. Atkins; conductor, Mr. J. T. Wearne; guardian, Mr. W. Smith. A vote of thanks being accorded to the chairman, he requested the committee to read their report, which was carried with applause. The meeting broke up till Saturday, 1st instant, when, according to announcement, the district officers, with many of the brethren, embarked in one of the Parramatta River steamers at 5 p.m., accompanied by the Young Australian Band. A torchlight procession was formed at Ryde Wharf, headed by the band, the district officers being attired in white robes with girdles and cowls, and flowing white beards, followed by other members, horsemen and pedestrians, who escorted them to the village, the inhabitants of which, despite the unpropitious weather, turned out in hearty good welcome. The district officers and brethren, having opened the lodge, installed the elected officers, among whom were the Hon. J. S. Farnell, M.P., and Dr. Cumming, as honorary members, invited nominations of new members. Amidst great applause, thirteen were proposed for Saturday, 8th instant. The business being over by 10 o'clock, the brethren were invited to a pavilion profusely decorated with waratahs and evergreens. The tables were abundantly supplied with everything in season. The hospitality of the Ryde brethren having been suitably acknowledged, and the band having played "God save the Queen," the Sydney brethren, escorted by the Ryde brethren, marched off to the air "Auld lang Syne" to Ryde wharf about midnight, where a steamer was in waiting to take them to Sydney.

DUBBO.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

The rain of which I wrote last week was general; but, as I then anticipated, not sufficient to do any permanent good. Several times since there have been appearances of another fall, but the lowering clouds passed away without giving the parched earth any relief. To-day and last night, the rain threatenings were remarkably prominent; but, as has been our usual luck this season, nothing beyond a "Scotch mist" came of them. There is no question of the correctness of Mr. Russell's conclusions as to the "Periodicities of Drought." They have, unfortunately, proved but too true. People now, instead of pooh-poohing them, are calculating from his premises on the break-up. In 1869, the three-years' drought broke up in February, and it is thought—and, of course, the wish is father to it—that our present three years' sufferings will change with the New Year or thereabouts. What is to become of stock in the meanwhile is a question hard of solution: but if there are only occasional thunderstorms to keep the feed just springing, it is possible that the summer may be tided over till January or February with only a few more losses. Indeed, on many of the runs there is little in the shape of sheep or cattle to kill; and, as for horses, they are so scarce that nearly all the station work has to be performed on foot. Boundary riding is a name now-a-days rather than a reality, and a fast horse as strange a sight as a comet or an eatable mutton-chop.

The drought has certainly taught a lesson, which, if appraised at its full value, will be of considerable service in the future. It has shown that overstocking does not in the end pay. Only for it our squatters and farmers would not have felt so severely the seasons. People say in talking of droughts, that there has never been so hard a time as that we have lately gone through and are at present suffering from. They base their conclusions on the numbers of sheep and cattle that have perished. Certainly, more stock has been lost in the last three years than during the forty or fifty years since the first settlement of the Bligh and Wellington districts. But the cause is easily pointed out. By the Registrar-General's figures (which, by the way, are not always so reliable as to be infallible), there were in March last 1,400,000 sheep in the Dubbo district, and 800,000 in the Coonamble district. Ten years ago 500,000 might be put down as the sum total in both districts. When we consider the increase—when it is also considered that fencing has made every man fatten his stock on his own run, and last, though not least, when it is reckoned how much land has been taken by selectors, the increase in the number of stock on the runs becomes very suggestive. When, ten years ago, with little selection, there were losses with a fourth of the number of sheep, how could it be possible to avoid a large and alarming decrease in the drought? In good times, the land was stocked up to its fullest capacity. Prudence and any thought that the droughts of the past would repeat themselves in the future were subordinated to the *auri sacra fames*, and, as a consequence, come the enormous losses which have been experienced. Why, I know one run, carrying 12,000 sheep in 187?, with 67,000 in 1876, and another that never before carried more than 60,000 supporting 140,000 in 1875. Not a superfluous blade of grass or bush of herbage was allowed to remain unutilised, and when the drought set in, the losses, instead of coming as they did from 1865 to 1868 in tens, came in hundreds and thousands. I am, however, frightened the lesson that has been so terribly taught will not avail much. The profits of station property, of fleeces and carcases, are so great in times of prosperity that in aiming for them, in attempting to make the most for the time being out of the land, there is no heed of the future. Our squatters, though an intelligent and a hard-working race, are not thoughtful and far-seeing. They would ridicule a shepherd who, with his week's rations in the hut, consumed them the first day after being served out, and never gave a thought of the other days of the week; yet they have done and will do the same thing themselves, so far as their runs are concerned, and in the desire to turn over the nimble pence, to get rich at once, forget that there is a future as well as a present.

And talking of the ravages of the drought I regret very much to say that Mr. Todhunter's pure-bred herd has suffered very severely. A great number of these grand cows nowhere to be seen but at Wambianna have died. It cost Mr. Todhunter some £2000 for forage during the past two years, but he was unable, notwithstanding, to battle against the fates. All the pedigree bulls are living—they are, however, now near Dubbo, where are also a number of young bulls and some pure-bred heifers. Mr. Todhunter's loss is not his solely—it is one which affects the whole district.

A Masonic Lodge has been established at Dubbo, under the style of "The Macquarie." It is under the Scotch Constitution. A dispensation or charter has been granted and the Lodge will be formally opened some time this month. It is said that this newest off-shoot of the "mystic craft" will be duly inaugurated by Pastmaster Donaldson, of the Abbotsford Lodge, Gulgong.

There have recently been two matters of some importance to the community under the notice of the Dubbo Municipal Council. The first refers to public sale yards; and a resolution, affirming the desirableness of erecting the yards, has been carried. The Council was moved to action by a petition, largely signed by ratepayers and stockowners; and as the railway is approaching us, and will probably be opened in two or three years time, the yards will not be erected a day too soon. This, from its contiguity to the great cattle and sheep pastures, must become an important market, not only for Orange and Bathurst buyers, but also for Sydney butchers and meat preservers.

The second matter has reference to a fire-engine and water supply. At present, should a fire break out, the town is positively at its mercy, and it has been urged that the Council should purchase an engine. The question then arises, having got one, how is it to be supplied with water? The river is about 150 yards from the main street (Macquarie), and that is out of the question as a source. The town is supplied with water from wells, but those who have any knowledge of the subject say that an engine would exhaust one of our wells in five minutes. A scheme for getting over the difficulty has been suggested as follows:—To sink a well on the recreation reserve, which is about the centre of the town, and supply Macquarie-street and the other streets with water from it by pipes. This would cost about £1200 or £1300, and it is needless to say that our Council is not in a position to pay that sum for an experiment. The matter is at present *in statu quo*, and so perhaps it will remain till what the Yankees call a "bully fire" reduces Macquarie-street into half its dimensions.

A short time since, the committee of the Mechanics Institute paid a well-earned and much-merited compliment to Mr. George Bassett, a gentleman who had held for some time the office of secretary, and retired at the end of last month. On behalf of the committee, the president, at the recent monthly meeting, presented Mr. Bassett with a handsome silver inkstand, bearing an appropriate inscription.

A suggestion to establish a free public library at Dubbo has not met with favour, the general opinion of those in whose hands rests the matter being that as there is not yet a Council-chamber, the library could not be satisfactorily managed.

The Roman Catholic Bishop of Bathurst (Dr. Quinn) reached Dubbo on Friday last. On Sunday forenoon he confirmed about fifty candidates, and in the evening preached. On Monday afternoon he presided at a meeting, held in the Catholic schoolroom, for the purpose of arranging steps to have the school belonging to his denomination here certified. A previous application for a certificate to the Council of Education was refused.

A Crown land sale was held on Wednesday last. All the lots submitted were sold at the upset price, the purchasers being Messrs. W. and T. Richardson, of Murrawombie; Mr. J. A. Gardiner, lessee of Ganolgang; Mr. Hugh Gordon, lessee of Bundy; and Mr. T. Chapman, lessee of Ergalabra. About 17,000 acres are for sale on the 10th October. The land principally consists of subdivisions applied to be surveyed for auction by the Crown tenants. There were only two selections on Thursday—Lawrence Buckley, 55 acres at Terramungamine; and Edward Dent, 100 acres, on Spicer's Creek. The earth hunger, you see, notwithstanding the drought, still prevails.

The particular attention of the Sheriff, or whosoever the proper authority may be, is directed to the "ornamentation" now going on at the Court-house grounds. A fence—rough posts and sapling rails—something like what one used to see when free selection commenced and "cockies" did not understand splitting,—is being put up in front of the Court-house, right on the street; and assuredly if one of the townspeople had erected such an apology, his neighbours would have chaffed him that for very shame sake he would have taken it down faster than he put it up.

A few weeks ago the Wellington and Dubbo football players met here, when the former won by a goal. The return match was played on Saturday, at Wellington, and the fates were impartial. It was a drawn game, so there is nothing for one side to regret or the other to make merry over. The cricketing season is about commencing, and in a few weeks, I suppose, we shall have some matches.

Wright, Heaton, and Co., the carrying firm, have erected large wool stores here. It is intended to run a number of light waggons between the various wool-sheds and Dubbo, and send the clip on to Orange railway-station by heavy waggons. Ten waggons are now on the Castlereagh Road, bringing wool from the neighbourhood of Coonamble, and an equal number have gone to Brewarrina to the stations. Around Dubbo also the firm has sent its "riverine frigates," and as the plan is a good one, it will no doubt commend itself to squatters and gain for the originators ample remuneration for their enterprise.

Business is dull. The storekeepers complain of the want of money—a complaint which has existed since the first days of commerce, and will obtain till "fourths" are known no more. In stock matters there are little transactions except in fat stock. The items—movements and otherwise—are:—200 fat cattle (Suttor's) from the Darling, are here, going to Bathurst, J. S. Brown, agent; 116 fat cattle (Woods and Wild's), from the Wammerawa, are here, going to Orange and Bathurst, J. S. Brown agent; 190 head of fat cattle (Yeomans, Brothers'), from Gilgun, have started for Sydney; 270 fat cattle (Innes's), from the north, are near the Wammerawa, coming this way. Messrs. Hungerford and Mackenzie, of the Culgoa, are mustering. The only sale to note this week is 70 head of fat cattle, on account of Cobb and Co., to local butchers—Mr. Brown, agent for vendors.

September 10.

MUDGEE.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

On last Thursday evening, a crowded and very lively meeting of the ratepayers was held in the Town Hall. The meeting was called with the view of taking into consideration the action of the Borough Council in voting the sum of £50 towards the Mudgee Fire Brigade. The hall, which is far from being a spacious building, was crowded on the occasion, numbers being unable to obtain admittance. In the absence of the Mayor from town, Alderman Cassin was voted to the chair, and briefly stated the object for which the meeting was called. Mr. Cassin moved the following resolution.—"That this meeting considers the action of the Mudgee Borough Council, in voting the sum of £50 to the Mudgee Fire Brigade, unjust to the ratepayers, and a misappropriation of the municipal funds, and respectfully urges the Council to rescind the vote." The mover spoke in favour of the resolution at considerable length, stating the Council had exceeded its authority in voting the money, as it was not authorised to levy rates for the protection of property. He also contended that in the present impecunious state of the Council, when all works had been stopped for some time past through want of funds, and seeing that the Council's account with the bank was heavily overdrawn, it was not justified in being generous, no matter how good the cause, and handing such a large sum of money over to any object outside the Council. He spoke in favour of the formation of a fire brigade, but contended that the owners of property should find the money to purchase an engine. Mr. A. H. Kellett briefly seconded the motion. Alderman Tindale defended the action taken by the Council, contending that £50 could not be better expended. He also stated that several other councils had devoted money towards a similar object. He acknowledged the Council was like all others in the colony, in a state of impecuniosity, but argued that £50 was not a large sum to give to such a good object; and also, that the streets in the borough were on the whole a credit to the town, and would compare favourably with those in any other country municipality. The motion moved by Mr. Cassin, on being put to the meeting, was carried by a considerable majority. On the motion of Mr. J. H. M'Carthy, seconded by Mr. Thomas Lewis, it was decided "That the chairman be requested to transmit the foregoing resolution to the Mayor and Aldermen of the Borough of Mudgee;" an amendment moved by Mr. Curtis, and seconded by Mr. Stewart, to the effect that the meeting approved of the action of the Council, having been lost by a large majority. The above is a mere outline of one of the liveliest meetings which has taken place in Mudgee for a long time past, the proceedings having lasted some two hours.

The annual meeting of the members of the Mudgee Cricket Club was held during the week, Mr. J. Docker being in the chair. The treasurer's balance-sheet was read and adopted. It showed a small balance to credit; a few small accounts not yet being paid. The secretary congratulated the club on its performances last season, it having secured ten wins out of twelve matches. The following officers were then elected for the ensuing year:—President: Mr. C. B. Lowe, J.P.; vice-presidents: Messrs. R. H. D. White, J.P., S. H. Cox, J.P., and C. W. Lawson, J.P.; secretary: Dr. Rowling; treasurer: Mr. F. C. Campbell; committee: Messrs. Cadell, Woods, Isaacs, Meares, Docker, Hall, and E. J. Lowe. It was decided that two gold trophies should be given by the club for the best batting and bowling averages during the season. A vote of thanks to the chairman terminated the proceedings.

On Sunday and yesterday (Monday) the weather bore a changeable appearance, indicating rain. On both days a few slight sprinklings fell. Early this morning we had a very heavy shower, fully half an inch of water having fallen, and appearances indicate a still further downpour. This, with the rain that fell some eight days previously, will do much good, and especially if extending to the outside districts, as the previous fall did. At Coonamble, where rain was especially wanted, and also at Coonabarabran, they have had some fine showers; but at Liverpool Plains, another place where rain was greatly required, none had fallen at the time of latest advices, and stock in that district was in a most deplorable condition, and dying fast. The showers that have fallen during the past fortnight about Mudgee will prove very beneficial to the farmers in the district, and especially to the large wheat crops which have been put in this season.

Two or three cases of cattle stealing have recently occurred in the vicinity. On last Friday sergeant Burns, and constable Finlay arrested two men on suspicion of stealing five head of cattle from a Mr. Shute, a neighbouring dairyman. The accused were brought before the Police Court on Saturday, and remanded.

The Mudgee stock passings have been—190 fat cattle (Ferry and Want's) for Sydney, Bowman in charge; 200 fat cattle (Mein's) for Sydney, Slattery in charge. The Coolah passings have been—204 fat cattle (Pitt's) for Sydney; 20 fat cattle (Cooke's) for Sydney; 205 fat cattle (Fischer and Hill's) for Sydney.

The fat cattle market has been heavily supplied during the week, but the demand has been large, and numerous sales have taken place. Best beef may be quoted at from 25s. to 27s. 6d. per 100 lbs., with other qualities from 21s. upwards. Between 500 and 600 head have been quitted during the week at quotations, the principal averages being—205 (Hallmann's), chiefly cows, at £7 10s.; 172 (Spencer's), chiefly bullocks, at £8; 16 cows (Rouse's), very good, at £9 19s. The fat sheep market has been poorly supplied; good wethers sell well, and fetch from 12s. to 13s. In store stock and station properties hardly anything has been done.

September 11.

WAGGA WAGGA.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

Better late than never, is a proverb I suppose as applicable to our weather anxieties as any other human affairs, and so it is a matter of pleasure to be able to report rain at last—that is a rainfall worth talking about. For the greater part of the past week hopes were held out of a change, as the days partook largely of that closeness which heralds a downfall of that desired moisture. Up to yesterday, however, we had to put up with promises only, and then the beautifully clear sky and the almost summer warmth of the day made it difficult to think we were close to the object of our desires. This morning, shortly after midnight, the rain set in steadily, and up to the hour at which I write has continued falling, with but slight intermission throughout the day. To-night everything speaks of a continuance, and the general effect so far has been to raise the drooping spirits of most of the people about here, for fears were entertained that the month was going to slip by without any alteration in the prospect of a dry season, upon which we have been brooding for some time.

The river, of course, remains very low, but two or three days will, no doubt, see this state of affairs very much improved. Up to the present we have had no river traffic this year, and it would appear that in some quarters very little hope was entertained that we should have any for some time. The Albury steamer advertised nearly two months ago to arrive here with a cargo of general merchandise was forced to stop short at Hay, and I note that the cargo was announced for sale at that place the other day, so that the chance of a rising river must have been considered very small.

The preparations for the Pastoral Show to be held on Wednesday are all but completed. The entries have been coming in well, and I have no doubt now but that the muster of stock on this occasion will be numerically much better than was expected. The herds of the leading breeders of the Murrumbidgee district will be well represented in shorthorns; and if the sheep pens are not up to last year's exhibition they will not be far behind. The show this year will be held on new ground, and with this the association has had a good deal of difficulty to contend. Owing to the Government delay in deciding upon some matters in connection with a change in the grant of the ground, it was impossible to set about the putting up of the yards and pens until the last moment, and then the difficulty of getting labour and timber in time forced the committee into the necessity of being satisfied with the erection of the yards and pens only. There was no time for enclosing the ground, and in this fact the association will suffer a serious loss this year in the absence of any gate money, an item of some importance to the funds. Fortunately the association is in a state of financial prosperity, and so may bear the loss with philosophic content.

Mr. E. H. Tompson, who has for years filled the position of land agent here, has relinquished the duties of that office. With the change, in the removal of the land office from the Court-house to the new buildings, Mr. Tompson's connection with the land business ceased, and Mr. F. Korff, as acting Crown lands agent, took charge. There is no public servant for whom a deeper feeling of esteem is held by those among whom his duties were fulfilled than the retiring land agent. Of late years it was palpable that Mr. Tompson had, in the variety of labours falling to his share as clerk of petty sessions, land agent, and District Court registrar, more than any man could possibly do within ordinary business hours. And yet, no matter how great the pressure, his patience and urbanity were proverbial, the inquiries and demands of every man who came to him being met with the most cheerful endeavour to satisfy. On Friday a meeting was held at the Commercial Hotel, for the purpose of taking the necessary steps for the presentation of a testimonial to Mr. Tompson in recognition of his long services in connection with the district land business. The meeting was well attended, the chair being occupied by Mr. George Mair (Ettershank, Eaglestone, and Co.), and resolutions in furtherance of the object of the meeting were moved and seconded by Mr. E. Rand (Rand and Thompson), Mr. Minchin (Wilkinson, Hann, Minchin, and Co.); Mr. Gowland, manager Commercial Bank; Mr. H. B. Fitzhardinge, Mr. J. Rudd, and Mr. M. N. Callaghan; and a large and influential committee was formed of the leading business men of the town, with the squatters in the immediate neighbourhood, and a number of selectors.

The question of water supply was again before the Municipal Council at the meeting of Thursday last, and again, without any good ending to the long and somewhat warm discussion this matter invariably excites. The fact is, that the ratepayers as a whole are not prepared to consider the subject at all. They are quite as resolute in their opposition to the Church-hill £6000 scheme as they are to the larger Mount Hodson £13,000 scheme, so long as they see the slightest prospect of having to pay for either themselves. The £1 for £1 offer of the Government charms them never a bit, they are firm believers in the utility of a good water supply but only when a paternal Government puts its hands in the public pocket to pay for the work. In our high-mightiness and good opinion of our own smartness we are very fond of dubbing our neighbours of Albury as the Rip Van Winkles of Sleepy Hollow; but in any public matter of the class to which I am now referring it would, I think, be difficult to find a community more inert and conservative in its apathy. We have not had a good fire for many years, and so we firmly believe in the all-sufficiency of the village pump. Hence we find that a majority of the aldermen at present in the Borough Council have been returned pledged to oppose the water-supply schemes, on the ground that they are beyond our present requirements, and that the borrowing of money for the work would cripple the town in the future. And so it is that at this meeting the question was disposed of by a resolution postponing its consideration until the proposed new Municipal Bill becomes law, as an amendment to a proposition which definitely proposed to drive the matter out of the Council-chamber for twelve months.

The ordinary monthly meeting of the committee of the School of Arts, held on Thursday night, had its little bit of sensation in a notice of motion for the opening of the reading-room on Sundays. The mover of the resolution has selected the hours between 10 a.m. and 6 p.m., as those during which the room shall be open, and in this it is thought has removed all chance of its being carried. If the members of committee wholly opposed to Sunday opening are not in a majority, they will be sure in opposing the resolution to have the support of those who, while willing to have a Sunday newsroom, have yet the strongest objection to keep it open during the hours of church service.

It has been decided that the Sunday preceding the race meeting of December shall be the Hospital Sunday, and the clergymen of the several denominations have consented to give their aid. Appeals to the liberality of the visitors of our carnival week will be enough and to spare, as in addition to the hospital we shall have a bazaar for the convent, and a concert or something of the sort for the Presbyterian manse fund, for which latter object a Bruce auction comes off this week.

The Chinese gambling fraternity, whose arrest I referred to in my last, were summoned to appear before the P. M. last week—that is, the summonses were issued but, "that heathen Chinee," to the extent of some seven or eight of them, taking the palpable hint afforded them in their escape from arrest, very wisely cleared out, so that the police failed to serve them. But four of the prisoners appeared, and the hearing in their cases was adjourned.

The Land Office business for the week shows conditional purchases made for 1020 acres.

The stock market is still in a state of waiting stagnation, but should (as I expect it will) this rain continue for a time, it will enliven the market considerably. The announcements of stock for the annual show sales are numerous enough to show that the agents at least are firm believers in the elasticity of this market. Some fine stock will be offered in pure-bred cattle and rams, and the number and quality of blood horses to come to the hammer, is greater than any we have had in preceding years. The leading sales of the week were by Messrs. Wilkinson, Hann, Minchin, and Co., 250 M'Caughey station bred rams, to Welman, Brothers, of Arish; 45 Narrow Plains (Ramsay's) rams to Mr. John Leitch, of Berry Jerry; 20 Bailey rams, to Horsley and Beveridge, to Mr. John Rudd; and the Murryang run in the Tumut district, to Mr. John Dickson, Carroonboon.

September 10.

GULGONG.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

An aged man, named George Hutchins, was on Monday brought up at the Police Court, charged with stealing a grey horse, the property of David Roughtey, a contractor residing at Medway. It appears that the prosecutor missed the animal on the 1st instant, and on the 3rd followed the track for some thirty-five or forty miles, when he came across the man, who claimed the horse as his property, he having, as he said, purchased it of a man at Cobbrah for £2. Prosecutor led the prisoner for some time along the road; but it becoming dark, prisoner escaped, and prosecutor forwarded information to the police, and senior-constable George Scarvill was soon upon the man's track and arrested him. The evidence being conclusive, prisoner was committed for trial at the next Mudgee Circuit Court. It appears when the constable was arresting Hutchins, he noticed in him a great resemblance to a man wanting on a charge of sticking up and robbing a Mrs. Cunningham, of Cudgebegong Creek on the Wellington Road, on the 9th of August. After questioning the man the police officer arrested him also upon this charge. The case was partially gone into and remanded, pending the arrival of the woman to give evidence.

The Gulgong Fire Brigade have, in connection with the Brigade, established an accident fund; the weekly subscription will be limited to threepence from each member, and in case of an accident by which any member is unable to follow his occupation he will receive a weekly allowance of 10s. The New Zealand Company, who held a risk of insurance on the premises known as Selit's Hotel, have forwarded a donation of £3 3s. towards the funds of the brigade.

On Saturday last an accident, which might have proved fatal, occurred to a young man named George Blanning, who was about delivering a load of wood and was standing with one leg on the wheel of the dray and the other upon an empty cask, when, of a sudden the horse moved forward and the man fell across the barrel, inflicting serious injuries to himself. He was at once conveyed to the hospital, and, under the care of Dr. Barnard, is doing well.

The Borough Council have received information to the effect that the Colonial Architect is now engaged upon the plans and specifications for a new post and telegraph office, and that tenders will be at once called for and the work commenced. This is indeed much needed, for the present accommodation is miserable, and the place has long been a standing disgrace.

On Sunday, a smart shower of about an hour's duration took place here. On Monday the sky looked threatening, and there is now every probability of rain.

For some time past an agitation has been going on here for the establishment of a lands office on Gulgong. On Tuesday last this matter was brought prominently before the Borough Council, when a letter was read from the Surveyor-General, stating that the establishment of a lands office would entail additional labour, and that no complaints of inconvenience from having to travel to Mudgee, Cassilis, or Wellington had reached them. Another letter was read from the Minister for Lands, stating that having received the Surveyor-General's report, he cannot see how a lands office upon Gulgong can be authorised. On Monday evening a large public meeting was held at Hunter's Albion Hotel, for the purpose of making arrangements for further petitioning the Minister for Lands to reconsider his decision. The chair was occupied by Mr. R. N. Collins. Mr. R. Rouse, M.L.A., attended the meeting, and explained the steps he had taken relative to the endeavour to obtain a land office for Gulgong. Several resolutions were passed, and it was resolved that a petition be got up, and signed by the inhabitants, for presentation to the Minister for Lands; and in the event of his not acquiescing to their request a petition be prepared for presentation to Parliament—which Mr. Rouse promised to present, and also use his influence in obtaining the boon sought by the inhabitants.

Though business in every branch of trade is dull at present I think the mining prospects are far more encouraging than they have been for the last two years; many of the old claims are being taken up and worked for that which the miner would then have scorned to labour for, wages.

The Caledonian Rush.—Though no lead has yet been traced and many have been duffered out, some few have reaped a benefit. Randall and party got 5 oz. from eight loads, and Bigmark and party washed 35 loads with satisfactory results. No. 23 Black Lead Company have 200 loads of wash to grass, and will commence at once puddling at Tipping's machine. Frounce and party have taken up the Standard alluvial claim, and have commenced sinking for a quartz reef. During the time this claim was originally being worked several small leaders were cut, and the present party are sanguine that at no great depth they will come across the main reef. Log Paddocks (Lowe's): At the present time the claims in this paddock seem in a fair way to equal any of the richest deposits ever turned out from the best claims in Gulgong. A new lead has been found, which is christened the Faugh-a-Ballagh, it is the second block of the rich claim No. 6, and is supposed to be a separate run of gold, but many think it is but a split from the main lead. A base line has been laid, and the claims all taken up, and a good few are busy sinking. The engine claim is hard at work, and they are down over 100 feet without bottoming; the claimholders are busy in sinking, assisted by the parties owning Nos. 9 and 10. No. 8 frontage are upon gold, and raising wash. No. 8 block bottomed their shaft last week, with splendid prospects; but, the reef being hard, they could not sink a well, and they have commenced another shaft. No. 7 is, without a doubt, the best claim at present in the paddock; they are now busy raising wash very fast, and the party have secured all the block which the others neglected to do. No. 6 is raising wash, but very slowly; they have, I think, had the cream of their claim, but they have a large block of wages ground to cut out yet. No. 6 block is working the lower portion of their claim, which is good. No. 5, that was deserted as worked out, is again taken up, and they are raising good wash to grass. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4 are all raising good payable dirt, and will wash up in the course of the week. On Monday a report reached Gulgong that a new rush had broken out on the Mudgee River, and a good number started for the new Eldorado, only to find that some prospectors had sunk two shafts in Smith's paddock, and were engaged upon the third, in which they hope to find some deep ground, and the prospects obtained were nothing in any way to warrant a rush.

The escort left on Monday, carrying with it 1516 oz. 14 dwts. 21 grs.

September 11.

HILL END.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

Several crushings have been completed during the past week, but none of them of a particularly satisfactory nature. The Royal Standard crushing of 61½ tons yielded 40 oz. 15 dwts. 6 grs., sufficient to pay the crushing expenses and one month's outlay out of over five. At the same battery the Sir Herculos finished the Star of Peace crushing of 125 tons, yielding 30 oz. 2 dwts. 12 grs. Brandt and Fletcher's paddock is packed to the battery, and will follow. At Beyers' battery, Hixon, Creighton, and Beard's tributers have crushed 54 tons, yielding 67 oz. 18 dwts. 12 grs, which is so far satisfactory in that it was beyond expectation. Hermann's paddock is now going through.

The Enterprise has completed the Frenchman's paddock of 100½ tons, yielding 100 oz. 17 dwts., sufficient to pay without wages, and is now at work upon the Venus paddock of about 30 tons, and will follow upon that of the Magnet, a great part of which has been carted.

It is reported that the Guiding Star was sold by the official liquidator, and realised a little over £200, the purchaser being Mr. A. Fairfax. Mr. W. M'Pherson was a bidder to the extent of £200.

Trade seems very dull; at any rate, the storekeepers and publicans call out, and several of them talk of seeking fresh fields. There are too many of them for any in particular to do any great things. We have some ten large stores besides small ones, and twelve public-houses. No wonder the proprietors find things dull. Bragg is clearing out from the Lower Turon, which has borne a thoroughly deserted appearance until lately. The resumption of work in the South Star line gives a little more life to the landscape; and if the claims can only manage to turn out something payable, the Lower Turon may yet revive. The battery is idle, but it is there, and in working order, to be had if required. Its lessee has been crushing a lot of abandoned heaps of quartz, in the hope that they would show payable returns, and induce men to take them up again, but none of them seem up to much. The trial lot from the Yankees was a dead failure, turning out but 5 dwt. per ton. The work on the Bridle Track will continue its quota to an improved state of things here, which the completion of the Bridle Track road will make permanent. Already about 60 men are at work, and ere long a great many more will follow. The centre of the operations is at Bruin-Bun, where the Government depot is established. A great deal of lost time results from the action of certain vagabonds who have taken upon themselves to hinder the work by removing the surveyor's marks, and either placing them in different positions, or destroying them altogether. The fools seem to think that they cannot be replaced. It is a pity some of these gentry cannot get an opportunity of exercising their talents within the walls of one of her Majesty's gaols.

Last week's rain did not continue as we hoped, but to-night we are getting occasional showers, which it is hoped may resolve into a good, steady, soaking downfall. We want it much. The barometer does not as yet seem much inclined to alter, but it may in the course of the night.

The Star of Peace, I am sorry to say, does not keep up its promise. Neither in the Star itself nor in the Crown Prince is there anything payable. This constant variation is very perplexing and disheartening. At one time we are all alive, prognosticating an unrivalled future for the place from the 6 oz., 10 oz., or 12 oz. stuff in the Star below or about the 700-feet level, and ere a couple of days are past down we go again and begin to look round for some other theatre for the exercise of our talents. In the Star the shaft is over 710 feet down, and the hanging-wall vein shows no gold, the leader east of it, that carried some roughish colours, having merged into it, and so disappeared. The Star or middle vein seems as if it were going to improve now, and may take up the running. There is plenty of quartz but little gold. The north drive at the 625-feet shows a fine vein, but no gold as yet. There is every reason to hope for something satisfactory from this latter work, going, as it is, in the direction of the blow, the origin, so far as has been hitherto proved, of all the gold at this end of the hill. The operations in the Crown Prince are no more satisfactory in a golden point of view. The east drive has cut right through the blow and all connected with it to the hanging-wall, and finds colour of gold but nothing payable. There is the Star vein (small and good for nothing), the blow, and the hanging-wall vein, the latter of good size, with the leader connecting it with the north-east corner of the blow. The hanging-wall vein has been driven along north and south, but shows no payable gold. It now only remains to sink, and before much of that can be done provision for ventilation must be made. The extension of the tramway to the Crown Prince is completed, and the quartz can now be transported thence to the battery.

Rapps'.—A lot of prospecting has been done by the lessees of this mine, but without satisfactory results. They are now driving along a vein 10 feet above the one that supplied the only gold that has been got in the claim (from the flat ground, before the excitement period) towards the flat ground. It has never been prospected, and may prove just what is wanted. Some good specimens, said to have fallen away from it by the settling of the ground, were found in the old workings, and lead to the hope of finding gold.

Carroll and Beard have got nothing as yet in the west cross-cut from the 500-feet level, and no veins are looked for at present.

Beyers and Holtermann's presents no new features.

The Monte Christo has determined upon crushing at Beyers'—the cost of putting in a shoot to bring the mine in connection with the tramway being too great. During the past week continuous baling has been going on from the main shaft, resulting in the complete removal of all water, an unprecedented thing, and leading to the supposition that the water is falling off in the ground. The manager and top man have done this between them with two horses, the rest of the men being in the new west prospecting shaft, sinking, and in which they have cut two gold-bearing leaders, but too small to be of any use. Now that the water is out of the main workings it is intended to crosscut to the west, under the westerly workings. The manager is under the impression that he will find gold there. He has also a small block of ground to cut out.—

September 10.

The Bishop of Manchester on War.—On Sunday evening, at a religious service, held in the Free Trade Hall, Manchester, by Mr. W. Birch, a merchant of that city, the following letter from the Bishop of the diocese was read:—"Bishop's Court, Manchester, June 21. My dear Sir,—If you desire my sympathy, you have it in the fullest measure in any attempt you may make, or have made, to open people's eyes to the horrors and the sin of war. There may possibly be cases, as Professor Morley has recently attempted to show in a remarkable sermon, in which war may be the only remedy of some foul or crying wrong, and may be accepted as the lesser of two evils. But modern wars, which have been mostly prompted by greed or jealousy, or fear, have rarely had this motive for their justification, or can be regarded by intelligent men as other than rude and barbarous methods of attaining an end. And even Professor Morley allows that 'Christianity only sanctions war upon the hypothesis of a world at discord with herself. In her own world war would be impossible.' As it is the business of preachers of the Gospel to persuade people to realize and live for this higher, better world—the dream of the great evangelical prophet (Isaiah ii., 4), we are certainly on the lines of our duty when we teach our congregations to pray that God would turn the heart of 'the people that delight in war.' Yours faithfully in Christ, J. Manchester. W. Birch, jun., Esq." This was the first time, said Mr. Birch, that a Christian minister had formally and openly expressed sympathy with him in his crusade against war.

Swindlers are particularly active just now, attempting to palm off upon the public certain imitations, counterfeits and bogus importations purporting to be identical with or "as good as" a standard medicinal beverage long and favourably known to the people of Australia. The article sought to be imitated is the famous Udolpho Wolfe's Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps. Ask for and take none but the genuine article.—Adv.

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1436495

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.—SEPTEMBER 13.

Zephyr, schooner, 57 tons, Captain Schwarz, from the South Sea Islands. Montefiore and Montefiore, agents.

Governor Blackall (s.), 400 tons, Captain Nightingale, from Brisbane 11th instant. Passengers—Messrs. Weall, Murphy, Marks, Hutchings, Horsberg, Lagden, Brown, Stanley, Rawlings, and 18 in the steerage. A. S. N. Co., agents.

Day Spring, missionary schooner, 200 tons, Captain Braithwait, from the South Sea Islands 22nd ultimo. Passengers—Mrs. Braithwait and two natives. Rev. J. Cosh, agent.

Vancouver, barque, 1052 tons, Captain Johnston, from Liverpool 25th May. Smith Brothers, agents.

River Clyde, ship, 741 tons, Captain Prust, from Glasgow 11th June. Mason, Brothers, agents.

Agnes Irving (s.), 235 tons, Captain Bracegirdle, from Grafton 11th instant. Passengers—Mrs. A. Ross, Dr. Simons, Messrs. J. James, Chapman, Corbett, Palmer, and 4 in the steerage. C. and R. R. Co., agents.

PROJECTED DEPARTURES.—SEPTEMBER 14.

Augusta (s.), for South Sea Islands; Balclutha (s.), Cheviot (s.), for Brisbane.

COASTERS INWARDS.—SEPTEMBER 13.

Waratah (s.), from Newcastle, with 500 tons coal; Edith Black, and Emily Melvey, from Hawkesbury River, with 50 tons firewood, 80 cases oranges, 10 cases eggs, 2 coops poultry, 7 bags oysters, 7 baskets fish; Ripple, and Day Dawn, from Brisbane Water, with 25 logs timber, 700 baskets shells; Advance, from Bermagui, with 350 bags bark, 12 kegs bacon, 6 kegs butter; Examiner (s.), from Ballina, with 150,000 feet cedar and pine, 64 bags maize; Alice Jane, from Grafton, with 54 logs hardwood; Ada, from Port Macquarie, with 418 bags maize; Colleen Bawn, from Port Stephens, with 14,000 feet timber; Maggie Gollan, from the Manning River, with 746 bags maize, 31 coops, 2 coops fowls; Maitland (s.), from Hunter River, with 149 bales hay, 48 bales wool, 6 bales skins, 20 bags bonedust, 17 bags oysters, 11 hogsheads 10 quarter-casks wine, 9 boxes tobacco, 7 boxes eggs, 45 boxes fuel, 190 sheep, 4 horses, 10 pigs, 3 calves, and sundries.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.—SEPTEMBER 13.

Waratah (s.), Alice Jane, and Olivia Davis, for Newcastle; Ripple and Day Dawn, for Brisbane Water; Alice, for Bermagui; Rob Roy, for Richmond River; Ada, for Port Macquarie; Edith Black, and Emily Melvey, for Hawkesbury River; Janet, and Colleen Bawn, for Port Stephens; Undine, for Nambuccra River; Maggie Gollan, for Manning River.

IMPORTS.—SEPTEMBER 13.

[A special charge is made for consignees' announcements in this column.]

City of New York (s.), from San Francisco: 4000 bags flour, 1300 packages salmon, 3443 doors, 370 packages oilstores, 3761 boards, 43 packages hops, 50 flasks quicksilver, 201 casks oil, 26 packages hardware, 55 packages pulu, 57 packages tobacco.

Zephyr, from Solomon Islands: 53 tons copra, 2 tons pearl-shell, 2 tons beche-de-mer, 1 cask oil.

Governor Blackall (s.), from Brisbane: 48 bales wool, 10 casks whisky, 164 bags tin ore, 30 bags oysters, 20 cases fruit.

Vancouver, from Liverpool: 1862 rails, 21 packages hardware, 638 bundles wire, 61 packages soda, 358 casks and cases wine and spirits, 20 bales cotton waste, 200 cases tinplates, 315 packages oilstores, 50 tons pig iron, 4907 bars and bundles iron, 16 rolls lead, 54 packages tobacco, 880 casks beer, 28 packages glass, 120 tons rock salt, 8056 bags salt, 60 cases cigars, 17,800 slates, 100 packages cordage, 40 bundles oakum, 7233 packages.

Ex Agnes Rose: 18 cases tobacconists' goods—T. Saywell.

Ex Bowen: 10 cases Manila cigars—T. Saywell.

Ex John Duthie: 1 cask 2 cases saddlers' ironmongery—John Rourke, West Maitland.

Ex Star of the West: Devoe's oil, rosin, lobsters, oysters, salmon, condensed milk, dried apples, &c.—G. W. Barker.

Ex City of New York, Cheviot, and Rosebud: 5 casks pigs' sausage casings; 14 casks butter; 676 bags potatoes—G. W. Tate.

Ex John Duthie: 3 cases drapery—T. Forbes.

Ex Wotonga and Macedon: 15 cases S. and A.'s prize biscuits; 18 cases D. and B.'s confectionery; 20 bags Bennett's oatmeal; 40 boxes mottled soap—W. H. Ariell.

Ex Birker: 23 cases Gospel Oak G. C. iron; 2 cases French bedsteads; 1 case French cots; 15 cases Richmond and Chandler's chaff-cutters; 1 case table cutlery; 1 case Rooney's brushware; 1 case stationery; 5 cases kippered herrings; 24 cases Keen's D. S. F. mustard; 20 cases Hora's castor oil; 1 case seidlitz powders; 1 case men's felt hats; 30 barrels currants; 49 boxes eleme raisins; 176 packages—Watson, Brothers, Young.

Ex City of New York: 500 cases salmon; 121 casks 66 cases black oil; 2000 assorted doors; 256 pairs blinds; 30 bales hops—Beilby and Co.

Ex Birker, from London: 83 kegs wire nails; 12 kegs Walker's horsenails; 1 bale patent sash line; 1 bale herring twine; 1 cask sash pullies; 1 case Williams's knives, saws, &c.; 3 packages fenders; 2 cask Salter's balances; 2 casks rim locks; 1 cask latches; 1 cask cast butts; 1 cask Sorby's carpenters' tools; 2 cases planes; 1 cask cart hames; 3 casks sundries; 50 grindstones—W. C. H. Capper, Newcastle.

EXPORTS.—SEPTEMBER 12.

Edina (s.), for Brisbane and Maryborough: 44 packages wines and spirits, 10 packages tea, 68 cases vinegar, 68 cases cheese, 8 cases bacon, 200 bags rice, 5 tons rock salt, 206 drums 3 casks 6 cases oil, 100 kegs lead, 41 casks paint, 34 bales hair, 150 bags bark, 64 cases galvanized iron, 15 crates bottles, 8 packages tubs, 15 coils rope, 3 bales coir, 16 kegs lard, 41 kegs 5 casks butter, 101 bundles wire, 7 pieces of chain, 1 anchor, 1 piano, 20 bags malt, 17 trunks boots, 150 pieces machinery, 25 lengths pipe, 11 bars 24 bundles 16 plates iron, 10 casks acid, 255 cases fruit, 10 packages resin, and sundries.

Elamang (s.), for Brisbane: 213 packages wines and spirits, 805 casks beer, 10 cases tricopherous, 2 packages opium, 3 cases cigars, 10 packages tobacco, 240 bags rice, 108 packages tea, 3 bags 4 casks coffee, 4 bales paper, 14 boxes fish, 20 boxes sauce, 8 casks currants, 1 case cheese, 16 packages lobsters, 1 bale woolpacks, 60 cases canned fruits, 4 cases galvanized iron, 6 cases nails, 5 casks seed, 91 sash weights, 5 bundles 43 bars iron, 4 furnace pans, 12 arm-moulds, 34 cart-boxes, 80 bales hay, 9 kegs 5 casks butter, 6 rolls matting, 3 cases 10 bags onions, 2 cases books, 28 bags potatoes, 1 piano, 100 bags maize, 14 bags guano, 7 cases plants, 1 case acid, 8 horses, 1 buggy, 134 cases fruit, and sundries.

DISPATCH OF MAILS VIA SUEZ PER LUSITANIA.

Mails will be made up for the United Kingdom and Continent of Europe, closing at this office, Saturday next, at 3.30 p.m. Correspondence bearing the usual rates of postage, if specially addressed per Lusitania, will be forwarded by this vessel.

General Post Office, Sydney, 14th September, 1877.

SHIPS' MAILS.

Mails will close at the General Post Office as follows:—

For Ulladulla and Clyde.—By the Hunter (s.), this day, at 8.15 a.m.

For Melbourne, Adelaide, Hobart Town, and Launceston.—By the Bowen (s.), this day, at 1 p.m.

For Melbourne.—By the Cheviot (s.), this day, at 1 p.m.; and by the Wotonga (s.), on Saturday, at noon.

For Rockhampton.—By the Boomerang (s.), this day, at 3.30 p.m.

For Brisbane and Maryborough.—By the Balclutha (s.), this day, at 3.30 p.m.

For Calcutta.—By the Rydalmere, this day, at 6 p.m.

For Shanghai.—By the Samar, this day, at 6 p.m.

For Manning River.—By the Beagle, on Saturday, at 11 a.m.

For United Kingdom and Continent of Europe, &c.—By the Lusitania (s.), to be forwarded overland to Melbourne and by steamer to Adelaide, on Saturday, at 3.30 p.m.

For Grafton.—By the Agnes Irving (s.), on Saturday, at 8 p.m.

Custom House.—Entered Outwards, September 13th: Boomerang (s.), 460 tons, Captain Durrell, for Rockhampton; Cheviot (s.), 784 tons, Captain Clark, for Melbourne, via Newcastle.

The mails received via San Francisco, per R.M.S. City of New York, consisted of 129 bags, exclusive of 42 sealed mails for other colonies:—Honolulu, 230 letters; San Francisco, 1795 letters, 6350 newspapers; other parts of America, 32 letters, 16 newspapers; London, 16,680 letters, 2705 books, 13,350 newspapers; from other colonies—New Zealand, 518 letters, 17 books, 308 newspapers; New Zealand Marine office, 46 letters, 2 books, 350 newspapers: total, 19,291 letters, 2224 books, 20,374 newspapers.

The missionary schooner Day Spring left Aniteum (N. H.) on 22nd ultimo, and reports fine south-west winds as prevailing. The Ripple (s.) and Emu were there, and the Lady Darling had called on 17th ultimo, proceeding to the northward, all well.

The Governor Blackall (s.) left Brisbane on the 11th instant at noon, and, with only moderate winds, made the passage from wharf to wharf in forty-two hours. No mean performance for a small vessel.

The Zephyr, schooner, which arrived yesterday, is last from San Christoval (Solomon Group), which she left on 23rd August. She saw the Ripple and Witch of the Wave at Rubiana, also the Mary Anderson and Star of Fiji, all well; and reports the death of Mr. Piper (the discoverer of gold at New Caledonia) at San Christoval.

The Agnes Irving (s.) left Grafton at 1 p.m. 11th instant, crossed the bar at 1 a.m. on the 12th, passed Port Stephens at 7.40 a.m. 13th, and entered Sydney Heads at 4.20 p.m. same day. She experienced moderate and light N.E. breezes with cloudy weather to Crowdy Head, light N.W. breeze to Seal Rocks, and strong westerly gales the rest of the passage. She brings up 1700 bags maize, 341 bunches bananas, 8 cases eggs, 61 bags tin ore, and sundries.

The barque Vancouver left Liverpool on 26th May, and encountered very violent gales from the S.W. for some 10 days, which considerably delayed her passage; as a proof, she was 24 days to Madeira. The N.E. trades were very light, and the Equator was crossed on 11th July, in longitude 29° W. The S.E. trades were also very unfavourable, and were in latitude 25° S. The meridian of the Cape of Good Hope was crossed on 9th August, and she made her easting on a mean parallel of latitude 45° S., the winds prevailing from S.E. to E., blowing heavily but unsteady. The Vancouver came south of Tasmania, the S.W. cape being rounded on the 8th September. She then had to contend against strong E. and S.E. gales, attended with a heavy sea, which continued to Cape Howe, from thence variable weather has been experienced to port.

The ship River Clyde, under the command of Captain Prust, arrived last evening from Glasgow, whence she took her departure on the 11th June, making her passage in 98 days, no small performance for a deep-laden ship. She left Glasgow on 11th June, and with moderate N.E. trades crossed the Equator on 19th July, in longitude 24° W.; southerly winds prevailing, the vessel was set as far as longitude 14° W. Trinidad was sighted on 28th July, and the Cape of Good Hope was rounded on 11th August; from thence she made her easting on a mean parallel of latitude 45° S., carrying strong winds from the westward, passing south of Tasmania on the 7th instant. The eastern coast of Australia has been traversed under the difficulties of S.E. weather, attended with heavy rains and much lightning and thunder. The River Clyde brings a large cargo of the ordinary character from Glasgow, but, having a consignment of gunpowder on board, anchored, in conformity with the regulations, below Garden Island.

THE STEAMER BULLI.—The Bulli, notwithstanding the praiseworthy and persevering efforts made to raise her from her submerged position in Murray's Pass, Kent's Group, is to be abandoned after all, and thus share the fate of other vessels which have been tried to be recovered, but without success. Some time ago, it will be recollected, the schooner Martha, with Captain George Frederick and a gang of men, went to the wreck of the Bulli, and from the complete and effective character of the plans and gear for raising the vessel it was anticipated that there would be no insuperable difficulty in the way of getting her afloat again, but obstacles from weather and other causes have so interfered that Captain Daish, who went to the scene of the wreck in the Williams, considered the least expensive course would be to stop operations altogether. This has accordingly been done, and a number of the hands engaged returned in the Williams yesterday. The pumping and other gear which was in use at the sunken vessel will be brought over in the schooner Martha. The Bulli was a very handy steamer, not more than four years old, and could ill be spared from the trade in which she was engaged.—*Argus*, September 11.

NEWCASTLE.

ARRIVALS.

September 12.—Vivid, barque, Jones, from Sydney; Agnes Edgel, schooner, M'Kinley, from Sydney; Annie, barque, Austafsen, from Adelaide.

DEPARTURES.

September 12.—Mary Wadley, schooner, Balle, for Napier, with 219 tons coal; Medea, barque, Kirby, for Geelong, with 545 tons coal.

COASTERS INWARDS.

September 12.—Saxonia, Duke of Edinburgh, Victory, Au Revoir, from Sydney.

ENGLISH SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

July 3, Lanoora, from Launceston; Marlborough, from Otago; Loch Tay, from Melbourne; 4, Decapolis, from Brisbane; 9, Myrtle Holme, from Melbourne; 11, Louisa Wait, from Adelaide; 15, Eastminster, from Sydney; 16, Canterbury, from Lyttelton; Wave of Life, from Sydney; Waipa, from Canterbury; Highflyer, from Melbourne; 18, Rajah, from Sydney; Helen, from Hobart Town; 21, Torrens, from Adelaide.

DEPARTURES FROM LONDON.

For Sydney.—June 14, Dunbar Castle; 29, Patriarch. July 11, Norman Court; 16, Aros Bay; 19, Cairnbulg; 21, Star of India.

For Brisbane.—June 27, Sepia. July 17, Cornuvia; 21, Newcastle.

DEPARTURE FROM LIVERPOOL.

For Sydney.—July 11, Park Nook.

Passengers per Cairnbulg, for Sydney.—Mr. Sievers and two children, Mrs. T. Airey, Mr. William T. Cordeaux, Mr. W. Spicer, Mrs. E. J. Spicer and four children, Mr. A. Nixon, Mr. W. M'Naught, Mr. William Neaves, Mr. John Taylor, Mr. James Taylor.

The Forfarshire, 1238 tons, Captain Brown, chartered by Sir Arthur Blyth, K.C.M.G., the Agent-General for South Australia, left Plymouth last week for Port Adelaide, with 461 emigrants, among whom were 79 single female domestic servants.—*Home News*, July 26.

The ship Newcastle, 1187 tons, Captain Wherost, sailed from Gravesend on July 23, for Brisbane, with the following number of emigrants on board, viz.:—72 married people, 161 single men, 90 single women, 61 children between the ages of twelve and one, and 10 infants; making a total of 397 souls, equal to 350½ adults.—*Home News*, July 26.

The iron barque Humboldt, Captain P. Dan, sailed from Hamburg on June 29, bound for Brisbane, having on board the following number of emigrants, viz., 16 married couples, 41 single men, 12 single women, 10 children between the ages of twelve and one, and six infants, making a total of 101 souls, equal to 90 statute adults.—*Home News*, July 26.

BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.

MELBOURNE.—Arrivals: September 13, Assam (s.), from Galle; September 13, Mermeras, from London.

ADELAIDE.—Arrivals: September 12, May Flower, from Maryborough; Helen White, Wodonga, from Newcastle.

BRISBANE.—Arrival: September 12, Adonis, from Auckland. Departure: September 11, Alexandra (s.), for Cooktown.

CLARENCE HEADS.—Arrival: September 13, City of Grafton (s.). Departure: Francis Hixson (s.), for Ballina. The Fiona (s.) is loading in the Deep-hole. The Clarence (s.) is in a better position; the tide having stirred up the sand on both sides, the vessel has advanced towards deep water about eight feet to-day.

BALLINA.—Departures: September 13, Monarch, schooner, and Schoolboy, barque, for Sydney.

SYDNEY HEADS.

DATE.	TIME.	WIND.	REMARKS.
September 13.	8.30 a.m.	N.W.	Fresh.
	Noon.	N.W.	Strong.
	5 p.m.	N.W.	Moderate.

High water at Fort Denison, September 14, 12.22 a.m.; 12.48 p.m.

SPECIAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

MANSION AND GROUNDS, TRAHLEE, WITH highly-improved extensive grounds, 5 acres, on BELLEVUE HILL, the most elevated and delightful position in WOOLLAHRA. Special attention is directed to the sale of this very valuable and charmingly situated property as affording an opportunity only once to be met with in a life time of securing such a residence as the above with a large area of land (5 acres), subject to the nominal ground rent of £10 per acre per annum. Day of Sale, THIS DAY, Friday, at 11 o'clock. For further particulars see extending auction advertisement in HERALD daily. Cards to view, may be obtained at the rooms.
RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

WYNNE'S PADDOCK. Day of Sale, NEXT SATURDAY.

THE ALEXANDRA CRESCENTS, ASHFIELD.—Sale to-morrow, Saturday, at 3 p.m., at the Temperance Hall, Pitt-street. Excellently situated, easy distance from station, well-planned subdivision; 50 feet frontages, long depths, wide lanes to give access to rear of lots and drainage facilities. Easiest terms. Assistance to build. Respectability of surroundings guaranteed, and other advantages which only a land society can offer.
J. W. WATKIN, Temperance Hall.

CROYDON PARK IS THE PREMIER SUBdivision now or likely to be in the market.

LITHOGRAPHS.—FIRST EDITION ON SATURday morning, at office of Auctioneer.
J. W. WATKIN, Temperance Hall.

CROYDON PARK.—AVENUES, 100-FEET WIDE. Allotments, 350 feet deep.

RECREATION RESERVE, OVER SIX (6) ACRES in extent.

TIMBER, TRUCKS, STEAM BOILERS, MILLstones, Crane, &c., for Sale This Day, at Murphy's Yard, and Messrs. P. N. Russell and Co.'s Carriage Factory.
GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON.

MAGNIFICENT CUT GLASS GOODS AND Bohemian Ware, This Day.
GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON.

LARGE WAGGONS FOR REMOVING, RAILway Carriages, for Sale, This Day, at Messrs. P. N. Russell and Co.'s Carriage Factory; also carts and drays, at half-past 2 sharp.
GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON.

THE ECHO, an Evening Newspaper, price One Penny.
THE ECHO contains all the Latest News of the Day, Police, Law, and Insolvency Courts, Intercolonial [illegible] Foreign late Telegram on all topics of public interest.
THE ECHO, having now attained an [illegible]sive circulation, offers great inducement to the advertising [illegible]. Advertisements received daily for the evening's publication [illegible] 1 p.m.
Office, corner of Pitt and Hunter streets.

STANDARD FIRE AND MARI[illegible] INSURANCE Company of New Zealand.—[illegible]tal, £1,000,000. Offices, 71, Pitt-street.—Every description[illegible] Fire and Marine insurance effected at lowest current rates.
A. L. PARK, Agent.

SYDNEY INSURANCE COMPANY (FIRE).—Capital, £250,000. Reserves, £50,000.—A Colonial Proprietary, with unlimited liability.

THE CITY BOOT PALACE WILL BE OPENED to-morrow. 225, George-street, opposite the Markets. 1 door from Market-street.

OUR WAREHOUSE WILL BE CLOSED AND no business transacted on Monday next, the 17th instant. S. HOFFNUNG and CO., Pitt-street.

MR. GUSTAVUS GABRIEL CONSULTS DAILY, 29, Wynyard-square only. Caution—Not connected with any other person.

DENTISTRY, 1877.—THE PHILADELPHIA Centennial Exhibition First Prize Medal and Certificate have been gained against all competition, by Mr. JOHN SPENCER, 8, Wynyard-square, for excellence of exhibit and workmanship in Mechanical Dentistry.

GOODLET AND SMITH, TIMBER AND GALvanized Iron Merchants, 483, George-street.

WHY SUFFER SO LONG FROM THAT wound when by expending 1s you may cure it by applying Josephson's Australian Ointment. Sold everywhere throughout the colonies.

AS THERE ARE IMITATIONS AND COUNterfeits of the great perfume, buyers should be particular to ask for the Florida Water prepared by Lanman and Kemp, New York, who are the sole proprietors of the genuine article.

TOO LATE.—HOW OFTEN DO WE HEAR THIS cry of anguish from those who find themselves sinking fast under the pressure of disease, as they look back at the lost opportunities to regain their health. To all such we say, it is not too late! Try Bristol's Sarsaparilla and Pills, they have cured hundreds of sufferers. Try them! try them!

HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINES.—A LARGE stock just received from Ashton and Parsons direct, by W. D. FAMES, Chemist, Oxford-street.

REDGATE'S PATENT MEAL, HIGHLY RECOMmended on account of its nourishing properties.

THURSTON'S BILLIARD TABLES.—DE LISSA and CO.

HARNESS, BUGGY, ANGLO-AMERICAN. ALDERSON and SONS, Elizabeth-street.

BAG LEATHER, BEST LARGE SIZES, 1s. ALDERSON and SONS, Elizabeth-street.

KERSEY'S SADDLE, CHEAP. ALDERSON and SONS, Elizabeth-street.

SALT.—ROCK, COARSE, AND FINE, NOW landing. ALBERT A. SMITH, 33, Exchange-builds.

CALLAGHAN AND SON, GENT.'S CALF AND Kid Oxon Shoes. 397, George-street.

KNICKERBOCKER SCHNAPPS ON SALE, IN parcels, to Dealers, Storekeepers, and the Trade.
HOFFNUNG and CO., 159 and 161, Pitt-street.

NEW SEASON'S TEAS, EX S. S. BOWEN.—Medium to finest qualities, chests, half-chests, and boxes.
MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO.

SALT, COARSE AND ROCK, NOW LANDING, ex Raglan Castle. LORIMER, ROME, and CO.

GUINNESS' STOUT, BOTTLED BY O'BRIEN, now landing. LORIMER, ROME, and CO.

FOR S. S. W. MACKINNON, HANCOCK'S AND Siebe's Diving Apparatus, &c. MARSHALL'S, 8, Macquarie-place.

CLERK AND BOOKKEEPER WANTED, IN mercantile house, must write good hand and be correct at figures. Address Commerce, Box 295, Post Office.

MINING ACCIDENT.—A telegram to the Melbourne *Age* states that a horrible accident occurred on Monday, by which a miner named John Mayberry was killed in the South Clunes mine. The deceased was a trucker, and whilst proceeding to work got out at the lowest level, but through some misapprehension went on the wrong side of the shaft and fell to the bottom, a distance of 60 feet. Death was instantaneous. The poor fellow leaves a wife and large family.

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL.—ITS UNEQUALLED EFFICACY IN CONSUMPTION.—Mr. Allan G. Chattaway, District Medical Officer, Leominster, testifies as follows to the unequalled efficacy of this celebrated oil in the treatment of Consumption:—"Having for some years extensively used Dr. de Jongh's Light-Brown Cod Liver Oil, both in public and private practice, I have no hesitation in stating that its effects are very far superior to those of any other cod liver oil. Nearly four years since two cases of confirmed consumption were placed under my care. In both the lungs were a mass of tubercular deposit, and every possible sound to be heard in phthisis was present. The sole remedy employed was Dr. de Jongh's Light-Brown Cod Liver Oil; and now the patients are strong and fat, the diseased (abnormal) sounds nearly inaudible, and in the one case (male), hunting, fishing, and shooting are freely indulged in, the patient expressing himself quite capable of undergoing as much fatigue as any of his fellow-sportsmen." Dr. de Jongh's Light-Brown Cod Liver Oil is sold only in capsuled imperial half-pints, pints, and quarts, by all chemists, druggists, and storekeepers. Sole consignees, Ansar, Harford, and Co., 77, Strand, London. Agents at Sydney, Elliott, Brothers.—ADV.

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TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Attention to the following rules will save the writers of correspondence a good deal of trouble. We cannot undertake to return rejected communications. No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for insertion in this journal must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

The Sydney Morning Herald.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1877.

WHEN referring recently to the Victorian Land Tax Bill, we remarked that on the whole it would be well that the bill should pass, with such amendments as might seem expedient, because it would be the means of familiarizing the people with direct taxation, and lay the ground for other measures of a similar kind, but wider scope, on the basis of which reforms in the tariff might hereafter be effected. But although it is true that the passing of a well-considered and carefully adjusted land tax bill might, for these reasons, be a service to the country, it does not follow that a measure of so much importance can be hurried through Parliament with safety. This, however, appears to be the course that Mr. BERRY is taking. Whatever fate may await the bill in the Upper House, the policy in the Lower seems to have been to cut short discussion and resist change. And yet it is quite evident that without the fullest discussion—perhaps without special inquiry by a committee—the Parliament, in dealing with this question, is legislating in the dark. Whom would the bill affect, and how would they be affected by it? What indirect consequences will follow the passing of it, in addition to those which it is intended to produce? Does the House really know what it is doing?

The point taken by our correspondent "Proscription," the other day, has been raised and discussed before. The imposition of a land tax has, no doubt, a tendency to confiscate a considerable portion of the property taxed, so far as present holders are concerned. The selling price of an estate will be reduced, through the tax, by an amount which represents the capitalised value of the annual charge upon it; and the weight of that reduction will fall upon the present holders, if they are compelled by circumstances to realise. Whether this effect could now be mitigated or provided against; and whether anything like an equitable readjustment of values would be brought about in the course of time by the ordinary progress of events without any special legislative provision for that purpose, are questions for consideration; and even though they have been raised before, that is no sufficient reason why they should be passed by or treated lightly in the heat and hurry of a party triumph. One thing seems clear. A land tax, when first introduced, should be of light pressure, so that the depreciation of property to present holders may be reduced to as low a point as possible. A moderate depreciation may be made good in a few years by the growth of trade and the advance of settlement in a progressive community; but a heavy and sudden depreciation may be beyond the power of present holders to recover. Hardship of some sort there must be in connection with all such changes, but unnecessary hardship should be avoided.

Then there are the grave questions as to the effects of the tax upon the interests of mortgagors, which are pointed out in our Melbourne correspondent's letter. The case of the widow lady who has petitioned, is one of palpable hardship. As the owner of a property that is mortgaged has to pay the tax upon the whole estate, the charge may be out of all reasonable proportion to his beneficial interest, and the deduction of the capitalised value of the tax from the selling value of the estate may cause the whole of that interest to be sacrificed. The desire of the Government is to break up large estates; but it can hardly be to place additional difficulties in the way of the embarrassed, and to promote the transfer of estates, undivided, without any gain to the State, but at a loss to the present owners. Another case of hardship has been suggested. A man dies, leaving an estate of taxable area and value, to be divided amongst his sons when they come of age, but to be administered in the meantime by trustees for their benefit. The estate is of such a size that, when divided, as proposed, no portion of it would be taxable. But whilst in the hands of the trustees it would be taxed, and thus the interests of the children would be made to suffer at the very time when they ought to be protected. It is probable that there are many other questions connected with the incidence of such a tax that would present themselves in the course of a careful inquiry; but it will be impossible to do justice to them if the bill is to be pushed forward in the dark by the pressure of party interest.

One thing comes out very clearly, as the teaching of current events in the Victorian Parliament, and that is, the advantage of having a second Chamber. Here we see a measure of the first magnitude, the effects of which upon various classes in the community cannot be seen at a glance, though it is easy to see that it may have very injurious effects upon some, and that they ought as far as possible to be provided against. But this measure is being hurried through with a most inadequate discussion. The welfare of the country depends, in this case, upon the action of the second Chamber. What the Assembly, with a large majority in support of the Government, is capable of doing, was shown in the disposal of the Government railway policy. The Assembly was dominated by party influence. The Upper House, when these projects came before it, resolved to deal with them upon their merits, and has accordingly been examining witnesses and obtaining the best evidence it can command before arriving at its decision. The inquiries of the Council have brought to bear upon the subject information of which the Assembly was not possessed, and of which, apparently, it did not care to possess itself. The Assembly, in fact, passed judgment without having the materials for a judgment before it. There cannot be a doubt that the Council has displayed the truer regard to the public interest.

Much has been said of late in this colony about strong Governments and weak Governments. The public interest here has been suffering from the even balance of parties in the Assembly, and the impossibility, under such circumstances, of anything like firm and vigorous action on the part of any Ministry. But a Ministry may be too strong in its party support for the good of the country. And it is a question whether there is not less danger in democratic communities where parties are nearly balanced, than where one has a strong predominance over all others. We have been complaining for years because successive Ministries have proved themselves too weak to overcome obstruction and do the work of the country. In Victoria, at present, the Ministry is so strongly supported in the Assembly as to be able to do what it likes, the House following blindfold. But it is better for a Legislature to do nothing at all than to deal freely with public interests in ignorance as to what it is doing. Our own political prospects are not very bright just now; but those of our neighbours in Victoria are certainly not brighter. The spectacle presented by a paid Assembly following, with almost unquestioning eagerness, the lead of men upon whose action the continuance of its pay may be said to depend, is not a hopeful one.

ACCORDING to our latest intelligence the present famine in India is a far more serious one than is generally supposed and than was anticipated a few months ago. It was predicted in January last that the worst of the distress would be over by April or May, and that by September the number of people employed at the relief works would be reduced to fifty thousand. But we are now informed that the people will be dependent on imported food till January, that rice for export is getting scarce in Calcutta, and that Burmah is exhausted. Instead of fifty thousand, a million and a-half are receiving relief, and over half a-million deaths were reported between December and July. The Coolie population in the Mysore is becoming decimated, and great anxiety is therefore felt about labour for the future. The severity of the scourge at the beginning of last month was regarded as sufficient to necessitate appeals to the charity of the United Kingdom, and solicitations for speedy help were accordingly sent to the editors of the London and Indian papers, and to the Mayors of the principal towns of Great Britain. The solicitations of the Madras committee have been liberally responded to in the mother country, and another relief fund on a large scale has been established.

The figures we have quoted are of themselves sufficient to warrant the appeal which has been made to the sympathy of Great Britain, but it is quite certain that the fragmentary information which has reached us during the last few days conveys but a faint idea of the calamity to which India has once more been doomed. Most people are well aware that famine is one of the scourges by which our Indian Empire has from time to time been smitten, but in this distant part of the world there is probably a very imperfect notion of what an Indian famine really is, and of the extent to which it has taxed the statesmanship and the charity of England. According to the report of Sir RICHARD TEMPLE the help that was given during the Bengal famine of 1874 saved at least two million lives. For several months of that year from four to five millions of people were either living on or helped by the Government, or at the expense of the charitable relief fund. The loss of two or even four million lives would convey but an imperfect idea of the disasters that were consequent on famine in India in earlier times. It was estimated by WARREN HASTINGS that ten million of people, or one-third of the population of Bengal, perished in the famine of 1770. At the beginning of the present year it was stated by Lord CARNARVON that in the Bombay Presidency alone, the area of scarcity was estimated at 54,000 square miles, and in Madras at 80,000. It was also stated that in the former 287,000 persons had to be provided for and in the latter more than a million. It was then calculated that in British territory alone twenty-three millions of persons were afflicted by the famine, and that in three months five millions of these would be entirely dependent upon the State for the barest necessities of existence.

The keeping of this vast mass of human beings alive necessitated a cost to the State of 8s. a month a-head, or about £2,000,000 a month altogether. This view of the subject alone is sufficiently serious, but it is possible that it conveys after all but a very partial idea of the state of things indicated in our last telegrams. A correspondent of the *Standard*, writing from India, a few months ago, said that there was a possibility that ten millions of people would be thrown upon the revenue for the means of support, that the Indian Government had at that time estimated its expenditure, not its loss, at six millions and a half, and that the calamity might exceed anything this generation had imagined. It would seem that, notwithstanding these alarming statistics of distress, the special death-rate is not so high as might have been imagined. But if a gigantic scale of mortality involves trouble of one kind, a gigantic system of relief entails a more harassing trouble of another. If the people do not disappear, the cattle do. In famines of such dimensions as those of India usually are, it is found to be too much to keep the people and the cattle alive together. The consequence is, that when favourable seasons return, the people are left to cultivate the soil, but the means of cultivation are almost wholly gone.

Distressing as this state of things would be anywhere else, it is specially distressing in a country like India, the population of which is so readily dispirited and exhausted by reverses. A famine in India, even more than elsewhere, means the absence of self help, and the throwing of millions of helpless human beings on the care of the Government, and on the charity of mankind. The Government understand its own part of the business well, and it has seldom failed to attend to it nobly. The statesmen of England and of India are generally agreed, that as long as we wear the honours of India, we must patiently accept her responsibilities. There are those who look with alarm at the permanent prospect of keeping the teeming millions of India alive, and of keeping them in order afterwards; but the great majority of English statesmen have made up their minds that it is the duty of England to help India as well as to govern her. India is to a very large extent a poor country, and a country liable to periodic droughts that are extensive and distressing to an extent of which Australians have no conception. For two years past broad tracks of Indian territory have been insufficiently supplied with rain. Years of insufficient rain in a country like India mean years without crops, and therefore years without food; and this means not only starvation and dependence, but starvation and dependence in an overpopulated country. One of the results of English rule in India has been the removal of a large number of evils the tendency of which was to effectually reduce the population and to bring it within manageable limits. We have abolished many forms of death in India, and under our rule the people are fruitful if they have not multiplied. But, though the Indian Government has improved the vitality and the morals of the people of India, it has not succeeded in making them vigorous, provident, and self-supporting in times of calamity. It has not got them to prepare for bad seasons by utilising good ones, and to be ready for droughts by storing the water in times of rain.

Much of the worst soil of India, it has been said, "might be made like a garden if the water brought by the rainy season were stored in a net-work of canals to await the next time of scarcity. The value of such a system may be estimated by a single fact which Dr. HUNTER mentions in his account of Orissa. In 1870-1, an unfinished canal in that province sufficed to irrigate a hundred thousand acres, and thus to raise 750,000 cwt. of rice. During the famine of 1866 all the resources of the Government were unable to provide more than 175,000 cwt. Had the canal existed in the time of the famine, it might have saved two or three hundred thousand lives." Elsewhere the question of water storage may be one of success or failure, but in India it is one of life or death. As long as India is liable to periodic droughts she will be liable to periodic famines, unless the population decreases in number or very greatly increases in self-dependence and foresight. The extension of railways has done much to make the recent famines of the empire less calamitous than the early ones were; but it would now seem that for some of the presidencies there is little left at home or abroad, and that the charity of England is being trusted to keep India alive. There is surely no reason why the calamities of India should appeal to England alone, or why help for the nation that is crying for bread should not go from the wealth of the colonies as well as from that of the mother country.

THE death of YAKOUB, the well-known ruler of Kashgar, whose opposition to the Russian advance in Central Asia made him famous, is an event not unlikely to have some influence upon one aspect of the Eastern question. When the Russian eagles had been planted on the walls of Tashkent and Samarcand, YAKOUB retired beyond the great mountain chain which separates China from the new acquisitions of the ever-advancing Muscovite power. At that time Chinese Turkestan was in rebellion, and the hardy mountain tribes threatened the overthrow of the Celestial Empire. Possessing both military genius and political ability, YAKOUB was just the man to push his fortunes at such a crisis, and he succeeded in establishing himself at Kashgar as the ruler of the revolted mountaineers. As his territory stretches up to the boundary of our Indian Empire on the Himalayas, the question as to who is to be his successor is one of some importance to England. China has never given up her claim to her revolted province, and for some time her armies have been attempting its subjection. Contemporaneously with YAKOUB'S death they seem to have almost accomplished their purpose. But then there is another rival for the territory. Russia is known to have been intriguing all along for the possession of Kashgar, and now that she has China to deal with instead of the invincible YAKOUB, she may accomplish her purpose, for the statesmen of the Celestial Empire have never been able to hold their own against the cunning diplomatists of St. Petersburg. But what will England have to say in regard to a solution of this question very likely to affect "British interests?" She may not wish to annex a single square mile of Central Asia to her vast Indian dominions, yet she cannot overlook the open hostility of the Russian policy, which forbids Englishmen from travelling in Russian Turkestan, and prohibits English goods by ad valorem duties as high as forty per cent. Whether impelled by the force of circumstance, or by a far-seeing design, Russia is pushing onward towards the Indian Ocean in Asia, as she is towards the Mediterranean in Europe, and however friendly her professions may be, her actual policy, wherever she obtains a footing, is one of direct commercial hostility to England. No doubt, she punishes her own subjects thereby far more than any British subjects, but her manifest intention is sure to provoke a challenge from England sooner or later. Whether this is to be on the Dardanelles or the Hindoo Koosh and the Himalayas will depend on certain contingencies which are already beginning to be developed. We agree with those who hold that, if war must come sooner or later, it had better be later, because it is a terrible expedient for rational beings to resort to for a solution of their disputes. Probably England will have no need for such action until Russia becomes her neighbour in Afghanistan, and perhaps by that time even Russian ambition may be satisfied, and her people be powerful enough to stop the waste of blood and treasure caused by the policy of her rulers.

POPE PIUS IX.—The *Sydney Mail*, in recognition of the jubilee year of the present Pope, who as having held the sacred office for so long a period thereby becomes as much distinguished in ecclesiastical history as by the number of important events that have occurred in his pontificate, has given an extra supplement this week containing a large size and finely engraved portrait of his Holiness. The picture is in medallion form supplemented with external symbolical devices suggestive of the attributes of the Papacy.

SYDNEY AMATEUR TURF CLUB.—The following are the latest scratchings for these races, which are to come off at Randwick to-morrow, Saturday:—Maiden Plate: Woodlands. The Open Handicap: Woodlands and Jack of Trumps. All engagements: Ino and Expectation.

COLONIAL INDUSTRIES.—As an instance of the perfection to which the works of some of our colonial manufacturers have arrived, we may state that on Friday last an order was delivered to Messrs. Goodlet and Smith for 500 forms, and that the whole of the forms were completed and delivered on the following day.

SUPREME COURT.—Business for this day, Friday, 14th September: Mevmott v. Piddington, for judgment. Motions Generally: Byron v. Lazar. Motions &c.: Sevil v. Heath; in re Haslingden, exparte Behl; in re Thomas Jones, prohibition; in re Martin Guest, mandamus; in re Andrew Rowan, prohibition; in re Thomas Brown, prohibition; Johnson and another v. Poole and another; exparte T. F. and S. Meyer; Buxton v. Bennett; Fogarty v. Rutherford; in re Real Property Act exparte Pennington and others; in re Tonkin and others, mandamus; Blaxland v. A. S. N. Co., leave to appeal; Drury v. A. S. N. Co., leave to appeal; Moscrop v. Jacobs, to set aside nonsuit. Master's Office, at 11 a.m.: Franklin and wife v. Yeomans and another, evidence prior to hearing. At the rising of the Court his Honor Mr. Justice Hargrave will preside in the Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Court, to dispose of the following business: James v. James, to settle issues; Pickering v. Pickering, to settle issues.

DISTRICT COURT.—14th September: — Ca. Sa. Motions: Russell v. M'Leod, Read v. Trengrouse, Punch v. Martin, Wilshire v. Carter, Broom v. Goold, Farquharson v. Foster, Dudley and another v. Hardy and another. Rehearing: Hicks v. Summerfield, to set aside order for compensation; Macpherson v. Waterhouse and another, to increase damages or for new trial; Shorter v. Brown. Interpleader: Fletcher v. Burchell, Ackman claimant. Causes: Hill v. O'Meara, Dowling v. Lyons, Dowling v. White, Cummings v. Humphery, Hacket and another v. Jacobs, O'Meara v. Wright, Tilly v. Coles, Seamer v. Adrian, Mitchell v. Catley, Walker v. Walker, Pratt v. Hall.

MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.—The usual weekly committee meeting of the Municipal Council was held at the Town Hall, yesterday afternoon, when the Mayor occupied the chair, and the following aldermen were present:—Messrs. O'Connor, Maze, Field, Harris, Macintosh, Chapman, Oatley, Moore, Young, Fowler, and Playfair. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed. The wages sheet for the past week amounted to £1017. Alderman Macintosh complained of the insufficiency of lamps in George-street, the street being almost in darkness after the lights are put out in the shops. Alderman O'Connor moved that the City Surveyor be instructed to report on a certain encroachment in Regent-street. The application of Messrs. Coghlan and Co., to bore for coal on Moore Park was brought up for consideration, and according to the report of the City Surveyor he had no objection, but the City Solicitor was not of that opinion. Alderman Oatley moved that the application be granted so far as the power of the Council would permit, because if the permission were granted the company would give a royalty to the Corporation, and prove a source of revenue. Alderman Chapman seconded the motion, and believed that the discovery of coal under the park would be one of the best things that could happen to Sydney, for it would be the means of encouraging shipping and thus prove a boon to the community. Alderman Moore objected to the motion upon the ground that the Council had not power to deal with the matter. Alderman Young supported the motion, because he believed that under Sydney there is a great coal basin, and he commended the enterprise of those who were desirous of making the experiment. Aldermen Fowler, O'Connor, Macintosh, and Field were willing to grant the application, and they were agreeable that an equitable arrangement for royalty should be made between the Council and the company. A considerable discussion arose as to whether or no the permission should be given; it was, however, finally decided in the affirmative. Alderman Young moved that the City Architect be instructed to prepare some plans to be adopted for street awnings, and he also moved,—"That the City Treasurer be requested to report upon the time required to prepare an assessment of the ratable property of the city for the ensuing year, and advise as to the best means of obtaining an accurate valuation for the purpose of assessment." Both motions were carried. Alderman Oatley drew attention to the state of the drainage in the vicinity of Woolloomooloo, and referred to the fact that during the late rains the streets and some of the cellars of the houses were completely flooded. The other matters brought under notice were of little public importance.

DOUBLE FLOWERS.—It was asserted some time since by a scientific writer in England that no double flowers had been found wild in Australia. This statement, though not then contradicted by any authority, was considered inaccurate, as the beautiful *Epacris* called *E. purpurascens* had been seen in a double state in the neighbourhood of Parramatta by Sir W. Macarthur, Mr. F. Statham, and Dr. Woolls; whilst Mr. Purchase secured a plant of the kind and cultivated it. In order that no mistake should be made, a specimen of the double *Epacris* was forwarded to Baron F. Von Mueller, who at once recognized the species, and recorded the fact in his *Fragmenta Phytographiæ Australiæ*. It was suspected that double flowers might be found here in the genus *Ranunculus*, of which Australia has ten or a dozen species, and indeed some one asserted that our common buttercup had been seen with such flowers. This has recently been confirmed by Mr. C. Cox, of Broomby, near Mudgee, who found *R. lappaceus* in a double state, and has succeeded in cultivating it. In this plant the five sepals remain unchanged, whilst all the stamens are converted into petals of a yellow colour, and the recurved styles into smaller ones of a green colour. Double flowers are always interesting to horticulturists, and now that the existence of such in Australia has been fully ascertained, further search may lead to other discoveries in the same direction.

ALLEGED DISCOVERY OF A LODE OF COPPER.—Yesterday morning two men named Turner and Falls called at this office and brought some half-dozen specimens of copper ore, which they discovered recently in the vicinity of the Fish River Caves. From the account of Mr. Turner, it would seem that towards the end of last year, having a few cattle and being desirous of getting feed for them, he travelled them about the country, and near the top of a hill called the Boles Creek Range, the cattle, in scratching the ground, revealed some carbonate of copper, and Turner believing there was a quantity of the metal in the neighbourhood, set about prospecting, and succeeded in discovering what is said to bear the appearance of rich copper deposits. He reports that veins have been cut several feet in thickness, showing rich stuff throughout. The place where the copper was obtained is about thirty miles from the Bowenfels railway station.

WATSON'S BAY.—A correspondent, speaking of the increase in the number of visitors to Watson's Bay, asks what has led to its popularity? The answer, he thinks, is to be found principally in the many places of resort, the numerous beautiful scenes, and comfortable walks that have been made available to the public by the opening up of the Government reserve as a place of public recreation. He remarks:—"This picturesque pleasure ground has been partially restored—and the improvement is still being actively proceeded with—from a mere wilderness of rocks, scrub, and gully, to a beautiful and tastefully laid out park, with winding and nicely finished paths, along whose borders and in other suitable places, hundreds of ornamental and umbrageous trees have been planted and are thriving famously. One of these paths descends to the depths of the gully and opens up views of crag and rock and glen, highly refreshing to a lover of the grand in nature. Another path threads its devious course midway up the cliffs of the gully, now penetrating caves, now skirting the edge of the precipice, now hidden among the everlasting rocks, and sometimes cutting its solid way through them. This path is a pass of great beauty and presents, in many places, scenes of startling grandeur. Another, and the most frequented path, mounts the cliffs and extends from Jacob's Ladder to the celebrated and historic Gap. One or two views along this elevated cliff-way are not to be surpassed for beauty in the world. About midway along this path the cliff overhangs the sea, at a height of more than 200 feet, and from this vantage ground a most magnificent and comprehensive view of 'grand old ocean' is gained, whereas upon simply turning round on the spot the main harbour of Port Jackson, with its numerous romantic headlands, its charming bays and indentations reposing among evergreen limits, and reflecting the trees as in a mirror and Sydney in the distance, are presented to full view. A little to the right of the main harbour, and separated from it by a gracefully rounded hill, is a view of Middle Harbour, stretching onward beyond point and point, and having the appearance of a gigantic grotto; while to the extreme right opens out a view of Manly Beach, and the high land beyond Rose Bay closes in the left. This scene, with a background formed by the ridges of the Blue Mountains in the great distance, and the very pretty foliage of Watson's Bay as a foreground, make up a picture of impressive grandeur never to be forgotten when once seen."

SEIZURE ON THE BORDER.—The Custom-house officers at Penola (says the *Border Watch*) made a large seizure there on account of the South Australian Customs department. The lot consists of two teams of bullocks, two drays, and several tons of salt. The owners of the teams are charged with illegally crossing the Border from Victoria with dutiable goods, without giving notice. It is said that they were in the habit of bringing salt from some of the Victorian lakes, and, never before being molested, they were not aware they were breaking the law.

REDUCTION OF RATES FOR THE CARRIAGE OF GOODS AND LIVE STOCK ON THE RAILWAYS.—The Secretary for Public Works (the Hon. Edward Combes) has obtained the approval of the Governor and the Executive Council to a carefully revised tariff for the conveyance of goods by railway. A supplement to yesterday's *Government Gazette* contains the schedule of the new rates. Considerable reductions have been made for the carriage of the produce of the country, for instance, bark, bones, horns (in bags), bricks, flour, grain, fruit, garden produce, green undried fodder, hay, straw, and chaff, palings, posts, and rails, &c., which are now charged 1½d. per ton per mile, are to be charged 1¼d., and the terminal charge remitted for distances over 100 miles. The special charge for tarpaulins has also been abandoned, making an estimated average reduction of about 25 per cent. A reduction has also been made in the carriage of clay, undressed timber, and timber in log, the rates for which were considered to be altogether too high. The reduction on these articles will be equal to about 50 per cent. for the average distance they are carried. A reduction of about 33 per cent. has been made in the charge for the carriage of the following articles:—Bones, horns, and hoofs, loose; hides, wet, salted, or green; sand, lime, limestone (20 per cent.), offal (10 per cent.), tin ore (11 per cent.), slates (40 per cent.). Manure and undressed stone have been put in the cheap miscellaneous class, viz., 1½d. per ton per mile up to thirty-five miles, and 1d. per ton per mile for distances over that limit. Firewood and road metal will share in the reduction made in this class, which will amount to about 20 per cent. Dressed timber has been reduced from 5d. to 3½d. per ton per mile. Jams and candied fruits (up journey), terra cotta, and fire-clay blocks, which previously paid the prohibitive rates of 7d. per ton per mile are to be charged 2½d. Aerated waters have been reduced from 7d. to 5d., and quicksilver, which is largely used in gold production, has been made 4d. per ton per mile instead of 9d. For the carriage of soap the charge has been reduced from 7d. to 5d., and in order that local manufacturers may not be prejudiced by this reduction the rates for the constituents of soap, viz., tallow, caustic soda, and resin have been proportionately reduced. There are several other minor alterations, but the foregoing will be most beneficial to those who are engaged in the industrial pursuits of the country. There can be no doubt that these changes in the tariff will stimulate production, and by bringing increased traffic to the railway compensate for the reductions that have been made. The amended rate-sheet is to come into operation on Monday, the 17th instant.

BACK CREEK MINING DISTRICT.—The Minister for Mines (the Hon. E. Baker) has forwarded to us for publication the following official report:—"Dungog, September 6, 1877.—I have the honour to report that I left this on the 3rd instant for Gloucester, and visited the Back Creek Mining District on the 4th. I have marked in red ink on the tracing here with the area which I think will for the present be sufficient to reserve for gold-mining purposes. A crushing machine of ten stampers, 16 horse-power, will be ready for work within two months. The owners, intelligent, practical men, express much confidence in the prospects of the reefs; the stone of the Rainbow, which is in close proximity to the site chosen for the machinery, looks well, although there is much mundic present; the width of quartz is about two feet. About half-a-mile further up the creek, two or three shafts yield stone of, I think, a better character than that of the Rainbow, more friable, of good width and free from mundic; the men employed on this latter are very sanguine, paying their way without difficulty from the returns they get by the simple appliances now in use. There are two or three veins or reefs still higher on the mountain from which the prospects are said to be very satisfactory. Some of the deep gullies running into the mountain may yield gold, but they will very speedily be worked out; and the only prospect of future alluvial workings is the possibility of discoveries in the flats that open out on the Church and School estate. Should the first crushing turn out well, there will probably be considerable addition to present population (about 100 men), and then the mining surveyor cannot be too early on the spot to remain for some little time, the rugged character of the country making rapid survey impracticable. I have the honour to be, sir, your obedient servant, CHARLES GRAHAM SMITH, Warden. The Under-Secretary for Mines, Sydney."

DEPUTATION.—A deputation, consisting of the Mayor of Wallsend (Mr. J. Y. Neilson) and Aldermen Fry, Rushton, and Ross, also of Wallsend, waited on the Hon. the Postmaster-General, yesterday, to present a petition, signed by 504 residents at Wallsend, against the removal of the present post and telegraph office from that municipality to the borough of Plattsburg. The grounds of the petition were, in the first place, that the post-office at Wallsend had been in and near its present position since it was established sixteen years ago; secondly, that the largest portion of the inhabitants of the district were residents of the borough of Wallsend, and, therefore, entitled to consideration at the hands of the department; thirdly, that as there was a postal delivery daily and a letter-receiver granted to Plattsburg, as well as a licensed seller of postage stamps, the removal of the office was not required on the score of public convenience; and, fourthly, that, as the borough of Wallsend was daily extending in a south-easterly direction, the removal of the office would seriously inconvenience all the population of Wallsend. Mr. Neilson, besides reading the petition, read a resolution passed at a public meeting at Wallsend affirming the desirableness of retaining the office there, and also said the directors of the Wallsend Company were prepared to grant a piece of land in a central position and near the station in Wallsend for the purpose. This piece of land, he said, was approved by the Plattsburg people as a site for the offices in question. The other members of the deputation having supported the petition, the Hon. J. Davies, in reply, said the object of the deputation had been anticipated by the department, and inspectors had proceeded to Wallsend to report upon the matter. He would, however, wire them and request that they should stay at Wallsend until the deputation returned there, and a conference between themselves and the mayors and aldermen of both boroughs had taken place. He was of opinion that it would be well for the directors of the company to transmit to the department their willingness to grant the site referred to, and he could not help supposing, providing the Plattsburg people were agreeable, that the suggestions of the deputation would be the means of getting out of the difficulty and creating a proper feeling on the subject. The office would be glad to meet the deputation, he was sure, and when their report and the letter from directors of the Wallsend Company were received, the department would have something more tangible than at present to work upon. Personally he would like to see any little local differences on the subject set at rest, and both communities working together in harmony, and he might say, in conclusion, that his department would do all in its power to foster that spirit, and promote the prosperity of both places. Mr. Neilson, in thanking Mr. Davies for his courtesy, said he would try to procure the directors' sanction to granting the site referred to immediately; and the deputation then withdrew.

SUDDEN DEATH.—An inquest was held by the City Coroner, yesterday, at Mrs. Wakford's Naval Brigade Hotel, corner of George and Essex streets, touching the cause of the death of a South Sea Islander, known by the name of Charles Ware, who died suddenly on Tuesday evening, at No. 3, Thornton's-buildings. The deceased, who had been employed as a pearl-diver, arrived in Sydney from Somerset on Tuesday by the steamer Bowen, and went to the lodging-house kept by Betsy Stone, at 3, Thornton's-buildings, George-street, between 1 and 2 o'clock in the afternoon. He appeared to be very ill. When asked what ailed him he complained that his feet were swollen so that he could hardly get his boots on. He was also troubled with a bad cough. He lay down on a sofa and was carefully attended to by Mrs. Stone, who provided him with hot water to bathe his feet, and blankets to wrap them in. He seemed to get better, and about 6 o'clock in the evening he was assisted to bed. He died almost immediately after getting upstairs. Dr. Hunter was called in, and he examined the body. He found it to be very much emaciated. The legs presented a dropsical appearance. There were no marks of violence or external signs to show the cause of death. On Wednesday the doctor made an examination. He found the brain perfectly healthy. On opening the chest, a large quantity of water gushed out. The doctor collected about two quarts of it, and he believed that he left about two more quarts remaining. The right lung was very much atrophied, and what there was of it was very much diseased and gangrenous. The left lung was in the second stage of phthisis. The heart was much enlarged and diseased, and had polypus attached to the ventricles. In the abdomen there were signs that the deceased had suffered from peritonitis. The liver was much enlarged, and soft and friable. The kidneys were very much diseased; the spleen much atrophied; the coats of the stomach much thickened. In the doctor's opinion the cause of death was hydrothorax. The jury found a verdict in accordance with the medical testimony.

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THE WEEK'S SYDNEY MAIL.—Among the pictures appearing in the *Sydney Mail* this week is a full-length portrait of the distinguished French statesman and litterateur M. Thiers. Other engravings are—a view of the handsome Votive Church at Vienna, and sketches of useful domestic appliances. But the principal engraving is a large-size portrait of Pope Pius IX. The rural department of the paper is more than usually interesting, having ample reports of the season and the state of pastoral and farming matters. The supplement contains a budget of very attractive reading on topics connected with literature, fashions, social and personal affairs, art and science. Among the specialities of this issue are the monthly news letter for transmission by the outgoing San Francisco mail; the commencement of a series of notices on the manufacturing industries of the colony, having reference to the question of free trade and protection; and Nemo's comments on the late A. J. C. Meeting. The war news is important. It need scarcely be added that the New South Wales city and country news, and the intercolonial intelligence contribute to the completeness of the journal.

DAMAGE BY THE CITY OF NEW YORK AND NARROW ESCAPE.—On Wednesday afternoon, the City of New York (s.), while rounding Miller's Point into Darling Harbour, on the way to Dibbs's wharf, took too wide a sweep towards the Balmain side, and grazed the Darling-street wharf, carrying away the upper part of one of the piles, and doing other damage. Before the way of the vessel could be stopped, she ran into Hayes's boatbuilding establishment, a few yards further on, and almost demolished a new jetty, creating quite a ruin by the ripping up of the platform through its entire width. A few minutes before any danger was apparent, the ferry-boat from Sydney, with a number of passengers, had run alongside the Darling-street wharf. The platform had been put out to allow passengers to land when the City of New York was seen coming, apparently stem on to the jetty, and it was only by going full speed ahead that the ferry-boat cleared the wharf in time to escape being crushed. The City of New York received no material damage, but it is a matter of surprise that she did not get aground.

THE REV. DR. SOMERVILLE'S SERVICES.—The interest in these services continues unabated. At the prayer meeting in the Masonic Hall yesterday the accommodation on the floor of the building was fully occupied. The Rev. Dr. Somerville delivered an address on "Sudden Conversion;" and the Rev. Messrs. Firth, P. F. Mackenzie, and G. Sutherland also took part in the service. In the evening a very large congregation, numbering nearly four thousand people, assembled in the Exhibition Building. The Rev. Dr. Somerville preached an eloquent sermon from the text, "I that speak in righteousness mighty to save" (Isaiah, 63rd chapter, 1st verse)—engaging the rapt attention of his audience for an hour. The Rev. Messrs. Fletcher, J. A. Dowie, and Dr. M'Gibbon also officiated. The hymns sung at this and at all the services were from Moody and Sankey's collection, and the singing was conducted by Mr. W. Somerville, assisted by a choir, composed of the leading singers from many of the city churches. A large number of the congregation left at 9 o'clock, but the service was continued for some time longer, many persons remaining to the close.

CRUSHED TO DEATH.—The Cootamundra *Herald* reports a fatal accident connected with the railway works. A man named David Richardson, engaged as general caretaker of the ballast trucks of the contractors, at noon on Wednesday last, whilst shunting the trucks into a quarry at Jindalee, met with a shocking and instantaneous death. The engine had "kicked" the trucks into the quarry, deceased, at his own request, being left to manage the break; but, as appears from the evidence given at the inquest, he chose to use the break on the wrong or dangerous side of the train, the bank of the quarry being so close to the trucks on that side as scarcely to admit of a man's body between them. The trucks had hardly enough way on, and he stood on the break-guard and tried to ease them off by the manipulation of his toe. To do so he was obliged to put himself in a stooping position, when his body came in contact with a stump projecting some six or eight inches from the bank, and his foot slipped off the guard. Having once let go his hold, there was no escape for him. He was wriggled under the wheels, two of which passed over his forearm and head. On extricating the body it was found that the neck was broken, the jawbones were completely smashed into fragments, a large stone having fearfully lacerated the jugular veins, the bones of the hand being crushed into innumerable pieces, the hand just attached by a small ligament of skin. There were no symptoms of life. Deceased was a married man, and leaves a wife and four children unprovided for.

ALLEGED ILL-TREATMENT OF INMATES OF THE BLIND ASYLUM, MELBOURNE.—The *Age* of Monday contains the following in reference to the alleged ill-treatment of some inmates of the Blind Asylum, near Melbourne:—"The recent inquiry into the conduct of Mr. Julius Lovell, the superintendent of the Asylum for the Blind, while it served to reveal to a slight extent the harsh treatment to which he subjected two of the male inmates, did not go half deep enough; and matters are now assuming so grave an aspect that a searching investigation into the whole history of his management has become a matter of imperative necessity. The rumours respecting Mr. Lovell's treatment of some of the female inmates have now assumed such definite forms that we do not feel justified in withholding the specific details any longer. The case we have already alluded to is that of Mary Ann Grace, aged 21 years, a young woman whom he ordered to do some scrubbing, but she refused, as she had been told by Dr M'Millan not to do any laborious work on account of her being in a consumptive state. For this reasonable refusal he incarcerated her in an old lumber room in a portion of the building called the Tower, for nine days, and had her fed upon nothing but bread and cold water. This treatment aroused the sympathy of one of the nurses, who tried to secretly convey some bread and butter to her, but she was detected by the superintendent, and her charitable mission failed. On her release from imprisonment, the young woman informed her companions that Lovell struck her in the face, and otherwise ill-used her during her incarceration. Soon after she had to be removed to the Alfred Hospital, and shortly afterwards she died. On the 9th of May, 1876, it is alleged that Mary Maxwell, aged 18 years, was sent to the tower and kept there upon bread and water diet for eight days, for refusing to scrub, as she felt exhausted, having been washing during the preceding day and a-half. In August, 1876, it is asserted that Adelaide Dunsford, aged 14 years, was confined for seven days in a similar manner, and there are several instances recorded of girls having been incarcerated for shorter periods. George Cockburn, the lad who was assaulted on Friday last, was, it is said, attacked by Mr. Lovell on a previous occasion for not singing loud enough, and it is alleged that the superintendent then pulled out a portion of his beard, which was subsequently picked up by one of the attendants, who showed it to his brother officers. John Smith, a young man aged 21 years, was, it is asserted, imprisoned in the tower for a week, during which time Lovell, on one of his visits, struck him a severe blow in the face. These are a few instances of the alleged barbarous conduct of the superintendent, and it is to be trusted that the committee will at once take the matter in hand and institute a thorough investigation."

A DOOR FOR THE MANSION OF A SOUTH SEA ISLANDER.—Some curiosity was excited on the 6th instant, on the Queen-street Wharf, Auckland, by the appearance of a large flat case, measuring about 9 x 14 feet, which was stated to contain a door for the house of a South Sea Islander of rank. On inquiry (says the *N. Z. Herald*) we learned that the statement was correct. It appears that the new Governor of Vavau and Hapai determined some time since to erect a suitable residence for himself on the island of Hapai, and accordingly sent to Sydney for the materials, viz., Sydney hardwood. The dusky chieftain was not unacquainted with the valuable properties of New Zealand woods, and therefore resolved to have the doors and a part of the fittings of his mansion constructed here. The order was entrusted to George Holdship and Co., and the door in question is part of the work. It is rather more than ten feet square and proportionately thick, so that when placed in position it will have a pretentious look. It is well varnished, and is sure to please Governor Wellington. The schooner Energy will convey the precious article to its destination. It may not be generally known that Wellington is the grandson of King George of Tonga, and that he succeeded but recently to the Governorship of Vavau and Hapai, his predecessor having been killed some months ago by the sudden explosion of a fish-torpedo which he was handling. The deceased Governor, we are informed, was much offended a short period before his death by a statement which he observed in the *Herald*, to the effect that he was a great drunkard. He had a great capacity for "square gin," and it is said that he could drink the contents of a whole bottle without becoming intoxicated. It was, therefore, a matter of little difficulty to him to draw the line at the bottle, and he rarely exceeded that *quantum* per diem. This fact, and the reputation which it gained for him were matters of importance in his eyes, and hence the mortification he felt at seeing the statement of the *Herald*.

ALARM OF FIRE.—Shortly before 9 o'clock last night the fire bells in the city rang out an alarm of fire, and the engines set out for Brisbane-street, off South Head Road, where it was said to have broken out. Their services were fortunately not required, as the fire, which had only been the accidental burning of a window curtain, had been put out speedily.

CHARGE OF ILL-TREATING AN APPRENTICE FROM THE RANDWICK ASYLUM.—John Fraser was summoned to the West Maitland police court on Monday, charged (before Messrs. Addison, P.M., and J. E. Wolfe and T. Cooper, J. P.) with having on the 4th September ill-treated one Alexander Ralliston, he being then his indentured apprentice from the Destitute Children's Asylum, Randwick. The evidence of ill-treatment was given by the boy Ralliston (reported in the *Mercury*), who deposed as follows:—I came from the Destitute Children's Asylum, Randwick, and am an apprentice to Mr. Fraser; I was in his service on the 4th September; about half-past 2 o'clock on that day the defendant beat me because I was not working; he told me I must go to work; I did not reply, but went to work; he sent me to do some chipping, and I went digging; he beat me before that; Mr. Fraser then went into the school; he caught hold of me with one hand, and beat me on the back with the other; he had nothing in his hand on the 4th September; he hurt me very much, and I screamed out; I saw a boy in a milkcart looking over the fence; the boy just called into court is the one alluded to; I did not see any one else there; I felt sure where he beat me; I fell down, and defendant picked me up again and beat me on the back; I did not see the defendant's hands shut; about three weeks before that day the defendant beat me with a strap; I am 13 years of age, and am a general servant; on both occasions he hurt me very much; after the 4th instant the police came to me and took charge of me; the sergeant came to me on the 5th instant; on the 4th instant only Mr. Fraser and myself were present; I did not say anything rude or insulting to Mr. Fraser. By Mr. Young: I did not make any complaint on the 4th instant; I made a complaint to senior constable Sparke; I was working in the garden at the time; he asked me whether I had any parents, and was I hurt anywhere; I said I was bruised on the back; Sparke took me into some house and looked at the marks; he then asked me to come to Dr. Pierce's; he then took me to the lockup, and I remained there until Thursday last. A boy named James Sivyer corroborated the evidence of the lad Ralliston. Dr. R. G. Alcorn gave evidence to the effect that on the 6th instant the boy was brought to him; he examined him, and found one mass of bruises over his back; from the bruises he saw he thought the boy had received a good beating; the bruises were likely to be very sore; if the boy had received three strokes with a stick, they would not make such a number of bruises; he should say the boy received a good hiding from the appearance of the bruises; some of the bruises are of recent date. William Mills was also examined. The evidence went to show that he was coming out of his own gate about 300 or 400 feet distant from Mr. Fraser's, when his attention was attracted by screams which he heard; he went over to Mr. Fraser's fence, and saw the boy crying bitterly; he did not see him assaulted; the boy appeared to have been getting up from the ground when he (witness) saw him; he believed the boy was screaming out murder; he informed the police of the case. For the defence, Dr. B. F. Blackwell was called, who stated that he had examined the boy, and did not consider he had been ill-treated; he saw bruises and discolourations which might have been produced by blows from the open hand. Dr. Morson had also examined the lad, but could not say whether he had been ill-treated by Mr. Fraser; there were two marks on the buttocks, and several lemon-coloured marks between the shoulders; had difficulty in telling whether they were bruises. Mr. Fraser's housemaid, Joanna Cassin, stated that the boy was disobedient, and was in the habit of screaming when anybody touched him. She was authorized by Mr. Fraser to beat Ralliston when he misbehaved himself, and she had done so. After a few minutes' consultation, the Police Magistrate stated that the Bench were unanimously of opinion that the charge had been fully substantiated, and ordered the defendant to pay a fine of £3, with professional and court costs; in default, levy and distress, failing which to be imprisoned for seven days. They also directed the indentures to be cancelled. Mr. R. A. Young applied to the Bench for a copy of the depositions, to move for a prohibition. The request was granted.

BOTANIC GARDENS.—The Headquarter's band will perform (weather permitting) on Saturday, the 15th instant.

ASSOCIATED HAIRDRESSERS.—The Associated Hairdressers of New South Wales held their usual monthly meeting at the Melbourne Club Hotel, on Tuesday night last, when there was a good attendance present. The president (Mr. C. L. Wigzell) was in the chair. The minutes of the previous meeting having been read and confirmed, the hon. secretary (Mr. J. V. Brady) then laid before the meeting for adoption the balance-sheet of the association's first annual ball, which was very satisfactory.

DISCHARGED PRISONERS' AID SOCIETY.—On Monday evening next there is to be an entertainment at the Victoria Theatre in aid of the funds of the above society. This performance has been tendered by Miss Minnie Walton, Mr. L. Sothern, Mr. F. Lyster, and Mr. J. Bennett; and is to be under the patronage of his Excellency Sir Hercules Robinson and Lady Robinson.

COMPLIMENTARY BALL TO MR. W. KING.—Last night the pupils and friends of Mr. W. King, teacher of dancing, gave that gentleman a complimentary ball, on the occasion of his having reached his sixty-second year. This ball came off at the Oddfellows' Hall, Elizabeth-street. There was a good muster of dancers. Mr. Frank Smith, of the Burrangong Hotel, acted as master of ceremonies.

SCHOOL OF ARTS.—Mr. J. Moore, who acts as Mr. Lazar's agent with the Hayward Variety Troupe, announces his benefit for this evening. The programme appears in another column.

THE FAKIR OF OOLU.—Dr. Silvester has returned to Sydney, and is announced to appear in the Davenport's entertainment, which will be repeated this evening for the last time.

THEATRE ROYAL.—It will be perceived that Mr. Samuel Lazar announces that this theatre has now passed into his sole possession, and that he will in future conduct the establishment on his own individual responsibility. This announcement will give great pleasure to his friends. Since Mr. Lazar has been connected with theatrical management in Sydney he has done a great deal for the drama. The public are indebted to him for the introduction of a large number of excellent artists, and for the production of opera on a larger scale than has before been attempted, while he has spared no pains to place every play on the stage in a worthy and handsome manner. This is well understood, and his urbane and courteous manner have rendered him generally popular. It is therefore only due to him that the lovers of the drama should extend a generous support to his new venture.

QUEEN'S THEATRE.—Last night there was an overflowing house at this theatre, the great attraction being Mr. Dampier and his two little daughters, Lily and Rose, in Mr. Garnet Walch's dramatised version of "Helen's Babies." On his first appearance last evening Mr. Dampier was greeted with loud and long continued cheers from every part of the house—a conclusive proof of the cordial feeling existing in Sydney towards this highly talented artist. Everybody has read the story of "Helen's Babies," and it is not necessary to say more of Mr. Walch's dramatization than that it seems to have been very well executed. It retains the chief features of the tale so far as they concern the children themselves, without touching the older persons more than is necessary to display the characteristics of the young ones. In short it is intended purely for Mr. Dampier's children and for him, so far as he acts as a foil to them. The two little girls, Lily and Rose, are extraordinarily good as those terrible youngsters, Budge and Toddy. They give the characters with complete naturalness and with astonishing spirit, throwing their hearts completely into the work, and apparently enjoying the fun quite as much as the originals did. Little Lily sings sweetly, and both of them dance prettily. There is evidently a fine future before the little girls, supposing they adopt the profession. It would be a thousand pities if they were spoiled by over-much praise, though this we may be sure will never be the case while they are under the careful and affectionate training of their father. Mr. Dampier's own part of Uncle Harry is, certainly, a new one on the stage for him. Yet he evidently enjoys the fun as much as the children, though he has a pretty hard time of it in the unceasing game of romps. The piece is of the right length; it takes about an hour to play, and stops before becoming wearisome. Mr. M'Gowan as General Mayton, Mr. Andrews as Mike, Mr. Booth as Colonel Lawrence, Miss Willis as Helen, Miss Bushe as Alice, and Miss Knight as Susan, fill up the cast very satisfactorily. In short the whole affair was completely successful, and to those who wish hearty and healthy merriment, "Helen's Babies" may be thoroughly recommended. The evening's entertainment concluded with Baker and Farron's drama "Lisa Eccles." The same programme will be repeated to-night.

ON BOARD AN IMMIGRANT SHIP.

THE good ship Star of the West, clipper-built, barque-rigged, taut and trim on deck and aloft, and commanded by Captain Penny, lies off Garden Island, at the spot where she dropped her anchor last Monday, after her voyage from New York, and had the larger portion of her immigrant passengers on board up to yesterday morning, as the arrangements for landing the people and sending them to places where they could find employment had not been completed. But from half-past 9 o'clock till noon yesterday, Mr. Frank B. Treatt, from the Immigration Office, was hard at work explaining to the immigrants the prospects of employment in different parts of the colony, and marking the men off upon his list to go to the town or district they chose after considering what was told them. The scene on board was a very striking one, as in addition to the opportunity it offered for observing the general appearance of the immigrants and their fitness as strong, healthy, intelligent people for the career of colonists in New South Wales, there was a good deal of incident about the deck and below indicative of life on board an immigrant ship, for although the vessel had been in port nearly three days, yet the rules and customs which came into play immediately the ship left the wharf in New York Harbour were still observed.

A finer lot of people, as regards health and strength, could not be wished for. The men look young, well-shaped, of fair height, of good muscle, and as a rule, of good appearance, and to judge from their questions and remarks upon the subject of employment, shrewd and fairly intelligent. The women looked like the wives of English workmen. There was an American, although not a Yankee, look and air about the men, especially when they spoke, but this was not observable in the case of the women, and unless they were to tell the name of the ship which brought them here they would not be known ashore from those who have come to the colony in the immigrant ships from Plymouth. Most of them look young and strong, and all appear healthy; and though some of the children do not appear quite so robust as they might do, yet there was no trace of sickness about them, and they were lively enough. The medical officer of the vessel, Dr. J. W. Batter[illegible], had rather an easy time of it during the voyage, as there was little sickness amongst the immigrants. The adult who died succumbed to chronic Bright's disease of the kidneys, from which he was suffering when he came on board; and the three children, whose death resulted from diphtheria, owed their fate to the circumstance that the first case of diphtheria was concealed from the doctor until it had progressed to some extent, and sowed the seeds of contagion in the two others. With these exceptions the voyage was a healthy and pleasant one, and the immigrants are, in respect of physical condition, a far better lot of people now than they were before the voyage commenced. A hospital was established on deck for the sick and there they were isolated, and the sickness effectually prevented from spreading. Since the vessel has been in port there has been another patient in hospital, but the case is one of chronic dyspepsia and general debility only; and yesterday the man was landed with his wife and taken to the hospital in Macquarie-street. The single women were brought ashore on Monday and lodged, as is customary, at the Immigration Depot, so that there was no chance of seeing them on board the ship yesterday.

Since their arrival here the whole of the immigrants have been making preparations to go ashore, and yesterday there was a good deal of luggage and clothes about the sleeping berths, and some about the deck, which made things look rather confused; but the upper deck was as clean as a new pin, and the lower deck had been scraped and cleaned, and received fresh lime upon it every day during the voyage.

Half-past 9 saw the Immigration officer in the doctor's office, a little room forming part of the deck-cabin, and boasting, amongst other things, a desk, on which Mr. Treatt had an alphabetical list of the immigrants' names, and a number of letters and telegrams from persons in the country and the city requiring workmen. The immigrants congregated about the little office-window, and, one by one, were disposed of. The conversation was in this wise:—

Officer to immigrant: "Well, what sort of work do you want?"

Immigrant: "Wall, I ain't particler. I want t' go what there's th' best livin', an' th' best work."

This sensible immigrant is informed of a certain employer that wants three hands, but they must be skilled ones; and this information produces the confession from the immigrant that he is only "a helper."

The officer is obliging, good-humoured, and careful to give all the advice, as well as information, he can, and he says—"Well, if you want labouring work, you had better go up to Orange; the railway is going on there, and there is plenty of work. You are a strong able man. Of course I judge by points you know," laughing encouragingly; and, he proceeds, remembering that one or two others have decided to go to Orange, "there's nothing like sticking *together*; *after work you can spend your evenings with one another*, and talk about matters over a pipe you know. Unskilled labour does not go where skilled labour is wanted."

The immigrant decides to "chum," as he says, with his mates, and will go to Orange; and this going to Orange seizes the men like a fever a few minutes afterwards, and almost everybody wants to go to Orange.

A Pole presents himself next at the window, with a preliminary "I no speak mush Inglese," and in reply to the question "What do you work at?" says "Truck-care," and wants to get on some railway works. He is ticked off for Orange, and the officer seizes the opportunity to administer a word of advice to those crowding around the window. "Mind, you must not be disappointed with New South Wales. You have been accustomed to see large numbers of people in the States, and then when you see a few people here you say this is a tarnation country. But that's not the fact. Then you young and smart people come out here, where you think the people are slow, but when you do you ought to show the people here how to go ahead."

This disposition on the part of the Immigration officer to be pleasant and communicative, has a very good effect upon the immigrants, and enables the business to be done cheerfully and satisfactorily to both sides.

Another immigrant, with an eye to ease (possibly the Civil Service), presents himself and says:—"I can't work hard; I never worked hard in my life."

"But you have your muscles on you" replies the officer; "We cannot put you into an easy billet, you know; you must work the same as the rest."

The matter is settled by putting down for Orange, and he is told he must go in for ordinary labouring work.

The next one at the window says he "was brought up to the same as the other, in the same place," and he is succeeded by one who guesses he will go to Newcastle.

The miners in that district may like the particulars of the interview.

"What as?" the man is asked. "A miner."

The officer, knowing the disposition of the miners in the Newcastle district towards immigrants, is dubious.

"What sort o' chance is there up there for work?" the immigrant inquires.

"Oh, the mining is going ahead, but it has its periods of depression. There are plenty of miners there; but then you are a man that can turn your hand to anything else. Are you a single man?"

"Yes."

"Well, that is better than being a married man. There is this advantage in Newcastle. If you are a man of independent mind, and do not wish to stay in Newcastle, you are at the terminus of the railway there, and can go up the district—Newcastle is the centre of a large district—and turn your hand to all sorts of labour."

It should be understood that the Immigration Office cannot prevent an immigrant from going where he chooses; the object of the office is to give him the best advice and send him on his journey.

Several miners who called themselves "rock miners," were among the immigrants. One wanted to know where "the Gottrells, that came out in the Annie H. Smith," went because he wanted to go there too; and others were very particular in getting all the information they could respecting tin, copper, and gold mining. One who has a family, including a daughter, is pleasantly joked upon the point that "there are 60 000 more men in the country than women, and happy is the man who has his quiver full of daughters."

"You are a miner?"

"Yes. If I can't get mining I'll take labouring."

"Ah! You are the man for a place. Orange."

Another man wanted to go "with the party" to Orange.

"I suppose," observes Mr. Treatt, "if you cannot get any mining at Orange you are willing to go in for other work."

The immigrant answers in the affirmative.

"You will be able to hear from the people there what there is to do," he is informed, "and then you can redistribute yourselves."

Another says he will go to the same district, and wants to know what kind of conveniences are there for married people, in regard to houses. "Houses in country districts," he is told, "are not easily obtainable, and that is one reason why operatives are wanted."

With a taste singular among immigrants, one declares he would far sooner go into the country than stay in the city, and he is answered by the observation that we must not have too many people in the cities, because poverty arose in crowded cities, and by the reminder that the poet says, "God made the country, and man made the town."

Still another man wants to go to Orange, and will not hear of Kiama or anywhere else. He believes he can get work at farming about Orange, and if not, at "rock work." He states that he is a single man, and he is told that if he cannot get work at Orange he must go on a little further, and is advised about the mines around there.

In this way other immigrants come to the window—house-carpenters, rough carpenters, tinsmiths, miners, coach-trimmers, &c.—and the Immigration officer, referring to his papers, gives them the best information he can. As a specimen of the applications sent to the Immigration Office from the country for immigrants, the following was on a telegram from a town in the northern district: "Messrs. ——— require three competent joiners at current rate of wages. They will hire them for twelve months. They are a very respectable firm. *Please inform me if men can be obtained, and when.*" The immigrant inquires respecting the distance he will have to go, and being informed, thinks he will try the city first. He is told that Armidale is a very pretty place; but answers that he has been used to the town, and he decides to go to Armidale only when he hears that it is more than a town, that it is a city, for it is the seat of a bishop. This attracts the notice of another man, and his name, also, is marked for Armidale, but while this is being done, a companion cautiously observes that the rate of wages at Armidale may be less than the rate in Sydney. The Orange batch was not yet completed, for another man with his mother and brother wanted to go, because he had a relative there; and somebody else said, he would go along "with these boys." "I came from home with 'em," he says, "and there's no use partin' with 'em now." So he went, though he was reminded, that the stern necessities of life might force them to part. He said he had been used to farming, but did not want to farm, the hours were too long; and though a very good opportunity presented itself in an application from Young he would not accept it, holding firm to his first resolution, "to go with the others."

A surly son of the Emerald Isle wanted to get on the public works. He was a farmer, but did not want to farm, preferring public works. He was told, that he might go up to Murrurundi or Warrah.

"Well, wud I git a letther to the man," he asks with some knowledge of the ways of contractors; "they play on us yer know when we git up there." It was explained to him that he would have to make his own arrangements as to wages when he got there. He would be sent up, and his pay would be according to his arrangements. He decided to go to Murrumburrah, and a note to the Clerk of Petty Sessions there was to be given to him.

The immigrants generally are in a quandary about the places they are going to. One asks how far Gratton is from Orange, as some one has told him that the two places are close to one another; and another inquires earnestly "when the boat for Orange starts." The word Orange is electrifying. No sooner is it uttered than a man comes forward, and in answer to the question where did he want to go, says, "Orange, sir. I go with the crowd. The crowd is going to Orange, and I go with them." He is followed by one who observes upon their position: "We're just like wild ducks flying about here," apparently with the intention of expressing something in the experience of wild ducks and immigrants analogous to the condition of the dove mentioned in Biblical history. Three or four want to go where "John Gain, Briny Burke and John M'Culler," who came here in the Minnie H. Smith, went; and one of them is told off to go to the Immigration Office to make inquiries. A letter from Inverell is read to a man who wishes "to stay in Sydney and see the nature of the country." "Every kind of manual labour is scarce, and wages good," and the writer had "never seen one of our immigrants" there.

In this way every man decides to go somewhere, and while he is advised what to do he is warned against coming to a conclusion respecting the country too soon, before he has had a proper chance of judging its capabilities. "You come from a big city," they are told, "and there is a tendency among you, maybe, to write home and say you do not like this country. But give it a little time, and then write."

The captain of the ship is a fine specimen of the American skipper—big in stature, kindly face, sociable and pleasant to all, and, though inclined to maintain the superiority of Uncle Sam over anything else, he was willing, before the morning was gone yesterday, to admit that Australia was a great country, and that New South Wales surpassed anything of which the people in New York had any idea. He appeared to be on the best of terms with the immigrants, and from the incidents connected with a certain distribution of oranges, and a pattering of little feet in the cabin to bid "Captain, 'good bye,'" before leaving the ship altogether, he seemed to be on anything but unfriendly terms with the children. The voyage has been so pleasant that unlike passengers, who have experienced the annoyances that usually arise from having a crowd of passengers on board, he gives utterance in answer to the question, "Do he like carrying immigrants?" a broad American, "Yes;" and to the inquiry, "Would you carry them again?" says he would; but if he carried immigrants again he would know more about them at the start. And then he states his only complaint. "They put too much on our backs at New York," he says, and he explained that the provisions and other things were pitched in anyhow, and that some difficulty arose through there being two dietary scales on board—that of the Government, and that issued by Cameron and Co. His want of knowledge regarding New South Wales showed that we have not done all we need to do in spreading information respecting this colony through the United States. He will return to America wiser, he cheerfully admitted. His idea was that the only "tillable" land in the colony was on the coast, and that there it was but a very narrow strip. He laughed incredulously when he was told how many millions of people the colony could maintain, and would not for a moment admit that England could almost be put into a district here—the Albert district, for example—*until an examination of the maps* proved it, and then convinced, he thoughtfully observed, "respecting the opinion of New South Wales in America: they don't have no such idea of the country as that."

Dinner time sent a procession of women and men to the galley, from which in a few minutes they filed with tins of soup, tins of roast meat, and tins of potatoes in their jackets, and disappeared with them below. The practice on board immigrant ships is for the immigrants to divide themselves into messes of eight, or ten, or twelve, and one is chosen every day to look after the provisions issued to the mess, and see that it is cooked and brought at the meal hour. Things are not so daintily arranged as they are in a cottage-house ashore. There is no tablecloth (or at least there was no vestige of one yesterday), scarcely any seats, and no arrangement in placing the meal for consumption; while a little of the proceedings generally is suggestive of the pigstye. In a crowded compartment between decks, dismal in the dull light of an oil-lamp hanging from the roof, and dark and close to anyone descending into it from the sunlight and the fresh air, the single men or the married people and their families were partaking their midday meal. The tables were long and narrow, formed of boards with a rim nailed to uprights which supported the main deck, and stretching fore and aft. They were scarcely wide enough to hold the tin dishes of provisions, the tin plates, tin mugs, and knives and forks, which appeared to have fallen higgledy-piggledy upon the boards as if they had been the contents of a beggar's wallet shot out indiscriminately, and they took up so much of the passage between the bunks that there was scarcely room to walk by the tables, let alone sit at them to eat. Some sat, however, and some stood; some used a knife and a finger with their food, and some used their fingers and teeth, but they all seemed to enjoy their meal. Some of the confusion yesterday might have arisen from the circumstance that the immigrants had been preparing to leave the vessel, and were, therefore, in somewhat the same condition as people are when about to vacate a house, and ere what is known as "moving." This will explain why everything in the bunks appeared topsy-turvy, and why clothes of various patterns and fashions were hanging from the roof like they sometimes do between the masts of a man-of-war, for as the immigrants were about going ashore there had been a dive into all the boxes for Sunday clothes. The bunks on board the ship were large, and two persons slept in each. The young men were located on one side of the 'tween decks, the married people on the other side—of course with no communication between the two compartments—and the single women, of whom there were but ten, found accommodation more aft. The want of room where the tables had been placed was to some extent compensated for by a space in the stern of the vessel, which formed a kind of sitting-room for the women and children; and the doctor had the people on deck during the voyage as much as possible when the weather was fine.

To-day a steamer will go alongside the vessel, and the immigrants will be brought, with their luggage, on shore, and afterwards sent to their destinations in the country.

A DEFAULTING SECRETARY OF A BUILDING SOCIETY.—With reference to the defalcations in the Warrnambool Building Society, the *Standard* remarks:—"The amount of H. T. Read's deficiencies has not definitely been ascertained, but additional defalcations have been discovered, bringing the total up to about £1500; and it is believed this will cover the whole deficiency. It appears that he was enabled to grant releases without the knowledge of the committee, and consequently without any check on the proper disposal of the money, which in some instances he omitted to enter, pocketing the cash. Such laxity of management as this is almost incredible. It is stated that payment of the guarantee policy for £400 will be disputed, on the ground that the committee did not take reasonable precautions to protect the society's interests. There is no reason to believe that the municipal funds have been tampered with in any way."

FEDERATION.—Mr. Coleman Phillips, of Auckland, writes to the *Colonies*:—"Mr. Forster, in his able paper, does scanty justice to the question of Australasian Federation when he states that 'the proposed benefits (to be expected from such a federation) may be briefly enumerated under the heads of—(1) railways, (2) waste lands, (3) emigration, (4) customs, (5) national or local defences.' Permit me to add to the list—(6) consolidation of important statutes and uniform statutory enactments upon all general questions, (7) consolidation of loans into one Australasian stock, (8) supervision of extra and intercolonial postal services, (9) telegraphs, ocean and land, (10) uniform examination and admission of all professional men, (11) an Australasian Merchant Shipping Act suitable to the growing commerce, (12) combined action with regard to New Guinea and the islands of the Pacific. There are, I think, a few other practical questions which require immediate attention, and which would receive more justice and be much better considered by a Federal Australasian Parliament than by the various local Legislatures. Allow me also to observe that those persons who write and speak upon the question of Australasian Federation express but their own individual opinions. I do not believe that out of our entire population one hundred colonists have given the matter any particular attention. Australasian colonists as a body, or even in fractional sections, as yet know nothing about it. The subject may shortly be taken into consideration, for every year the necessity for general conference upon one or the other of the above stated matters becomes more and more apparent. Of one thing I feel certain; that when the subject is considered, the colonies of South Australia, Queensland, Western Australia, Tasmania, New Zealand, and Fiji, will unhesitatingly condemn the unseemly bickerings and jealousies which apparently actuate public men in New South Wales and Victoria. In reply to the Horatian lines, "*O! si quis (quid) volet impias caedes, et rabiem tollere civicam.* I humbly make answer. Federation."

THE THIRTY-FIRST CLAUSE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

SIR,—While perfectly willing to appreciate Mr. Dalley's modesty and self-restraint in resisting "the promptings of a malcontent vanity, or an untimely fit of spleen" under the adverse criticism to which his opinion on the now notorious thirty-first clause, and the subsequent action of his Government exposed him, I feel compelled notwithstanding to congratulate him on his final determination to attempt a vindication of himself and his colleagues. I agree with him that as a legal dispute between two Attorney-generals, the subject does not deserve the large amount of attention bestowed upon it by the Parliament, the Press, and the public. But as a precedent in the political history of a new country its importance cannot well be exaggerated, and it is for that reason that my investigation of the case was undertaken. At the outset some doubts occur to me whether a reply to Mr. Dalley properly comes within my province. From beginning to end his long letter scarcely touches a single point of the two articles which appeared in your columns under my signature. He seems to use these articles merely as an excuse for attacking everybody in and out of Parliament who has ever questioned the correctness of his opinion and the propriety of the action of the former Robertson Administration. But, as he cites my narrative and comments as the first "legitimate opportunity of saying a word upon the question" that had been afforded him, and on the strength of these has entered the lists as the champion of the Government of which he is, in my opinion, the most distinguished member, I am sure he will acquit me of any transgression of personal modesty or any undue submission to "the promptings of a malcontent vanity" in attempting to reply to his letter.

First, Mr. Dalley calls in question my impartiality as an historian of this little transaction. He might have spared himself the trouble. I never pretended to be impartial *as to the merits of the case*, for no historian is worthy of his high function who is indifferent to the truth. But *as to the facts of the case* I do claim to be impartial, and no better proof of this could be given than the fact that Mr. Dalley himself has not ventured to call in question the accuracy of a single statement of mine from beginning to end of the articles which he assails. He demurs to one point, and that is the significance of the vote in the Assembly on Mr. Garrett's motion which led to the re-instalment of the Robertson Administration. He says it was "an expression of Parliamentary distrust in the work of administration of the public estate by those against whom it was directed." In what part of either of my articles have I advocated the administration of the clause as conducted by either one Government or the other? On the contrary I have said distinctly several times, as you have in your leaders, that when it was discovered that the clause was likely to be abused for the purpose of staving off free selection, as the Volunteer land order system was *after Sir John Robertson made the order as well as the land saleable*, recourse should have been had to new legislation. But apart from this, what was Mr. Garrett's motion? It was simply this, "That in the opinion of the House, the opinion given by the Attorney-General as to the meaning of the 31st clause of the Lands Acts Amendment Act of 1875, as set forth in the papers on the matter laid before this House on the 17th instant, is not in accordance with either the spirit or meaning of the law, and should not be acted upon in its administration." That most certainly is not a question of administration, but primarily and directly a question as to the meaning of a single sentence in a single clause of one of the laws of the land. The proper business of Parliament is to make laws or to alter or repeal them, but not to interpret them, and in turning out one Government and putting in another on the strength of this resolution the Assembly transcended its functions. It is for that reason that I felt bound to challenge "such a unique proceeding" as a most dangerous precedent in the Parliamentary history of this country, and though the Attorney-General appears to regard it as an ordinary and legitimate method of political warfare he has not attempted to find a parallel to it in the whole range of constitutional history.

Next Mr. Dalley accuses me of unfairness for not "pointing out that he had not been shown to be so precipitate in the transmission of his opinion as to overlook the ordinary channel of its communication." How was I to point that out when it does not appear in the Parliamentary papers with which I had to deal? On the 29th of September Mr. Garrett forwarded his case to the Attorney-General, desiring an immediate answer, Mr. M'Bean's application having been on his hands for five months. Mr. Dalley's opinion bears the same date (September 29th), and it was minuted by Mr. Garrett for the guidance of the Lands Department on the 10th of October. According to the etiquette of the legal profession Mr. Garrett's case should have gone to the Crown Solicitor to be sent by him to the Attorney-General for an opinion, which opinion should have gone back to the Crown Solicitor to be forwarded to Mr. Garrett. That is the ordinary channel of communication, and if Mr. Dalley tells me that his opinion was sought and transmitted in this way I will at once implicitly accept his word. But, in that case, he must permit me to marvel more than ever at the astonishing celerity of the legal proceedings of that momentous 29th of September, when a case for counsel's opinion could be prepared in the Lands' Office, pass through the Crown Solicitor's Office, and reach the office of the Attorney General in time for that officer to consider and advise upon it—*all between 10 o'clock in the morning and 4 o'clock in the afternoon.* If that is a specimen of the "ordinary" way of transacting the legal business of the Government, even Shakspeare would have nothing to complain of as to "the law's delays" in New South Wales.

At the risk of being denounced as "unlearned" I shall pass over all Mr. Dalley's legal authorities on jurisprudence, including even the curious passage from Quintillian supplied by a scholarly friend, whose pardon I beg for not stopping at present to enjoy his wit and learning. The Attorney-General contends that when Mr. Garrett substituted the words "five miles square" for the terms "twenty-five square miles" which he had previously introduced, he must necessarily have changed the intention of the clause by this change of words. How is it then, that at the same time he also added the phrase, "any holding of less area," which makes the clause read, that any Crown lessee could purchase one square mile out of each block of five miles square, or out of any holding of less area? Does this also indicate a change of intention? Mr. Dalley is not entitled to take one amendment without also taking the other, and then what a ridiculously absurd piece of legislation he gets to credit his Government with. A lessee can obtain "one square mile out of each block of five miles square, or any holding of less area." That is how the clause read when it left the Assembly, and I doubt whether the legislative history of the world contains anything more preposterous. The Council put in the words "proportionate quantity out of" to qualify the absurd term "any holding of less area," and by this amendment made the clause less absurd, but at the same time more incongruous if possible, because they brought in the principle of proportionate quantity to compete with that of square areas if the term "five miles square" is interpreted to mean a geometrical square. On this point Mr. Dalley himself says "I experienced and am still sensible of some difficulty in advising beyond all doubt as to the absolute necessity of an adherence to the form in the lesser area." But Mr. Garrett, at Camden and elsewhere, has said that his Government did not adhere to the form in regard to lesser areas. If a lessee has 16,000 acres in the precise form of a square, he can purchase up to the maximum of one square mile, and repeat this for every additional square of equal extent on his run. If he has an inch less than 16,000 acres he can purchase "a proportionate quantity;" and the present Government interpret this to mean proportionate in the ratio of 640 acres to 16,000 acres as to quantity only, throwing out the question of geometrical configuration. We now learn that Mr. Dalley is in doubt whether they are right in this last reservation, so that they have gone beyond the opinion of their own legal adviser. The case submitted to Mr. Dalley by his colleague asked, "if there should not be a block of land of five miles square upon his run, is the lessee debarred from exercising the power to purchase under the 31st clause of the Act named?" Mr. Dalley's answer is partly an evasion, partly a contradiction, and partly an innovation upon the law itself. It is an evasion because he does not say that no Crown lessee can purchase who has not "a block of land of five miles square upon his run," which was the case on which his opinion was asked. It is contradictory because it says that "to entitle any one to the pre-emptive right provisionally to purchase land intended to be improved to the extent of one square mile, these conditions must be in existence;" first, that he holds a block five miles square; and, "in the second place, that this application must be for a proportionate quantity out of any holding of less area;" that is, he must both have a five mile square block, and a less area in order to be able to purchase one square mile! Are not these conditions absolutely contradictory as put by the Attorney-General in his legal opinion? It is also an innovation upon the law, because it says that "the application must be a single one," meaning that the applicant can apply for "one portion only" on his run, as the regulation says, but the Act nowhere makes that provision, notwithstanding the fact that Mr. Garrett explained the intention of the clause to be expressly to prevent a lessee from covering his run with small detached selections in coveted localities. "Unlearned" as these criticisms may be, I am quite willing to submit them to any competent legal tribunal, and accept a brief on the condition of losing my fee if I lost my case.

There is one point in respect to which the Attorney-General is unjust to me in his letter. He accuses me of "unnecessary bitterness and ungenerous warmth of expression" in accusing Mr. Garrett of "a deliberate attempt to deceive the public." Mr. Dalley knew, and if your readers will refer to your issue of the 6th instant, they will see for themselves that *I* put this as an alternative or hypothetical case, which makes all the difference in the world. If Mr. Garrett meant to alter the effect of the 31st clause so materially when he substituted the words "five miles square, or any holding of less area," for the words "twenty-five square miles," as explained by him on the second reading, he was bound, by all the rules of honest statesmanship, to explain that alteration. He never once indicated that there had been any change of policy on this point during the whole passage of the bill through Parliament, and therefore it is perfectly legitimate to infer either that there had been no change of policy, or that Mr. Garrett was attempting to steal a march upon the public, and deceive the many for the benefit of the few. I still hold by that alternative, and I leave Mr. Garrett and his colleagues to elect either horn of the dilemma according to their pleasure, or, perhaps, I ought to say their political necessities.

Will the Attorney-General pardon me for reminding him that there is one aspect of the question in regard to which he has maintained what seems to me a significant silence? His opinion of the 29th of September, 1876, was minuted by Mr. Garrett for the guidance of the Lands Department on the 10th of the following October. According to documents cited in Parliament it appears that 140 applications which had been sent in to the Lands Office under the 31st clause, dated prior to the 1st October, 1875, were rejected by the Robertson Administration after the 10th October, 1876, professedly on the strength of Mr. Dalley's opinion. But, by the 10th October, 1876, every one of these applications ought to have been determined, because the improvements, in virtue of which they were made, and the money deposited, should have been completed. Why did the Government retain the deposit money until after the termination of the period appointed by the Act for the completion of the whole transaction if they knew from the first that not one of these applications could be entertained? If Mr. Dalley can answer that question to the satisfaction of the public, he will do more to purify political morals in this colony than he can ever do by learned quotations from Quintilian and the great authorities in British jurisprudence.

Finally, permit me to protest against the charge of depreciating the Legislature or seeking to benefit a particular class which Mr. Dalley seems desirous to fix upon me. Both the Assembly and the Council did much to improve the crude Land Law introduced by the Robertson Government in 1875. In both Houses the leading men protested against piecemeal legislation on such a subject, but at the same time did their best to make the new Act useful. They deserve the gratitude of the public for putting an end to the system of indefinite credit to conditional purchasers, and for some other reforms introduced by them. In the absorbing interest felt as to other parts of the Act, the 31st clause escaped criticism, and there was not a man in the colony—not even Mr. Farnell, whose unreported speeches Mr. Dalley seems to rely upon very greatly—who expected this clause to work the results it has done. Would it not be far better for the present Government honestly to confess the truth than attempt to conceal it for the purpose of showing their own consistency or infallibility, in which, after all, nobody believes? I am almost at a loss to decide whether Mr. Dalley appears in the lists against me as a lawyer or as a party politician. In some parts of his letter he seems chiefly anxious to guard his legal reputation, and in others to strengthen his political influence and his political party. In either character, I protest against the following sentence which occurs towards the close of his letter—"Do those who uphold my view, or those who oppose it, do the better service in guarding the general rights of the public from becoming the exclusive privileges of the few?" If the general rights of the public are imperilled, the proper way to protect them is to amend the law, not to set it aside. For such amendment I have contended, and you have in your leaders, all through the present controversy, and with those who know the truth Mr. Dalley will gain nothing by this attempt of his to set one class against another. As well get up a cry of shoemaker versus tailor, or carpenter versus blacksmith, as this cry of squatter versus free selector. What need is there for the social status and industrial occupations of the people being imported at all into the discussion of political principles? Let justice be done to all classes, and let the public estate be administered in the interest of the whole people, and not out of fear or favour in regard to particular classes, and there will soon be an end to the agrarian confusion which has become a reproach and a danger to the commonwealth of New South Wales.

HISTORICUS.

SPORTING.

GOULBURN SPRING MEETING.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

THURSDAY.

THERE was a good attendance at the races to-day. The weather was cold. The following are the results:—

THE SHORTS; ¾ mile.	
Mr. J. Allsop's Hubert	1
J. Miller's Vampire	2
R. Grovenor's Beltran	3
MAIDEN PLATE; 1½ mile.	
Mr. R. Grovenor's Quickstep filly	1
W. E. Royd's Bracelet	2
G. Whiteman's Traveller	3
SPRING HANDICAP; 2 miles	
Mr. H. Osborne's bc Crusader, 6st	1
T. Ivory's b g Wrangler, 8st 9 lbs.	2
Rutledge's ch g Farnham, aged, 6 st. 9lbs.	3
Won by only a nose.	
FLYING HANDICAP; 1 mile.	
Mr. G. Whiteman's Index	1
J. Allsop's Hubert	2
J. Miller's Vampire	3
THE FLUTTER.	
Fairy	1
Undaunted	2
Actress	3

A LABOUR CRUISE.—The *Rockhampton Bulletin* gives the following particulars of the cruise of the Bobtail Nag, a Polynesian labour recruiting vessel, which came into port, bringing 91 islanders, including five females. There were nine deaths on the voyage. A few details of the trip may interest our home readers. When at Erromanga, on May 9, the captain heard that a white man had been killed at Tanna. At Ambrim, on the 25th June, two boats' crews were fired at from the shore. It appears, from what we can learn, that the island having been reported dangerous, two boats were sent to reconnoitre, one being intended to cover the other in the event of attack. The boats were going along the shore, the first being within a very short distance of the beach, when suddenly there was a discharge of musketry, and a number of bullets whizzed over the heads of the boats' crews. The boats were at once pulled out from the shore; and a number of the islanders were then observed perched on the rocks, armed with sniders and long guns, and grinning with delight at the exploit they had performed. The boats kept on their course, skirting the island at a safe distance, and the firing from the shore continued for three or four miles. It is supposed that some Fiji or New Caledonian vessel had visited the island and irritated the natives in some way; and it is said that the majority of such assaults are committed by islanders who have been partly civilised in Queensland, Fiji, or Noumea, or who have at least come in contact with Europeans. They seem, also, to be throwing aside the poisoned arrow for the rifle. We have heard of another incident in connection with the late trip, but it is a mere rumour—to the effect that ten of the islanders, becoming homesick, leaped overboard for the purpose of swimming ashore, but whether they reached it in safety we do not know. As the South Sea Islands are exceedingly fertile, it is surprising that capitalists have not paid them more attention. There are exceptions, however. A gentleman who made the trip in the Bobtail Nag—a Mr. Giles—was so much pleased with the appearance of the islands, their great fertility, and the superior chances of gaining money there, that he decided there and then to make a bid for fortune's favours. He accordingly selected the island of Mai as offering peculiar advantages, and bought a considerable quantity of land from the chief for agricultural purposes. The natives, who are friendly, have promised to build a house and clear a portion of the land. Noumea, which is about three days' sail from Mai, offers a good market for foreign produce, such as corn, pigs, and poultry; and the cost of labour is almost nil, the natives giving their services all the year round for £3.

TELEGRAPHIC MESSAGES.

AUSTRALIAN ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAMS.

ARMIDALE.

THURSDAY.

1913 acres of land were conditionally purchased this day by ten applicants.

MOLONG.

THURSDAY.

2358 acres of land were selected to-day.

BRISBANE.

THURSDAY.

The proposed vote for the initiation of a trigonometrical survey of the colony has been withdrawn. The Assembly are dealing with the Estimates, and have generally rejected all increases of salaries.

Macartney, mining manager of Milchester, has been charged with the manslaughter of the two men drowned last week by the sudden influx of water into the mine from an old working.

ARRIVED.—Florence Irving (s.) and Tambaroora (s.), from Sydney.

MELBOURNE.

THURSDAY.

The Legislative Council has adopted the Hawthorn route for a direct line to Oakleigh, and last night passed all the other lines in the bill except the Goulburn Valley, which was considered to-day. Mr. Sladen moved an amendment on the Goulburn Valley line, substituting the east for the west side of the river.

The Assembly has debated the Cape service, but the subject was dropped without any result being arrived at. Mr. Berry said the Messrs. Green's offer having apparently fallen through, the Government would be driven to the alternative of calling for tenders.

On the meeting of the Assembly this evening, Mr. Berry moved an adjournment until Tuesday fortnight, owing to the Council having postponed the consideration of the Land Tax Bill for a fortnight. On that being objected to without notice, he moved,—"That the House do now adjourn," and then gave notice of his intention to move on Tuesday for a fortnight's adjournment. Several members of the Opposition objected to this coercion of the Council, which had as much right to choose its own time for the transaction of its business as the Assembly had. It was further argued that there was no precedent for such a course, and that so long as the Assembly had business to transact there was no reason for the course taken by the Government. Mr. Berry denied that any coercion was intended, but thought that under all circumstances a fortnight was too long to delay the bill, which already had been accepted by the country, and was the keystone of the Government's proposals. He said the adjournment was proposed to give the Government time to consider what would be their next steps in view of eventualities occurring. They intended to be firm, and see that the expressed will of the country was carried out. None of the Ministerial supporters spoke, but they frequently cheered Mr. Berry when he addressed the House. The motion for adjournment was carried by a very large majority.

Sir W. C. Robinson visited both Houses, and occupied a chair on the floor of each.

It is intended to establish a pyrites works at Yarraville, at a cost of about £150,000. The promoters ask some concessions from the Government to assist in the undertaking.

Several country members of Parliament have received letters from the Catholic clergy requesting them to press on the Government the duty of making some provision for the education of Catholics, who cannot conscientiously avail themselves of the present system.

Governor and Lady Robinson, and Governor Bowen were present at the performance of "Aida," at the Opera House, to-night. There was a large audience.

The body of a newly-born child has been found in the Fitzroy Gardens.

The strong south-westerly gale will retard operations in raising the brig Emily at Queenscliff.

Heavy rain continues.

ARRIVED.—City of Melbourne (s.), from Sydney.

QUEENSCLIFF.

THURSDAY.

SAILED.—Florinda, schooner, for Rockhampton; Adela (s.), for Newcastle. At 9.40, Arcoa (s.); at 5.30, City of Melbourne (s.), for Sydney.

ADELAIDE.

THURSDAY.

The ship Monaltrie is aground, but it is expected that she will float off without much damage.

In regard to the Land Bill the Assembly has decided that no land shall be surveyed in larger blocks than 320 acres. Mr. Glyde failed to reduce the area open for selection from two to one square mile.

Mr. John Coode, civil engineer, reports against expending much money on the Murray mouth, because he believes the success doubtful, but he advises the improvement of Victor Harbour.

Getting, who murdered two men at Bourke, was formerly drover in the employ of Gordon and Co., of Adelaide.

Mr. Landseer proposed, in the Assembly, a motion that money be borrowed to develop the Northern Territory. The Government promised to introduce a bill to borrow money to construct a railway from Port Darwin to the Reefs, and asked Mr. Landseer to withdraw his motion. The debate on the question is adjourned.

Letters from the Barrier Ranges speak of rain as wanted, but state that the sheep and wool are first-rate.

The Paris Exhibition Commissioners recommend that Mr. Josiah Boothby, the Under-Secretary, act as special commissioner in Paris.

The Government recommend, and his Excellency Governor W. C. Robinson supports, changing the port of call of the P. and O. steamers from the Sound to Fremantle.

Sales of wheat have been made at 6s. 6d. Shipments of breadstuffs to England have been renewed owing to the fall in price.

THE WEATHER IN THE COUNTRY.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

CARCOAR, THURSDAY.

Steady rain commenced about 10 o'clock last night and is still coming down. There will be an abundance for all purposes, and a splendid spring may be expected.

GRENFELL, THURSDAY.

Nearly two inches of rain have fallen since Sunday, and there is every prospect of more. The drought is considered over.

MOLONG, THURSDAY.

Fine rain has fallen during the entire week. Shearing begins on the 1st October. Every one is jubilant, and business is brisk.

TAMWORTH, THURSDAY.

We have had fine rains for the last two days. Rain has been general on the Liverpool Plains and in the Gwydir district. It is fine just now, but more rain is probable.

URANA, THURSDAY.

The total rainfall here was two and a quarter inches. The weather is now fine but cloudy, and the country is looking splendid.

The deaths of two Waterloo officers are announced. Lieutenant-Colonel William Frederick Johnston, who served as lieutenant and captain with the Grenadier Guards at Quatre Bras and Waterloo, died on the 14th instant, at an advanced age; and the death is also announced of Major Edward Method, who was present at Waterloo as a lieutenant in the 23rd Royal Welsh Fusiliers. Both officers retired from the army more than twenty-five years ago.—*English paper.*

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MERCANTILE AND MONEY ARTICLE.

THURSDAY EVENING.

The Customs' duties received to-day were as follows :—

Spirits ...	£1646 16 0
Wine (still) ...	103 10 0
Ale, porter, and beer (in bottle) ...	241 16 3
Cigars ...	0 18 8
Tea ...	179 6 6
Coffee and chicory ...	4 11 0
Sugar (refined) ...	5 17 2
—— (unrefined) ...	15 13 9
Molasses ...	1 13 4
Rice ...	2 9 0
Dried fruits ...	209 12 4
Nuts ...	2 9 0
Hops ...	45 8 9
Specific duty ...	1128 5 0
Pilotage ...	5 15 4
Harbour and light dues ...	8 12 0
Total ...	£3874 19 11

This was a slack day in the Stock and Share market. Bank shares had a limited demand, Joint Stock meeting buyers at £13 11s. 6d., 13¼, 13⅜ ; and offered at the latter. National of Queensland sold at 6, City offered at 9½, Commercial at 95, New South Wales at 51⅞. Holders of Steam shares are asking advanced rates. Australasian sold at 18¼, and held for 18¾. Clarence and Richmond for 6½, no preferentials for sale. Insurance shares were not dealt in. The only alteration was that Sydney Fire had a seller at 72s. 6d. Copper shares dull. Great Cobar offered at 12s. Peak Downs at 11s. 3d. Coal and Gold shares remain as before.

The promoters of the City Mutual Fire Insurance Co. have decided to make it a company of 150,000 shares, owing to the number of shares applied for being much larger than was originally expected.

Business has not been improved by the tenor of advices by the Californian mail, nor do we think that those per Suez mail expected here on Saturday, will cause any present alteration. The continuance of rain in the country districts is almost certain to exercise a reviving effect on all departments of trade, and already the prospects of a large wheat crop are assured. A few orders from Queensland continue to arrive, and there are indications of an increased trade with that colony. The city of New York has brought a shipment of flour, too small to have any effect on prices. She has only 400 cases salmon for this market, the balance of that article on her manifest being on Melbourne account. This has strengthened holders, and 12s. per dozen is asked.

Messrs. Sullivan and Simpson report having sold by private contract, in conjunction with Messrs. Pitt and Son, on account of Mr. R. Skuthorpe, the Urbana Station, on the Diamantina River, in the district of Gregory, in the colony of Queensland, together with 800 head of cattle, for the lump sum of £6250 cash—Mr. Walter Douglas, of Inveralochy, purchaser.

The wool sales held to-day went off briskly. One or two good lots of greasy were quitted at values showing a firm market. Sheepskins were in heavy supply, but not in excess of the demand, and one lot went as high as 7½d. per lb. The sales were :—

By Mr. Barker: WS over S, 5 bales scoured wool at 15½d. per lb. ; G, 1 ditto greasy ditto at 6½d. ; L over D, 1 ditto ditto ditto at 8½d. IH&Co., 2 bundles sheepskins at 6d. ; C, 1 at 5d. ; B, 4 at 5½d. ; JW, 2 at 5½d. ; HO, 2 at 6½d. ; HS, 4 at 6d. ; SS, 22 at 5½d. ; W over SJL, 2 at 2½d. ; —, 20 at 5½d. ; T&S, 1 at 5d.

By Messrs. Maiden, Hill, and Clark : WSA, 1 bale mixed wool at 6½d. ; MP, 2 at 5½d. ; WRH, 2 skin pieces at 3d. ; JS, 20 mixed at 6½d. ; JTX, 1 skin piece at 4d. ; AHP, 6 broken at 7½d., 1 refuse at 2½d. ; RS, 1 locks at 4½d. ; JTX, 2 greasy at 8½d. ; Red ODC, 1 handwashed at 11½d. ; JTX, 4 dead wool at 4½d. ; JF in diamond, 1 mixed at 5½d. ; G under half circle, 1 mixed at 6½d. ; 1 handwashed at 9d. ; WFB, 39 greasy at 8½d ; RS, 27 ditto at 9½d. ; EB, 14 handwashed at 12d., 1 pieces at 8d. Red O 40, 2 bales sheepskins at 6d. ; ND, 5 bundles at 6½d. ; Red O 30, 7 bales at 5½d. ; H&M'N, 1 bundle at 5½d. ; J&C, 3 at 4½d. ; SKS, 6 bales at 7½d. ; Blue O, lot short at 4½d. ; JF in diamond, 1 bundle at 6d. ; Blue OWM, 2 bales at 5½d. ; Blue O, 6 at 6½d. ; Nebea, 5 short at 4d., 2 medium at 5d. ; WRH, 5 at 6½d. ; W&A over T in diamond, 5 at 6½d. ; Red O 40, 6 at 6½d. ; G under half circle, 38 at 6½d. ; EHG, 2 at 6½d ; Cross, 1 bundle at 5½d. ; Blue O, lot inferior at 4d. ; Cook, 1 bundle at 5½d. ; RI and S, 3 bales at 5½d. ; JTX, 4 bundles short at 4½d. ; B under half circle, 2 at 6½d. ; Blue O, 12 bales at 6½d. ; Black O, 5 short at 4½d. ; JS, 7 bundles at 6d. ; JTX, 24 bales at 6½d. ; BR&Co, 1 bundle at 6½d. ; JXT, 18 at 6½d.

By Messrs. Harrison, Jones, and Devlin: HW, 1 bag mixed wool at 7d. ; RC&Co., 4 greasy at 7½d. ; WS over Z, 1 mixed at 6½d. ; DOK, 1 mixed at 5d. ; HW, 1 greasy at 8½d. ; TN, 1 mixed at 4½d., 1 broken at 5d. ; WCB, 1 washed at 9½d. ; 14, 78 greasy at 9d., broken at 6d. ; BO, 2 scoured at 17½d. ; AM over C, 4 scoured at 13d. ; NJW, 3 washed at 12d. Sheepskins: Black cross, 2 at 5½d. ; WS over 2, 5 at 5½d. ; DMJ, 1 at 5½d. ; M over O, 4 at 5½d. ; GIE, 6 at 5½d. ; DR over T, 10 at 5½d. ; JMcN, 4 at 5½d. ; Arrawatta, 1 at 6d. ; DOK, 3 at 6½d. ; HW, 2 at 4d. ; RS in leather, 6 at 6½d. ; WC, 3 at 6½d. ; Red A, 1 at 6½d. ; Black cross, 4 at 6d. ; F x B, 6 at 5½d. ; Red tape, 6 at 5½d. ; B in leather, 4 at 5½d. ; DR over 2C, 5 at 5d. ; Red A, 1 at 6½d. ; SS, 1 at 5d. ; A in leather, 4 at 6½d. ; F over SS, 1 at 5d. ; JMcA, 2 at 6½d. ; TS, 2 at 4d. ; JB in circle, 4 at 4½d. ; DB, 2 at 5½d. ; WH conjoined, 2 at 5½d. ; M in diamond, 7 at 5½d. ; TC, 2 at 6½d. ; DR over T, 2 at 5½d. ; Clark Bros., 6 at 5½d. ; VW, 5 at 5½d. ; MR, 7 at 6d. ; DF, 2 at 5½d. ; TN, 1 at 6d. ; FL, 3 at 6d., 1 at 6½d. ; FRL, 1 at 4½d. ; Black cross, 1 at 6½d. ; JD over C, 1 at 5½d. ; RL, 3 at 4½d. ; WWW, 5 at 6d. ; W, 2 at 5½d.

We are indebted to a London correspondent for the following :—Money is again below 1 per cent. per annum for first-class short paper. Business shows no signs of increased activity. The state of uncertainty on the Eastern question appears greater than ever. France is on the horns of a political dilemma. The session of Parliament will shortly close, and London is migrating to the seaside. This might fairly be termed the summary of the news by the outgoing mail, nor can the pen of the resident writer add much to the above. There is, at present, an enormous amount of capital seeking employment, but the public have been so bitten with foreign loans, that there is a great indisposition to invest in these securities, and the decisions of the judges have been so severe against directors and promoters of unsupplied companies that none are now brought before the public, as men of high standing will not lend their moneys to any undertaking which they are not fully convinced will be dividend-paying. The banks of Paris and Berlin as well as the coffers of the old lady in Threadneedle-street, show a plethora of coin, and the slightest break in the political horizon would certainly give an enormous impetus to trade. In this country everything is ripe for it ; the weakest have already gone to the wall, and all the factories that remain at work do so at a merely nominal profit. From all that can be learned, however, there appears to be little doubt that commercially France is at the present moment in a far better position than England, and although a serious political cloud is hanging over the country, such has served but to damp but not paralyse the energies of its people, the feeling is gaining ground in France that the days of the Conservative Republic are numbered, and that the struggle between Red Republicanism and Imperialism is fast approaching, for Monarchy has lost its chance when the Comte de Chambord became its personification, than whom a man more unpopular could scarcely be found in the country. Although in the absence of real business there are daily almost hourly "scares," in the Stock Exchange, the best informed do not believe, notwithstanding the departure of troops for Malta, that England will meddle in the Eastern affairs.

The *Argus* of Tuesday reports of the Melbourne markets :—

In the import market business throughout the day has been exceedingly quiet. No greater feeling of satisfaction, however, could have been evinced than has been exhibited all the day in mercantile circles, in consequence of the rains which our telegrams advise as having fallen so generally throughout Riverina, and nothing could go further to restore confidence at the present time. In breadstuffs we note a decidedly better feeling. There is an improved trade inquiry for flour, and such lots are moving off at £14 12s 6d to £15 15s. Wheat is nominal at 7s ; we have no sales to report. An Adelaide telegram just received states that the market was firmer, and buyers offering 6s 8d. Advices from Adelaide by circular have been received to 6th instant: Messrs. Berry and Phillipson report that 68,408 tons of wheat have been exported for the year, leaving 17,592 tons of wheat, or the equivalent in flour of 14,860 tons, still available for shipment. Messrs. C. L. Meyer and Co. estimate the quantity thus available at 12,000 tons only, at same time pointing out that that amounts to only half the quantity which may yet be required for New South Wales and Queensland for the season, taking as a basis what was sent to those colonies last year from South Australia. Our own week's supplies by rail from the country districts show a great falling off, being within a third of what they were the week previous, and the circumstance has helped to give a much firmer tone to the market. Oats maintain the improved feeling which has been so marked of late. Several parcels, amounting to 800 bags, have been moved off at 4s for New Zealand and Tasmanian feeding qualities. Maize is also firmer : holders now ask as much as 4s 3d, but no sales have yet been made at the price. Sugars are going off quietly. Sales of brewing are reported at £25. Some £2300 bags will be offered to-morrow. Teas are quiet, any interest evinced being centred on the newly arrived shipment per Ocean, which comprises some very fine chops. The samples are landed, and open to inspection. Kerosene oil maintains our quotation of 1s 3½d to 1s 4d, and fair sales have been made. A shipment of 40 tanks malt has been taken up on private terms. A price supporting our quotation of 10s 6d for small lots was obtained. Business in brandies is still pending.

Stations.	Wither.	Max.	Min.	Rain
Tenterfi'ld	b	63	45	0·67
Grafton	b	74	54	0·30
Inverell	b	69	44	0·71
Bourke	b	63	46	0
Narrabri	u	66	46	0
Armidale	b	59	44	0·24
Gunnedah	c	65	41	0·05
Tamworth	c	69	44	0·18
P. Macqrie	b	69	53	0·02
Murr'undi	c	65	51	0
Cassilis	c	61	44	0·15
Mus'brook	c	76	51	0·25
Dubbo	u	67	45	0
Mudgee	u	69	47	0·04
Maitland	c	65	39	0·01
Newcastle	b	75	44	0·04
Orange	r	61	30	0·18
Bathurst	u	67	43	0·05
MtVictoria	...			
Forbes	u	62	46	0·04
Sydney	b	66	54	0·24
Wentw'th	o	53	45	0·18
Young	p	63	25	0·10
Woll'gong	c	73	64	0
Moss Vale	c	62	44	0·01
Euston	c	54	42	0·25
Goulburn	u	67	45	0·09
Wagga	r	64	50	0·09
Cape Geo	c	64	50	0
Queanb'an	u	65	45	0·02
Deniliquin	c	58	45	0·38
Albury	d	68	45	0·25
Bodalla	...			
Cooma	c	54	33	0·18
Eden	b	60	54	0·11

South Australia : Strong S.W. winds ; showers nearly all over the colony. Wind in the interior, S.E. and fine. Victoria : Showery at Melbourne, rain measured 0·92. Portland : Cloudy, rain 0·18. Cape Otway : Rain 0·46, misty. Wilson's Promontory : Showery and cold. New South Wales : Fine generally, but showery in the district between Orange and Wagga. At Sydney the wind changed last night to west and cleared off the rain. Queensland : Fine, moderate sea from N.E. at Cape Moreton. 3 p.m., Victoria : Strong S.W. to S.S.W. gale with showery weather. Rough sea at Cape Otway. New South Wales : Fine generally, winds south to west. Smooth sea along the coast.—September 13.

ASTRONOMICAL MEMORANDA FOR SEPTEMBER 14, 1877.—Sun rises at 6.2, sets at 5.43. Moon rises at 10.13 a.m., sets at 12.2 a.m. Mercury, 6.30 a.m. ; 7.34 p.m. Venus, 7.37 a.m. ; 8.15 p.m. Mars, 4.32 p.m. ; 6.0 a.m. Jupiter, 10.57 a.m. ; 1.11 a.m. Saturn, 5.21 p.m. ; 5.58 a.m. New moon, 7th. Full moon, 23rd. High water at Fort Denison, 12.22 a.m. ; 12.48 p.m.

A meeting of creditors in the estate of Mr. Henry Miles, draper, Emerald-hill, was held at the rooms of Messrs Ecroyd and Danby this afternoon. A statement was submitted showing liabilities amounting to £13,857, while the assets are estimated at £9304. After some discussion it was decided to assign the estate to Messrs. Sargood and Watson, two of the creditors.

MINING REPORTS.

CARROLL and Beard's G. M. Co.—Under date 12th instant, the mining manager reports as follows :—"Back-stoping Nos. 2 and 3 veins at 189-feet level. Have raised 3 tons of quartz this week, it shows a little gold. There are about 19 tons of quartz at surface. The western crosscut at 500-feet level has been extended a further distance of 3 feet, making the present length of crosscut 13 feet from shaft ; passing through hard slate at present."

Krohmann's G. M. Co.—Under date 12th instant, the mining manager reports as follows :—"The western crosscut in Carroll and Beard's mine, at 500-feet level, has been extended a further distance of 3 feet, making the present length of crosscut 13 feet from shaft ; passing through hard slate at present. Stoping No. 3 vein at 110-feet level ; back-stoping No. 1 vein at 140-feet level. Have raised 7 tons of quartz this week : it shows a little gold. There are about 47 tons of quartz at surface."

BEYERS and Holtermann's G. M. Co.—Under date 11th September, the mining manager reports as follows : "Since my last report of the 4th instant I have discontinued operations on the new vein, called Paxton's east vein, in the crosscut at 175-feet level, and the men are put to open out upon a vein in the west cross-cut at 261 feet level ; backstoping is still being pursued at the 120-feet level ; the north stope has been driven up to the break opposite north shaft. This completes the stoping on the north side of north shaft. I have commenced to carry the south stope towards south boundary, the vein is two inches thick and looks like 6-oz. stuff. I am likewise carrying on the underhand stope at the 140-feet level. Stone raised since my last, 5 tons, making total quantity in paddock 43 tons."

ABSTRACT OF SALES BY AUCTION THIS DAY.

G. KISS.—At the Bazaar, at 11 and 12, Horses, Vehicles, &c.
A. MOORE AND CO.—At 37, Riley-street, at 11, Household Furniture and Effects.
C. MOORE AND CO.—At their Rooms, at 11, Shop Twines, Wrapping Paper, Clothing, &c.
C. TEAKLE.—At his Rooms, at 11, American Clocks, Watches, Jewellery, Ironmongery, &c.
A. G. COOPER.—At his Mart, at 2, Furniture.
GILCHRIST, STUBBS, AND WESTON.—At their Rooms, at 11, Earthenware, Porcelain, Glassware, Stationery, &c. ; at Murphy's Yard, and P. N. Russell and Co.'s Carriage Factory, at 2.30, Timber, Wheeled Trucks, Crane, Steam Boiler, Iron Tanks, &c.
DUNN AND LISTER.—At their Rooms, at 2, Clothing, Books, Fancy Goods, &c.
MESSRS. BOWDEN.—At the Naval Depot, Queen's Wharf, at 10, Europe Cordage, Blocks, Boat, Gunpowder, Duck, Flannels, &c.
RICHARDSON AND WRENCH.—At their Rooms, at 11.30, Trahlee, First-class Mansion and Grounds, Upper and Lower Bellevue Roads, Woollahra ; Cottages, Surry Hills and Petersham ; Houses, South Head Road ; Land, Ashfield, Chippendale, Botany ; Houses, Newtown Road.
W. NIXON AND CO.—At Darling Harbour, at 9, Hay, Straw, &c. ; at 2, Poultry, Cow, Horse, Harness, &c.
W. INGLIS.—At Darling Harbour, at 9, Hay, Straw, &c. ; at Mart, at 11, Calves, Lambs, Pigs, &c. ; at 11.30 and 1, Dairy Produce, &c. ; at Mart, at 2, Fruit.
MORT AND CO.—At their Produce Stores, at 10.30, Hides, &c. ; at 2.30, Tallow ; at 3, Horns, &c.
F. L. BARKER.—At his Produce Stores, at 10.30, Hides, &c. ; at 2.30, Tallow.
MAIDEN, HILL, AND CLARK.—At their Produce Stores, at 10.30, Hides, &c. ; at 2.30, Tallow.
G. W. TATE.—At Corporation Yards, at 11, Pigs, Calves.
C. R. BEDWELL AND CO.—At Darling Harbour, at 9, Hay, Straw, &c. ; at Depot, at 11, Calves, Lambs, &c. ; at 11.30, Pigs, &c.
HARRISON, JONES, AND DEVLIN.—At their Produce Stores, at 10.30, Hides, &c. ; at 2.30, Tallow.
J. S. PROCTER.—At Darling Harbour, at 9, Hay, Straw, &c. ; at Mart, at 12, Pigs, &c. ; at 2, Dairy Produce ; at 4, Groceries, Oilmen's Stores, &c.
J. BRIDGE.—At his Produce Stores, at 10.30, Hides, &c. ; at 2.30, Tallow ; at 3, Hair, &c.
ELLIS AND CO.—At Darling Harbour, at 9, Hay, Straw, &c. ; Depot, at 11.30, Calves, Lambs, &c. ; at 12.30, Dairy Produce, &c. ; at 4, Hides, Tallow, &c.
WELLS AND SMITH.—At Darling Harbour, at 9, Hay, Straw, &c. ; at 12.30, Pigs, Calves, &c. ; at 1, Dairy Produce ; at 2, Fruit ; at Corporation Yards, Pigs, Calves.
BRUNKER, WOLFE, AND BADGERY.—At Ellis and Co.'s Yards, at 11.30, Lambs, Calves, &c.
G. M. PITT AND SON.—At Ellis and Co.'s Yards, at 11.30, Fat Sheep.
WOOLLER'S HORSE BAZAAR, at 11, Horses, Buggies, &c.
R. J. HUGHES AND CO.—At their Rooms, at 11, Furniture, Crockery, &c.
H. VAUGHAN.—At his Rooms, at 11, Household Furniture, Pianoforte, Musical Box, Books, Watches, Jewellery ; at No. 2, Dimond-terrace, Fitzroy-street, Surry Hills, at 2, Household Furniture and Effects.
W. TINDALE.—At Darling Harbour, at 9, Hay, Straw, &c.

BOROUGH COUNCILS.

REDFERN.—The usual fortnightly meeting of the Council was held within the Municipal Chambers, Pitt-street, on Friday, the 31st August. Present—The Mayor (Mr. P. Stanley), with Aldermen Wright, Andrew, Williamson, O'Connell, Hume, M'Lachlan, and Hudson. The minutes of the preceding meeting were read and confirmed. The chairman of the Finance Committee (Alderman Wright) brought up a report recommending payment of sundry accounts amounting to £449 3s., which, on the motion of Aldermen O'Connell and Andrews, was adopted, and payment duly authorised. Correspondence was read :—1. Letter from Mr. Peter Sutton, requesting the Council to lay over a portion of the kerbing in Stanley-street, to admit of a carriage-entrance into his premises. Alderman Hume did not consider it advisable to lay over the kerbstones at this place ; he therefore moved,—"That, instead of doing so, the Council will give Mr. Sutton permission to place a bridge over the gutter, under the direction of the overseer." Seconded by Alderman O'Connell, and carried. 2. From Mr. A. P. Murray, requesting permission to erect an awning over the footway opposite the premises of Mr. G. Jackson, in Botany Road, occupied by Mr. Cashin. Moved by Aldermen Williamson and Andrew,—"That permission be granted on the usual conditions." Carried. 3. From Mr. James Ridley, calling attention to the state of the footway at his premises in Yarnold-street ; and 4, from Mr. Edward Mitchell, calling attention to the state of a portion of the footpath in George-street—both of these letters were left in the hands of the Mayor. A petition from a number of ratepayers was presented asking the Council to erect a gas lamp at the junction of George and Short streets. Moved by Alderman Wright,—"That the petition be received, and referred to the Lighting Committee for consideration and report." Seconded by Alderman M'Lachlan, and carried. The half-yearly balance-sheet to 6th August, duly audited, was then submitted and examined, and, on the motion of Aldermen Williamson and Hudson, was adopted, and ordered to be published in the *Sydney Morning Herald* and *Government Gazette*. The meeting then terminated.—W. G. WARDROP, Council-clerk.

SHOP Twines, Wrapping Paper, Men's and Boys' Clothing, Oil Baizes, &c., under positive instructions from the consignors.—Chas. Moore and Co. request us to call the attention of buyers of the abovenamed goods to their unreserved sale, at their Rooms, 167, Pitt-street, this day, at 11 o'clock.—ADV.

ALL use it. It is at every picnic. It is in every kitchen. It gives the finish to every dish, for gravies, soups, game, fish, or cold meats. It assists digestion and increases the appetite. It has a place at Government House, and is seen at every respectable artizan's. The Protectionists use it because it is colonial ; the Freetraders because it is cheap. It is the especial favourite with all classes, because, as one of the Sydney clergymen wrote—"It is the best yet made." It is the Australian Relish, made by Washington H. Soul, of 221, Pitt-street ; and sold by every storekeeper. Price, One Shilling.—ADV.

UNION BANK OF AUSTRALIA.

(*From the Money Market Review of July 14.*)

THE annual meeting of the shareholders in this bank was held on Monday, the 9th July, in the board-room at the offices, Bank-buildings, Lothbury, for the purpose of receiving a report and statement of accounts from the directors and declaring a dividend. Mr. W. Fanning occupied the chair, and there was a large attendance of shareholders.

Mr. W. R. Mewburn, the manager, read the notice calling the meeting, and the directors' report and statement of accounts as follows :—"The statement of accounts which the directors have the pleasure of submitting is of so gratifying a character as to have enabled them, after providing for every bad and doubtful debt, to declare a dividend of 7 per cent. for the half-year, and a bonus of 5s. per share, being together at the rate of 16 per cent. per annum, and to add the sum of £25,000 to the reserve fund. In deciding upon the latter measure the directors have been influenced by the circumstance that since the reserve funds were increased to £400,000 in 1864, the branches and the business of the bank have nearly doubled in number and extent. The directors are therefore of opinion that the period has arrived when it is prudent to strengthen these funds : and having regard to the magnitude of the bank's present business, they should, in the directors' judgment, be raised as speedily as may be convenient to an amount not less than 50 per cent. of the paid-up capital. In the interests of the bank the directors strongly recommend this policy to the adoption of the proprietors, and they do not doubt that it will receive their cordial support. The improvement in the price of wool alluded to in the directors' report in January has not been as well maintained as was hoped, but the decline shown at the commencement of the public sales recently terminated, was towards the close of those sales entirely recovered. The drought, which was also mentioned in the report in January, proved more protracted and severe than was anticipated, causing heavy losses of stock in important districts of New South Wales, Victoria, and South Australia. Nevertheless, trade on the whole continues sound, the mining and agricultural industries are fairly remunerative, and prospects generally are satisfactory. Mr. Richard James Ashton, and Sir Charles Henry Mills, Bart., M.P., are the directors who retire on the present occasion in conformity with the deed of settlement, and now offer themselves for re-election. The great ability and sound judgment shown by the general manager, and the zealous exertions of the principal officers and the staff generally, merit warm commendation alike from the directors and the proprietors. The annexed balance-sheet presents a net amount of profit of £129,367 12s. 7d., out of which the sum of £25,000 has been transferred to the reserve fund, and the balance—viz., £104,367 12s. 7d.—is available for division. Of this the dividend and bonus will absorb £100,000, leaving £4367 12s. 7d. to be carried forward. The dividend warrants will be transmitted by post on the 16th instant, and the dividend and bonus will be payable in the colonies at such time as the general manager shall fix after receipt of telegram.

STATEMENT OF LIABILITIES AND ASSETS AT THE BRANCHES ON THE 30TH DECEMBER, 1876, AND AT THE LONDON OFFICE ON THE 30TH JUNE, 1877.

LIABILITIES.

Circulation ...	£383,951 5 0
Deposits ...	6,862,415 9 1
Bills payable and other liabilities (including reserves held against doubtful debts) ...	1,049,878 6 4
Balance of undivided profits ...	204,367 12 7
Reserve fund as per contra ...	250,000 0 0
Building and other reserve funds ...	175,000 0 0
Capital ...	1,250,000 0 0
	£9,055,612 13 0

ASSETS.

Specie on hand and cash balances ...	£1,072,799 14 9
Bullion on hand and in transitu ...	185,183 16 5
Bank premises and property ...	188,143 14 8
Government securities ...	244,488 19 11
Local bills, bills receivable, and other securities	7,115,001 7 3
Reserve fund, invested as per statement ...	250,000 0 0
	£9,055,612 13 0

STATEMENT OF PROFITS.

Balance of undivided profits at June 30, 1876			£107,816 17 5
Out of which a dividend and bonus were declared of ...			100,000 0 0
Leaving a balance of ...			7,816 17 5
Profits of the past year, after making provision for all bad and doubtful debts ...		£335,734 19 3	
Less :			
Remuneration to the local directors and salaries and allowances to the colonial staff ...	£71,944 15 0		
General expenses in the colonies, including rent, taxes, stationery, &c. ...	23,460 4 4		
Remuneration to the Board of directors, salaries of London office staff, rent, taxes, stationery, and general expenses ...	16,030 6 9		
Income tax ...	2,249 14 0		
		114,184 4 1	
			221,550 15 2
			£229,367 12 7
Deduct : Dividend and bonus paid in January ...			100,000 0 0
			£129,367 12 7
Deduct : Amount transferred to building and other reserve funds ...			25,000 0 0
Balance of undivided profits at this date ...			£104,367 12 7

RESERVE FUND.

New Zealand Imperial Four per Cent. Debentures	£200,000 0 0
Colonial Six per Cent. Debentures ...	50,000 0 0
	£250,000 0 0
Building and other reserve funds ...	175,000 0 0
Total reserve fund ...	£425,000 0 0

London, July 6, 1877.

(Signed) WILLIAM FANNING, Chairman of Committee.
W. R. MEWBURN, Manager.
R. BUCKLER, Accountant.

The Chairman said : Gentlemen, the pleasure we would express in again meeting you is not merely of the respect due to you, but to a great extent of the confidence we ourselves entertain that the report and statement of accounts now submitted are and will be considered by you as highly satisfactory. A dividend and bonus after the rate of 16 per cent. per annum, though no more than what has been previously achieved, speak more loudly than usual for the colonies in which we are engaged, and seem to say that they have not been as yet seriously affected by the long existing commercial depression. The sum which we have declared for division is not all. Over and above it there is a sum of £25,000, which we have decided to add to our reserves, and we urge you most strongly to adopt this decision, not merely as regards the present moment, but to extend the application of the principle contained in it to our dealing with future profits, to be earned in the good years which I doubt not are still in store for us. In the past eighteen months we have added six branches to our list, and we are still required to increase their number. Our resources are freely required of us, and our competitors, especially those of colonial origin, ever enterprising and ready to extend their field of operations, will, if we give them the chance—which we certainly shall try not to do—either forestall or supplant us. To proceed to other matters, I regret, gentlemen, that I cannot state that the pastoral interests of the colony are in a flourishing condition. For two years one of those protracted periods of drought which are of periodical occurrence have been experienced. They are very productive of loss to the holders of stock, but still they are such, I think, as the old colonist would in his experience anticipate, and against which he will have provided in preceding years of plenty and of fatness. I am glad to be able to tell you that by the last letters from the colonies we are informed that copious rains had fallen over a large area of the distressed districts, though by recently received telegrams I am prevented from saying that the drought has entirely broken up. The general trade of the colonies is shown to be sound and legitimate, and we have had fewer instances of difficulty to record than is usual ; and this, notwithstanding the decline in the price of wool, which began in the general depression of trade, and has been in its later stages aggravated by political distrust and by the war with which we are all at the present moment so much occupied. If, however, we except the decline in the return from gold mining—which was always to be expected, and may at any moment be reversed, but which even now sufficiently recompenses those who are engaged in it—there is no apparent point of depression which is of more than a temporary character, while the other mining interests, the agricultural, and manufacturing, some in one colony, some in another, are full of progress and vigour. The revenue returns of some of the colonies speak loudly to the general prosperity, while in all we have the fine resources which are contained in the unsold portion of the public domain, and which will, if properly administered, enable the colonies to attain to a growth of prosperity to the full stature of which they have as yet only advanced but a little way. Of the soundness of the bank's position I may, after a thorough investigation of the accounts of all the branches by the account committee, give you the most unqualified assurance. I will conclude by moving the adoption of the report and statement of accounts.

Mr. William Botly seconded the motion, which was agreed to without discussion.

On the motion of the Chairman, the retiring directors, Mr. R. J. Ashton and Sir C. H. Mills, Bart., M.P., were re-elected.

Mr. John Balfour moved, and Mr. J. Chapman seconded, that votes of thanks be accorded to the chairman, directors, managers, and staff, both in England and the colonies, which was agreed to unanimously, and the proceedings terminated.

COMPULSORY EDUCATION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

SIR,—It appears from the utterances of Sir Henry Parkes, at the opening of the new Public school at Rous Plains, that he is half-disposed, if not a fraction more, to acquiesce in the compulsory notion of the New South Wales Education League.

It may not be generally known that the principle involved in this part of the public education of any State has been practically settled in England since 1802. That such is the case, any one may satisfy himself by reference to an article on the subject in the *Fortnightly Review* of June 1876, by Mr. J. White.

Ever since that memorable year, the great fabric of State interference on this public topic has been growing up. When once the State had insisted on the children in one trade being educated, it was impossible that to them should remain confined a benefit equally needed by the children in all other trades ; and when once children had been forced to school from working in useful employments, to let the idle and unproductive children go free, was an anomaly that could not endure.

This subject may be considered under two heads : (1) the exclusively educational, providing for direct compulsion : and (2) the incidentally educational attaching an educational condition to the enjoyment of some benefit.

In England, it appears, children are compulsorily educated in reformatories under the Reformatory Schools Acts of 1866 and 1872. Vagrant, homeless, and beggar children, or children charged before the magistrates with certain minor offences, or found in the company of thieves, or pronounced refractory and unmanageable, are subject to compulsory education in industrial schools, under the Industrial Schools Acts of 1866 and 1872. Pauper children are compulsorily educated in workhouses, district schools, and training ships. These come under special kinds of compulsion ; they are put under special kinds of treatment—not merely educated, but also fed, clothed, lodged.

It seems, according to Mr. White's view of the subject, that the school boards are largely using the industrial schools as schools of compulsory education for the ignorant and uncontrollable.

The Factory Workshops Acts attempt to compel children to be educated in an irregular way, from the age of 9 or 10 years, to 13 or 14 years. The Coal Mines Regulation Act, 1872, compels in the same way as the Factory and Workshop Acts," but makes the time 24 hours per fortnight, instead of, as in the latter Acts, 10 hours per week, and up to 12 years of age instead of 13 years.

The Agricultural Childrens' Act, 1873, provides for the compulsory education of children as follows :—

"Children between 8 and 12 years of age may not be employed unless the parent has obtained and the employer has seen a certificate dated not more than a year previous to the employment, certifying the age of the child, and that the child, if the age is under 10, has attended school two hundred and fifty (250) times during the year preceding the date of the certificate. Children are exempt from this requirement if certified by the inspector of schools to have "reached" (which the Education Department interprets to mean "passed") in all the three elementary subjects under Standard IV.

But this is more than I intended to quote from Mr. White's excellent exposition of the state of compulsory education in England, but not by any means so much as deserves to be quoted. Those who wish to understand the exact position of this question in the old country in its legislative aspect, should study the article itself.

I have recited quite enough to show that "compulsory education" is not so utterly unknown in England as one would naturally suppose, when he hears it spoken of, or written about, as being un-English.

It seems to me that it is wasteful expenditure to provide school accommodation and all the means and appliances of educating the rising generation, and then allow a considerable part of the children who most stand in need of the instruction provided, to grow up in ignorance.

The disorderly condition of the legislative enactments in England on this question, the inconsistencies which are found in the working of the various Acts, and the many anomalies which are found out by the operations of the inspectors of schools among the various trades, workshops, and factories, and also in the different district regulations, are well handled by the writer whose article I have quoted from ; and these anomalies, inconsistencies, and contradictions, should be a caution to those who delight in patchwork legislation.

TERTIUS.

MR. MORT'S FREEZING PROCESS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

SIR,—It is to be regretted that Mr. Mort should base his advocacy of the plan of preserving meat by freezing on the alleged demerits of the system of cooling without congelation. The plan of preserving meat by freezing has, perhaps, one or two advantages peculiar to itself, and had Mr. Mort confined himself to describing and explaining them I should not have ventured to address you on the subject. His observations on the American system are of such a nature that, in justice to so important a matter, I venture to offer a few remarks in reply.

It is not my intention to discuss the question involved in the statement that where there is motion in the particles of the meat there must necessarily be decay, beyond remarking that Professor Tyndall's recent experiments with animal solutions show that rigidity is not a necessary element in the question, but rather tend to prove that conditions of temperature are the prime agents that retard putrefaction.

Mr. Mort is quite right in stating that the meat should be properly "breathed" before it is frozen. This fact, for many years past, has been so well known in Canada that, in the winter time, the carcases are hung in warmed rooms whilst the animal heat is slowly radiated and conducted away, and the evaporation that always occurs in a freshly slaughtered animal is encouraged. In this climate the natural temperature is quite sufficient to permit the breathing to take place properly. This system of breathing the meat is essential to success when cold without congelation is employed as the preserving agent ; and it is to the fact that this was carefully attended to in my own experiments that I attribute the circumstance of the meat remaining sweet several days after being removed from the cold room. That meat can be exported to England without being frozen has been lately proved, as a few remaining joints of mutton, kept in the ice-house of a steamship during its passage from England to the colonies, were recently eaten in Melbourne and pronounced excellent.

The true test of any enterprise is its commercial success. The vigour with which the American meat business is conducted—a business of three thousand tons a month—is in itself a sufficient answer to a host of objections based on theories. If the American meat is bad or tainted, there must be a loss : the profits on the successful shipments must therefore be very great to reimburse the projectors of the enterprise. Yet we are told that they are almost nil. It is difficult to imagine that, under such circumstances, seven millions two hundred and fifty thousand pounds of meat should be sent to England in one month.

Yours, &c.,
J. D. POSTLE.

September 10.

SMOKING IN RAILWAY CARRIAGES.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

SIR,—I am glad to see in this morning's *Herald* a letter from "Smoke-dried," in reference to the smoke nuisance on the railway, and hasten to endorse his exceedingly mild remarks.

I have for some months used the railway, daily, as a means of transit to and from my business, and but for the neatly framed notices at every station, cautioning the public against smoking, as "making them liable to a fine of £2," I should have almost thought that the carriages were looked on as the specially appointed smoking places for all hands. At every station, not by any means excepting Sydney, you see men come on the platform, take their tickets, and enter the carriages with pipes in their mouths. I am not over partial to tobacco, and I get from one carriage to another (I mean I once did so, for I have latterly given it up) to avoid the stench, without avail. It is the rule decidedly and not the exception, and it it offends my sense of cleanliness to see every floor used as a spittoon, it must be much worse for ladies and delicate people.

Surely this intolerable nuisance can be put down. Let the Government insist on their officers acting up to the law, and let them further offer one-half of the fine to the informer, and I'll warrant a lady or gentleman will soon be able to travel in a railway carriage with as much comfort as in a threepenny omnibus. I enclose my name and address to show that I am no myth.

ANTI-SMOKE.

Marrickville, September 10.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

SIR,—There are always two sides to a question, and, as you have given "Smoke-dried" his say, please do so to one who has not yet reached that acme of life.

To enable us smokers to reach it, we must have our early morning smoke on our road into town, as we have been accustomed to for years.

Lately, the railway authorities turned us into carriages painted red, but what do we first-class ticket-holders find? —that a second-class carriage has been set apart for us, with coverings on the seats which are apologies for cushions, and which appear never to be examined or kept clean. Fancy, then, being turned out of a morning by one's wife spick and span clean, and being obliged to take a seat in one of these second-class carriages.

In defence to themselves smokers have to take possession of a first-class compartment—in the absence of first-class accommodation.

If the powers that be will provide suitable smoking carriages, "Smoke-dried" will no longer have to complain of those who are

NOT YET SMOKE-DRIED.

PROTECTION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

SIR,—In Saturday's *Herald* I read a letter from Mr. R. C. Luscombe under the above heading, and was not a little surprised at his statement "that the protective policy of Victoria has not only killed whatever local effort there has been to manufacture stearine candles in New South Wales, but has driven the European article also from the markets of all the Australian colonies."

I have been inquisitive enough to endeavour to find out whether the above statement is in accordance with the *facts*, and if Mr. Luscombe will look on page 10 of Saturday's *Herald*, he will probably see that "The Stearine Candle Factory, Botany," state that they are "prepared to contract, &c., at current rates," and on referring to the *Sydney Directory* for the present year I find that in "free-trade" Sydney we have no fewer than *ten* candle manufacturers, several of whom make "stearine" candles, irrespective of the "Apollo" Company, whose works Mr. Luscombe can see adjoining Goodlet and Smith's sawmills, just over the Pyrmont Bridge. On referring to the Melbourne *Directory*, I find only *seven* candle manufacturers in all in "protected" Melbourne, showing to my mind that they can be manufactured as well in this as in the adjoining colony. Will Mr. Luscombe please explain how his statement, "that the protective policy of Victoria has killed whatever local effort there has been to manufacture stearine candles in New South Wales," harmonizes with these facts. And further, on reference to the "import entries" as noted in the *Daily Gazette*, I see that almost daily large quantities of candles are entered inward from the "United Kingdom," whilst from Victoria the imports are comparatively very small. I also see in the *Melbourne Trade Review* that the import of candles into Victoria for 1876 was 1,100,299—value £41,988. And I think that such brands as "Gould's," "De Roubaix Jenar's," "Brandon's," and others, if unknown to Mr. Luscombe, are not unknown to those familiar with mercantile dealings in this and the adjoining colonies. Will Mr. Luscombe also please explain how his statement that "the protective policy of Victoria . . . has driven the European article from the markets of all the Australian colonies" harmonises with these *facts* ?

We do not require protection in Sydney, except such common-sense protection as will ensure to manufacturers and others that, if they erect costly machinery, it shall not be subject to such tyranny as was lately enforced in one of our engineering establishments. If machinery is to work eight hours and be idle for the remaining sixteen, we shall never prosper ; but if it is allowed to work the whole twenty-four hours, we should soon, as in other countries, have a far greater impetus to trade and manufactures, as well as to immigration, than we have at present.

I am, &c.,
JUVENIS.

Sydney, September 10, 1877.

SYDNEY AND SUBURBAN RAILWAYS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

SIR,—Adverting to the letter of "C. E." on this subject in your issue of the 8th instant, as well as to other correspondence, I think that the lines shown on a lately published map of Sydney are much superior to any others advocated, because they are based on the assumption of a great trade future for Sydney, providing for the carriage of sea-borne goods to the interior from Circular Quay, Darling Harbour, Woolloomooloo, and eventually from Rushcutter and other bays, thereby relieving the railway department of a too great pressure of business at one point ; and because the lines proposed by "C. E." and others, reversing the usual order of streams, leave the easy gradients of the valleys for the crests of ridges, and appear adapted for passenger traffic exclusively.

Starting from the trunk extension at a point near the intersection of Liverpool and Macquarie streets (underground station), a line at easy gradients can be *excavated* nine-tenths of the distance to the corner of the Domain adjoining the ladies' baths, Woolloomooloo ; and from thence as shown on the plan referred to ; light temporary foot bridges being thrown over the cutting at intervals for public convenience, the excavation being rapidly bricked over and filled up, as the work progresses, thus obviating the necessity for tunnelling, except at three places, and without viaducts, except at Belmore Park—the latter are always unsightly and a nuisance in a city.

From Rushcutter Bay a line adapted for light goods and passenger traffic could be taken by the valley of that name, crossing the lower spur of the Woollahra ridge into the Double Bay Valley, and thence to Waverley, Randwick, and the north head of Botany (a most important line in a military sense), connecting thereafter with the direct line to Botany, via Redfern and Waterloo.

Regarding the line to Botany via Waterloo, I think no time should be lost by Government in marking it out and deciding upon the point of junction with the existing line, the Government land being reserved from sale, and steps taken at once to purchase the private land required for the construction of the line.

The continuance of the lower line to Watson's Bay I hold to be a military necessity, as in that neighbourhood the fate of the city will be decided when the inevitable day of attack arrives ; the junction should be either at Double Bay or Waverley—the former I think preferable, for reasons already given, and also because of the valley between Bondi and Rose Bay.

Your obedient servant,
MANOAH.

Phillip-street, September 12.

THE AMERICAN SYSTEM OF DREDGING.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

SIR,—Were it possible to teach Mr. Portus that rude language by no means elucidates a question, he might be induced to avoid it : but I am not to be turned aside by remarks such as those made by him in his last letter from placing before the public anything which I believe will advance this colony and Australia generally.

He quite misapprehends my allusion to the work performed by the dredge Hercules. I merely desired to show that if under certain conditions the rates of contracts in America were high, so were they here ; but I did not wish it to be inferred that the 17½d. of the colonial dredges was the lowest rate at which the Government's work was done. I distinctly gave the Newcastle dredge credit for performing its work at 4d. per cubic yard, that being the actual cost, but I said that large contracts were taken in America for 4½d. a cubic yard, which evidently necessitates that the material dredged be disposed of for less than 4d., or the business would not be worth following.

The contention, however, is that an American dredge cannot raise sand as cheaply as that at Newcastle can. The largest contracts in New York harbour deal with as hard sand as that at Newcastle, in positions more exposed to storms, fogs, and other obstacles, and the price paid does not exceed 4½d. per cubic yard. At Baltimore a sand bar had to be cut through, and all the exposed localities, where dredging is so largely carried out, consists of the well-known hard sand of the Atlantic coast. Mr. Prindle's tabular reference is not as clear as could be desired, but I am sure he never intended to say that his No. 4 dredge could only lift 150 cubic yards of sand, any more than he meant that the large Glasgow dredge could lift 178 yards of sand, silt, till, and gravel ; and only 129 yards of ditto, ditto, and mud. I was assured by an English engineer who lately visited this colony, and who had had a long experience in dredging in the United States, Jamaica, and Venezuela, that the No. 4 dredge of the American Company could lift 300 cubic yards of such material as that he saw being raised in the eastern channel near the Sydney Heads ; and I was informed by competent authority that it was more difficult stuff to deal with than that at Newcastle.

But taking for granted that the American dredge can only lift 150 cubic yards of sand per hour, it can do as much work as the Newcastle dredge can under the most favourable conditions.

By the courtesy of the Minister for Works, I have been furnished with the returns of the *thirty most favourable days* out of the *last twelve months*, 160,725 tons were raised during these 30 selected days, the dredge being employed 540 hours, worked day and night by 29 officers and men, in two shifts. This gives nearly 209 tons, or 156 cubic yards per hour, as the best average work the Newcastle dredge ever did, which is in close accordance with my estimate. It must be remembered that the American dredge would only cost to build in this colony one-third of the other, and could be worked with 14 hands in two shifts, as against the 29 above mentioned.

I do not understand the third paragraph of Mr. Portus's letter. But if he means that under the American system of dredging there is more difficulty in depositing out at sea the material dredged, he must be mistaken ; for the tugs and punts required are common to all systems. The endless chain type cannot lift out of punts and deposit the material on to the land or into waggons, but the grapple dredge does this and all the former can. And so, too, he misapprehends what I said in regard to the superiority of the American over the English dredge in a rough sea. It can work in weather when the punts can be taken to sea, but when the buckets of the endless-chain dredge would certainly be damaged in pitching and rolling, or lose by the strong wind much of their contents before reaching the chutes, unless this last defect be remedied in the Newcastle dredge.

With reference to Canada, I need only say that one of the largest contracts of the American Dredging Company is taken in that country, and the president of the Morris Cumings Company told me it also had contracts there.

The French are slow to adopt the inventions of other countries ; but it may be, until the introduction of Hall's patent dipper in 1874, the American grapple bucket could not deal effectively with the sand of the Suez Canal. The eminent engineers sent by the respective Governments of Germany, Prussia, Austria, Norway, and Sweden, and Spain reported the superiority of the American dredging system, as did the English engineer employed by the Victorian Commission.

I think there is in Mr. Prindle's report all that is necessary to enable an unbiassed mind to come to right conclusions ; but I will obtain from him further information, including all the points raised by Mr. Portus.

I may mention, in conclusion, that the weight of the iron hull of the No. 4 dredge is about 73 tons, and the machinery weighs about 37 tons ; and for operating in compact clay or boulders, or for breaking up wrecks or for cribbing, or drawing piles, &c., a special grapple is furnished independently.

The punts or scows in connection with such a dredge as No. 4 have a capacity of 500 cubic yards, all dredging measurement in the United States being not by the ton, which is misleading, but by the cubic yard. These punts of admirable construction are made of wood, and cost in Philadelphia and New York not more than £2000. The wood of this country, dried in the kind of kilns I recommend in my Railroad Report, and which I am glad to see have been adopted by Messrs. Hudson Brothers, and Messrs. Goodlet and Smith, would quickly prepare it. I understand that an iron punt of 300 cubic yards capacity costs in this colony about £6000

AUGUSTUS MORRIS

Sydney, 12th September.

EDUCATIONAL INFORMATION RESPECTING AUSTRALIA FOR USE IN THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF GREAT BRITAIN.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

SIR,—In the event of its being determined to have prepared, at an early date, an authoritative geographical and historical lesson-book on this colony for the use of the pupils of our Public schools, I submit that it would be desirable for the various Governments of this group of colonies, jointly, to cause to be prepared a similar work on the whole of these Southern provinces of the British Empire for use in the Public schools of the mother country.

If such a lesson-book were issued, with the approval of the Governments of this frontier group of British provinces, I think there is no doubt it would be readily appreciated by the School Boards of Great Britain, and seeds would thereby be sown which would yield a rich human harvest for these colonies out of the rising generation of the parent country.

In reply to an offer of mine, made in London last year, to supply certain gratuitous information respecting New South Wales to the London School Board, I received the following reply, from which it may be concluded that a school book on Australia, authoritatively issued on the spot, would doubtlessly come into extensive use amongst the Public schools of Great Britain.

"School Board for London, Victoria Embankment, W. C., 2nd November, 1876. Sir,—I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 30th October. The School Board for London issue no publications of their own. They simply place upon their requisition lists those works and educational appliances which they consider best suited for the purpose of instruction, and leave it to the managers and teachers to make the selection of those they prefer. I am, Sir, your obedient servant, G. W. CROAD, Clerk of the Board."

In the geographical lesson book at present in use in the London Public schools, mental pabulum relative to Australia is placed at the end of the work in company with a few remarks upon Polynesia, whilst petty South American States, such as Honduras, the population of which is composed almost entirely of Sambos and Indians, are honoured with prominence and a larger share of recognition.

I think that, in view of the great work now being done at home in the Public schools, and of the increased attention now directed to the subject of technical education in England, some unique effort might be made for the purpose of attracting hitherward a good share of the independent exodus of the surplus population of the British isles, which will increase more and more in the coming years, as improved steam communication melts distance into proximity, and as the blessings of higher education leavens the masses of old England.

It may be objected that this auxiliary aid to emigration to Australia could not bear fruit for many years ; it would, however, cost next to nothing, and posterity might not consider it to have been altogether unnecessary or unprofitable.

FRANK B. TREATT.

Sydney, 12th September.

STOCK AND STATIONS.

FOR PRIVATE SALE.
Pure Bred Lincoln Rams
Ditto ditto Ewes
From one of the best flocks in Victoria, and now running at Bronte Farm, Richmond, where they may be inspected.
For further particulars apply MAIDEN, HILL, and CLARK, 171, Pitt-street.

AUSTRALIAN MORTGAGE LAND AND FINANCE COMPANY (Limited).
London, Melbourne, Geelong, and Sydney.
Capital, £2,000,000.
AUSTRALIAN BOARD:
James Macbain, Esq., M.L.A.
Robert Bruce Ronald, Esq.
Edmond Mackenzie Young, Esq.
CASH ADVANCES made on the ENSUING CLIP OF WOOL and on Squatting Properties, Stations, Bills, &c.
W. A. COTTEE, Local Manager.
Spring-street.

WICKLOW C. STATION, between the Bogan and the Lachlan Rivers, with 16,000 Sheep, more or less.
E. C. DAVIES and CO. have received instructions from the Proprietors to offer for sale privately, Wicklow C. Station, situated about 30 miles from Melrose, together with 16,000 first-class sheep, more or less.
Wicklow C. contains 100 square miles of magnificent and richly grassed country, with saltbush and other fattening herbs, and is lightly timbered with box, yarran, and wilga. There are several fine gil-gies and water-holes, besides two large tanks in good positions now running over, and capable of storing a large quantity of water. The whole is enclosed with a six-wire sheep-proof boundary fence.
The stock are of the following ages :—
1000 maiden ewes, 2 years old
2400 ewes, 3 and 4 ditto, to lamb
1000 ditto, 4 ditto
1000 ditto, 5 ditto
1000 wedders, 2 ditto
4000 ditto, 3 ditto
1900 ditto, 4 ditto
2183 hoggets, 18 months old
2300 ditto, 12 ditto
150 rams
16,033 more or less.
The whole of these sheep, as will be seen by the above list, are quite young ; they are also in full fleece and splendid condition, and the flocks have been for many years past carefully culled, and the breeding sheep have had none but first-class rams among them. As a guarantee of the superior quality of the stock, both for wool and carcase, it may be mentioned that the average price obtained in the London market during the past four years has been 1s. 3d. per lb. for the wool, and the average weight of fleece per head during the same period has been 5lbs. or a fraction over. Wicklow C. Station is among the favoured few that have been visited by a copious rainfall, and there is, consequently, an abundance both of grass and water. There will be about 3000 fat wedders fit for market immediately after shearing, which, in view of the threatened scarcity, must command a high price.
The above property will be open for purchase by private contract until the 10th September instant, when, if not disposed of, it will be offered by public auction, in Melbourne, on the 14th of the same month.
All particulars can be obtained on application to E. C. DAVIES and CO., Stock and Station Agents, Orange.

REPORTS OF SALES AND QUOTATIONS STATIONS, FAT CATTLE, FAT SHEEP, STORE CATTLE, STORE SHEEP, HORSE MARKETS BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.
LIVE STOCK MARKET.—Reliable reports from the country districts.
THE SYDNEY MAIL,
Subscription, 5s. per quarter. Publishing Office, Hunter-street.

AUCTION SALES.

SALES DAILY, at WOOLLER'S Horse Bazaar, Pitt-street, at 11, Horses, Carts, &c.
Horses, Vehicles, and Harness.
GEORGE KISS will sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, all lots not specially advertised ; and at 12 o'clock, all lots specially advertised.
Regular sales at the Bazaar daily, and at Camperdown any afternoon.

Well Known Buggy Horse, Tommy.
GEORGE KISS has received instructions from L. Johnston, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,
TOMMY, Mr. L. Johnston's well-known buggy horse, broken to single and double harness.

Bay Buggy Horse.
GEORGE KISS has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, the 14th instant, at 12 o'clock,
A bay gelding, 16 hands high, thoroughly broken to saddle, single and double harness.

Bay Saddle and Harness Horse.
GEORGE KISS has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,
Bay gelding by Avondale, dam a Sir Charles mare, broken to saddle and harness.

Pure-bred Clydesdale Stallion, CLANSMAN.
GEORGE KISS has received instructions to sell by auction, or by private contract, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,
CLANSMAN, a bay horse (imported from Victoria), 5 years old, 17 hands, by the imported Clydesdale stallion Scotchman out of the prize Clydesdale mare Lily, by the Clydesdale stallion Ben Lomond (imported to Victoria by Mr. R. Brodie), and was by Prince Albert out of a mare that gained the first prize at the Highland Society's Show, Glasgow, &c. Scotchman was bred by Mr. Rae, of Hazelfield, near Castle Douglas, Kircudbrightshire, Scotland. He was by Loch Fergus, the sire of more prize-takers than any horse in Scotland. His dam, Mr. Rae's celebrated mare Jess, winner of a great number of prizes, and considered by competent judges to be the best brood mare in Scotland.
Clansman was bred by the noted breeder Andrew Rowan, Esq., Borbower, Kyneton, Victoria. Clansman gained the first prize at the Sandhurst Agricultural Show, November, 1875, beating a large field of imported and some of the best colonial-bred horses in Victoria. He is a sure foal-getter, and being from the best blood in Scotland, he must prove a valuable sire.

WILLIAM INGLIS will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at Darling Harbour, at 9 o'clock,
Hay and straw by the truck ; maize, potatoes, &c.

WEEKLY PRODUCE SALE.
Railway Auction Mart, 793, George-street.
WILLIAM INGLIS will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
Calves, lambs, pigs, suckers.
At half-past 11 o'clock,
80 coops poultry of all kinds.
At half-past 1 o'clock,
The usual weekly supply of dairy produce, consisting of roll butter, keg butter, and cheese, from the best dairies in the Southern districts ; superior corned bacon and hams, 100 cases fresh eggs, lard, honey, &c., &c.

To Fruiterers and Greengrocers.
WILLIAM INGLIS will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at his Sale Yards, Railway Auction Mart, at 2 o'clock,
20 cases first-class apples, from A. Ellis, Esq., Maruda store pippins, in prime condition.

WILLIAM NIXON and CO. will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at Darling Harbour, at 9 o'clock,
Hay, straw, potatoes, &c., by the truck.

ELLIS and CO. will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at Darling Harbour, at 9 o'clock,
Hay, straw, lucerne, maize, potatoes, pumpkins, &c.
At Depot, at half-past 11 o'clock,
Fat calves, lambs, pigs, suckers, dead pigs, and poultry of every description.
At half-past 12 o'clock,
Roll and keg butter, cheese, bacon, eggs, honey, lard, &c.
At 4 o'clock,
Hides, tallow, wool, sheepskins, fruit, &c.

WELLS and SMITH will sell by auction, at Darling Harbour, THIS DAY, at 9 o'clock,
Hay, straw, corn, pumpkins.

WELLS and SMITH will sell, by auction, at Corporation Sale Yards, Market Wharf,
160 pigs and calves.

WELLS and SMITH will sell by auction, at their Yards, THIS DAY, at half-past 11 o'clock,
90 dead pigs
50 fat and store pigs
100 sucking pigs
50 calves.
At 1 o'clock,
100 coops poultry
Ducks, geese, turkeys
100 cases fresh eggs and butter
Bacon, lard, honey, cheese
100 bags potatoes
Crockery, cruet stands, furniture
1 box dray and harness
1 set trace harness
30 tins assorted jams, weighing 20 lbs. each.

WILLIAM NIXON and CO. will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at 693, George-street, at 2 o'clock,
12 pairs prime Brahma fowls
Turkeys, ducks, geese
Dairy produce, dates, &c.
1 splendid cow near calving
Saddle horse, spring-cart
Harness, and
Sundries.

C. R. BEDWELL and CO. will sell, at the Railway, THIS DAY,
Hay, maize, potatoes, turnips, &c.
At Produce Depot, 793, George-street, at 11 o'clock, calves and pigs. 11.30, carcase pork, sucking, poultry, eggs, bacon, cheese, &c.

Butchers. Butchers. Butchers.
G. W. TATE will sell by auction, at the Corporation Sale Yards, foot of Market-street, THIS DAY, at 11 a.m.,
287 prime fat pigs
51 ditto ditto calves.

J. S. PROCTER will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at Darling Harbour Station, at 9 o'clock,
Hay, straw, lucerne, corn, potatoes, swedes, &c.
At the Sydney Produce Mart, 701, George-street South, at 12 o'clock,
Carcase pork, calves, pigs, suckers, turkeys, geese, ducks, fowls, pigeons, birds, oranges, fruit, potatoes, swedes, onions, &c.
At 2 o'clock,
The usual supply of dairy produce, comprising 100 cwt. best roll butter, 30 kegs butter, 149 cases eggs, superior quality ; 20 cases cheese, hams, bacon, cheese, lard, honey, wax, hair, hides, skins, tallow, &c.
At 4 o'clock,
Groceries, oilmen's stores, vinegar, limejuice, fish, colonial wine, bitters, harness, and sundries.

SULLIVAN and SIMPSON have received instructions from John Taylor, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Homebush Yards, on MONDAY next, 17th instant, at 11 o'clock,
2067 really prime and weighty fat sheep, in lots, from his Dobikin Station.

MAIDEN, HILL, and CLARK have received instructions from J. R. Lomax, Esq., to sell by auction, at Homebush, on MONDAY, 17th instant,
150 head prime fat cattle, from Wirrah.
Terms, cash.

Fat Lambs. Fat Calves.
BRUNKER, WOLFE, and BADGERY have received instructions to sell by auction, at Ellis and Co.'s Yards, THIS DAY, at half-past 11 o'clock,
40 prime fat lambs
10 ditto ditto calves.
Terms, cash.

BRUNKER, WOLFE, and BADGERY have received instructions from A. E. Johnston, Esq., to sell by auction, at Homebush, on MONDAY, 17th September, at 11 o'clock,
200 head of prime and weighty fat cattle, from M... and in charge of Mr. Gillet.
Terms, cash.

Warrah Wethers.
56 lbs.
G. M. PITT and SON have received instructions from the A. A. Co. to sell by auction, THIS DAY, Friday, at Ellis and Co.'s Yards, at half-past 11 o'clock,
1100 prime fat wethers, in lots, by rail and steamer, superior to anything yet sent.

G. M. PITT and SON have received instructions from B. South, Esq., to sell by auction, on MONDAY next, 17th instant, at the Homebush Yards, at 11 o'clock,
200 prime fat cattle, in lots.

G. M. PITT and SON have received instructions to sell by auction, on MONDAY next, 17th instant, at the Homebush Yards, at 11 o'clock,
200 prime fat cattle, in lots.

W. TINDALE will sell, at Darling Harbour, THIS DAY, at 9 o'clock, Hay, straw, &c.

JOHN BRIDGE will sell at his Produce Stores Circular Quay THIS DAY, at 10.30, hides ; at 2.30, casks tallow ; and at 3 p.m., hair, horns, &c.

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AUCTION SALES.

Weekly Produce Sale.

MAIDEN, HILL, and CLARK will sell by auction, at their Produce Stores, Circular Quay, THIS DAY, Friday, at half-past 10 o'clock,
Hides, calfskins
Hair, horns, bones, beeswax, &c.
And at half-past 2 o'clock,
Casks tallow.
Terms, cash.

Weekly Produce Sale.

MORT and CO. will sell by auction, at their Produce Stores, Circular Quay, THIS DAY, Friday, at half-past 10 o'clock,
Hides, horse hides
Kangaroo and wallaby skins.
At half-past 2 o'clock,
Casks tallow.
At 3 o'clock,
Horns, bones, hair, and beeswax.
Terms cash.

Weekly Produce Sale.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN will sell by auction, at their Produce Stores, Circular Quay, THIS DAY, Friday, September 14, at half-past 10 o'clock,
Hides, calfskins, hair, horns, bones, &c.
And at half-past 2 o'clock,
Casks tallow.
Terms, cash.

F. L. BARKER will sell by auction, at his Produce Stores, at 10.30, Hides; 2.30, tallow.

UNDER A BILL OF SALE.
THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock.
Chests Drawers, Bedsteads and Bedding, Cedar Tables, Chairs, Crockery, Cooking Utensils, &c., &c.

R. J. HUGHES and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Rooms, THIS DAY.
The above, without reserve.

DUNN and LISTER will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 204, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, at 1 o'clock, Men's and women's new and second-hand clothing, boots, books, fancy goods, and sundries.

FURNITURE, FURNITURE, at his Mart, 35, Erskine-street, SATURDAY, at 2 o'clock.

A. G. COOPER will sell by public auction, The above. Without reserve.

DALE and CO. will sell by auction, on SATURDAY, the 15th instant, at 11 a.m., on the Premises, 315, Elizabeth-street South,
Furniture and goodwill of a boarding-house, full of permanent boarders. To be sold in one lot. A good chance for any industrious couple. Terms cash.

FRIDAY, September 14, at 11 o'clock.
At 37, Riley-street, between William and Woolloomooloo streets.

Household Furniture and Effects, comprising—Couches, Chairs, Carpet, Pier-glass, Chiffonier, Clock and Shade, Lustres, Musical Box, Tables, Bedsteads and Bedding, Toilet Glass, Dresser, Crockery, Kitchen Utensils, &c.

ALEXANDER MOORE and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, THIS DAY, September 14, at 11 o'clock,
The above.

THIS DAY, 14th instant, at 2 o'clock.

Under Bill of Sale.

Household Furniture and Effects, comprising
DRAWING-ROOM Suite, green rep
Walnut Oval Table, Chairs, Couches, Chiffoniers
Pictures, Glassware, Ornaments, Cornice Poles and Blinds, Cabinet Books
CARPET, Oilcloth, Matting, Mats
Double and Single Iron Bedsteads, Pulu Mattresses, Palliasses, Double Marble Washstand and Set, Chest Drawers, Bedroom Furniture
Kitchen Utensils, &c.

H. VAUGHAN has received instructions to sell by auction, on the premises, No. 2, Dinsed-terrace, Fitzroy-street, Surry Hills,
Without reserve.

THIS DAY, 14th instant, at 11 o'clock.

Under Bill of Sale.

PIANOFORTE, by Aucher, trichord, in handsome rosewood case
Musical Box
BOOKS—law and others
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and Effects, comprising Tables, Chairs, Easy Chairs, Couches, Sofas, Sideboards, Chiffonier
Pier Glasses, Pictures, Lamps, Ornaments; Glass Cases, Wax and fruit; Canterbury, Carpets, Matting, Oilcloth, Clocks, Globes
Single and Double Iron and Wooden Bedsteads, Horsehair Mattresses, Palliasses, Bedding, Chest Drawers
Bedroom Furniture
Kitchen Utensils, Dressers, Gas Stove, Washing Copper
Sewing-machines, Bath
4 Large Iron PILASTERS, Gutta Percha and Tape Fuse
HOLLOWARE, Zinc Tubs, Buckets, Boilers, Saucepans, Kettles, &c.
Guns, Rifles, Steelyards, Show Tins, and Vinegar
Watches, Chains, and Jewellery.

H. VAUGHAN has received instructions to sell by auction, at his newly-erected Rooms, 152, King-street East,
Without reserve.

MONDAY next, 17th instant.

BOOTS AND SHOES. BOOTS AND SHOES.

New and seasonable goods now landing, ex Amana, in splendid condition, comprising
Ladies'
Gent.'s, and
Children's Boots and Shoes,
in great variety.

To the Trade, Country Buyers, Speculators, and others.

MR. M. MOLONY is favoured with instructions from the importers to sell by auction, in his Rooms, No. 2..3, George-street, on MONDAY next, the 17th instant, at 11 o'clock,
The above.
Every line will be sold without reserve.
Terms, liberal, at sale.

WEDNESDAY, September 19th, 1877.

☞ Important Preliminary Notice.

Million Havannah and Foreign Cigars
Hundred Packages Imported American Manufactured Negrohead and other Tobaccos.
Under instructions from Messrs. Wittkowski, Brothers.

Clearing-out Sale of Imported American Manufactured Negrohead and other Tobaccos, Havannah and Foreign Cigars.

To Merchants, Tobacconists, Wholesale Grocers, Shippers, and others.

JOHN G. COHEN has received instructions from Messrs. Wittkowski, Brothers, to sell by auction, at the Argyle Road, on WEDNESDAY, September 19, 1877, at 11 o'clock,
The whole of their valuable assorted stock of American-manufactured negrohead and other tobaccos, Havannah and foreign cigars, in consequence of their giving up the importation of tobacco and cigars, and prior to their departure from the Australian colonies.
☞ The above is the largest and finest stock of cigars and tobaccos ever offered in the Australian colonies, being a direct importation.
Terms liberal.
Luncheon provided.
☞ Catalogues now in course of preparation.

Stock-in-trade of a Country Jeweller, removed to the Rooms for convenience of sale.

To Jewellers, Watchmakers, Dealers, and others.

THIS DAY, Friday, September 14.

MR. CHARLES TEAKLE has been instructed to sell by auction, at his Rooms, 7, Wynyard-street, THIS DAY, Friday, at 11 o'clock,
The above described stock of gold and silver watches, metal and plated watches, gold lockets, brooches, suites, earrings, albert chains, ladies' chains, brooches and earrings, solitaires, Vienna clocks, negligees, studs, suites, &c., &c.; also sundries.
Terms, cash.

To Ironmongers, Storekeepers, Dealers, and others.

THIS DAY, Friday, September 14.

MR. CHARLES TEAKLE has been instructed to sell by auction, at his Rooms, Wynyard-street, on the above date, at 11 o'clock,
The balance of consignments of ironmongery, comprising
Such screws, assorted
Picks, axe, and hammer handles
Screw-wrenches, 8, 10, 12, 15 inches
Handsaws, 26 and 28 inches
Smoothing planes, 2, 2¼, 2½, 2¾
Egg-beaters
And iron tacks, 8 to 16 ounces
&c., &c., &c.
Terms at sale.

☞ AMERICAN CLOCKS.

☞ IMPORTANT TO WATCHMAKERS, DEALERS, STOREKEEPERS, AND OTHERS.

MR. CHARLES TEAKLE will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 7, Wynyard-street, THIS DAY, Friday, September 14, at 12 o'clock prompt,
A shipment of American clocks, of the undermentioned description:—
Ex Annie H. Smith, from New York,
10 cases cottage time clocks, 1-day, each 12
10 cases 6-in. clipper ditto, 1-day, each 6
10 ditto favourite, 1-day strike, each 6
10 ditto ditto, 8 ditto ditto, ditto 6
10 ditto Sharp's gothic, 1 ditto ditto, ditto 6
10 ditto round gothic, 1 ditto ditto, ditto 6
5 ditto Celtic, 1 ditto ditto, ditto 6
5 ditto Persian gilt, 1 ditto ditto, ditto 6
5 ditto ditto, 8 ditto ditto, ditto 6
10 ditto drop office, 8 ditto ditto, ditto 6
6 ditto 8-in. lever, 1 ditto ditto, ditto 6
10 ditto cottage alarum, 1 ditto ditto, ditto 6.
For positive unreserved sale, without the slightest reserve.
Terms at sale.

UNDER POSITIVE INSTRUCTIONS FROM THE CONSIGNORS.

SHOP TWINES
WRAPPING PAPER
Men's and Boys' CLOTHING
OIL BAIZES.

THIS DAY, Friday, 14th instant, at 11 o'clock.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. are instructed to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 167, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Friday,
M in diamond,
45—10 dozen American shop twine
5 ditto Italian ditto
44—20 ditto coloured ditto
15—1 case same
W in triangle,
10813 —25 dozen fine twine, in 8 dozen balls
10814-18— 5 cases same
10810 —25 dozen ditto
10811-12— 2 cases same
3891 —12 reams brown paper, each 52 lbs.
3892- 6— 5 bales same
R&M,
391—1 case gent.'s black cloth Prince of Wales' pages' coats
392—1 ditto ditto D. B. ditto
393—1 ditto B. and Y. printed mole trousers
386—1 ditto men's ditto ditto ditto
387—1 ditto same
395—1 ditto self mole trousers
396—1 ditto same
398—1 bale duck trousers
361—1 case B. and Y. imitation colonial tweed trousers
365—1 ditto seamen's ditto ditto ditto
366—1 ditto men's ditto ditto ditto
5093—60 ditto coats, ditto
29 ditto suits, ditto
50 ditto fancy tweed trousers
901—18 seal waterproof buggy aprons
18 wool plaid ditto ditto
1—30 dozen men's regatta shirts, W. and B., and collars to match
2—30 ditto ditto Oxford ditto, ditto ditto
6—40 ditto youths' cheviot ditto, sizes 3 to 6.
59—30 pieces wood oil baize, No. 1
60—30 ditto ditto, No. 2
61—30 ditto ditto, No. 3
Terms at sale.

SATURDAY, 15th September, at 11 a.m.

At the New Sale Rooms, Spring and O'Connell streets.

PAIR FINE STEPPING CREAM-COLOUR PONIES, SILVER MOUNTED HARNESS, and FAMILY SOCIABLE, altogether a most complete turnout.

To PRIVATE GENTLEMEN and LIVERY STABLE PROPRIETORS.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have been instructed to sell by auction, at their New Sale Rooms, Spring and O'Connell streets, on SATURDAY, 15th September, at 11 a.m.,
The above.
May be inspected at the Rooms, on Saturday, from half-past 10 a.m.
Terms, cash.

SATURDAY, 15th September, at 11 a.m.,
At their New Sale Rooms, Spring and O'Connell streets.

IMPORTANT SALE
of
SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
PIANOFORTES,
VALUABLE PLATE.

Choice Glass and China
Elegant Duplex Kerosene Lamps
Balance-handle Table Cutlery
Sewing-machines
Massive Leather Dining-room Suite
Horsehair Suite
Handsome Mahogany Sideboards
Mahogany Telescope Dining Tables
Fine Proof Engravings
Pair fine old Oil Paintings
Elegant Drawing-room Suites
Superb Walnut Centre Tables
Walnut Whatnots and Musical Stools
10 Massive Single and Double Bedsteads, Hair Mattresses, Palliasses
Handsome Wardrobes
Chests Drawers and Washstands
Kitchen Utensils, and a large variety of Household Sundries.

To Families Furnishing.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB will sell by auction, at their New Sale Rooms, Spring and O'Connell streets, on SATURDAY, 15th September, at 11 a.m.,
SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE
and pair
CREAM-COLOUR PONIES,
SILVER MOUNTED HARNESS, and
FAMILY SOCIABLE.
Terms, cash.

AMERICAN DOORS.

HIGH LOCK RAIL.

IMPORTANT TO THE BUILDING TRADES OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

TUESDAY, September 18.

1093 AMERICAN DOORS
250 BLINDS.
JUST ARRIVED, ex CITY OF NEW YORK.

The above Doors WILL BE SOLD WITHOUT RESERVE.

At the CITY MART, on TUESDAY MORNING, at 11 o'clock.

By order of Messrs. BEILBY and CO.

☞ SAMPLE DOORS will be at the Rooms of the Auctioneer on Saturday, where purchasers may inspect them.

ALL HIGH LOCK RAIL DOORS.

L. E. THRELKELD has received instructions from the consignees to sell by auction, at the City Mart, on TUESDAY MORNING, September 18, at 11 o'clock,
Ex CITY OF NEW YORK,
150 raised panel doors, all patterns
943 American doors (all dimensions)
100 pairs ditto blinds, 10 x 14
100 ditto ditto, ditto, 10 x 12
50 ditto ditto, ditto, 10 x 8.
FULL PARTICULARS IN SATURDAY'S ISSUE.
Terms at sale.

FIRST CROP NEW SEASON'S TEAS.

Just arrived, via Bowen, from Foochow, following shipments of finest qualities.

Day of Sale, WEDNESDAY, September 19,
at the City Mart.

Messrs. W. WOLFEN and CO.'S SHIPMENT,
Embracing
986 packages Medium Congous.
Messrs. SCOTT, HENDERSON, and CO.'S SHIPMENT of
586 boxes Congous
300 half-chests.

Samples for liquoring may be had on application.

L. E. THRELKELD will sell by auction, at the City Mart, on WEDNESDAY, September 19, at 11 o'clock,
The above shipments of choice new season's teas, in lots to suit the trade.
Terms liberal.

STEAMSHIP GRAFTON.

FOR SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION.
THURSDAY, September 27, at the City Mart.

Intending purchasers are invited to inspect this Vessel, now lying at WATERVIEW BAY.
Full particulars in SATURDAY'S and WEDNESDAY'S issue.

L. E. THRELKELD,
Auctioneer.

IMPORTANT SALE OF THE ENTIRE Consignment of Messrs. LORIMER, ROME, and CO., ex City of New York, from San Francisco,
comprising
25,000 FEET T. and G. OREGON FLOORING
(the only parcel in the market).
10,000 SAWN REDWOOD SHINGLES
(the finest roofing in the world).
2,400 FANCY REDWOOD PICKETS
(for ornamental fencing of parks and lawns).
560 AMERICAN DOORS, of the following dimensions:—
25 doors, 3 x 7, 2 inch
25 ditto, 3 x 7, 1¾ inch
25 ditto, 2-10 x 6-10, 2 inch
50 ditto, 2-8 x 6-8, 1¾ inch
25 ditto, 2-10 x 6-10, 1¾ inch
100 ditto, 2-8 x 6-8, 1½ inch
100 doors, 2-6 x 6-6, 1½ inch
200 doors, 2-6 x 6-6, 1¼ inch,
and
100 GLOBE WASHBOARDS, noted as being the most useful and economical aids to the laundry throughout the United States, attested by numerous certificates now on view.

Day of Sale, TUESDAY, September 18,
at the City Mart.

In accordance with Messrs. Lorimer, Rome, and Co.'s instructions, the entire Invoices will be sold
WITHOUT RESERVE.

Samples of the above are now on view at the Rooms, and the bulk may be inspected at Dibbs' Wharf.

L. E. THRELKELD will sell by auction, at the City Mart, on TUESDAY, September 18, at 11 o'clock,
The entire shipments to the consignment of
Messrs. LORIMER, ROME, and CO.,
ex City of New York,
embracing—
OREGON FLOORING, 6 x 1
REDWOOD SHINGLES and PICKETS
AMERICAN DOORS
GLOBE WASHBOARDS, &c., &c.,
as above described.
Terms at sale.

Note—TUESDAY, September 18,
at the City Mart.

NEW TEAS.

Mr. ALBERT A. SMITH'S SPECIAL SHIPMENT
of
FIRST CROP NEW SEASON'S TEAS,
ex BOWEN, from Foochow, second shipment.

The Grocery and Tea Trade of Sydney are invited to liquor and test the relative merits of the Chops embraced in this shipment. Muster packages are open. The Auctioneer is instructed to announce that the teas having been selected most carefully and with the judgment of an experienced taster, well knowing the exact wants of this market, it is the importer's intention of closing them out at auction on WEDNESDAY, September 19.
Catalogues are now ready, and the teas may be taken in bond or duty paid, as required by buyers.

L. E. THRELKELD is instructed to sell by auction, at the City Mart, on WEDNESDAY, September 19, at 11 o'clock,
Mr. Albert A. Smith's selected shipment
consisting of
ALL FINEST FIRST CROP CONGOUS,
Ex s.s. BOWEN.
19 to 21—355 half-chests
22—100 ditto
23— 63 ditto
24—100 ditto
25—137 ditto
26—100 ditto
27—100 ditto
28—103 ditto
29—100 ditto
30— 93 ditto
31—100 ditto.
Terms liberal.

CLEARING-OUT SALE.

By order of Messrs. P. N. Russell and Co.,
Murphy's Yard,
and the Carriage Factory.
Barker-street, off Bathurst-street.

18 LOTS OF TIMBER, ASSORTED
LARGE 4-WHEELED TRUCKS
3-TON WHARF CRANE
2 TIMBER-JUNKERS
LARGE WAGGON FOR REMOVING RAILWAY CARRIAGES
STEAM BOILER
IRON TANKS, MILL STONES, STEAM BOILER
And a host of Material suitable to the wants of Contractors.

GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON will sell by auction,
THIS DAY, 14th September,
at 2.30 o'clock,
at Murphy's Yard,
and Messrs. P. N. Russell and Co.'s
CARRIAGE FACTORY.

A LARGE QUANTITY of assorted stock and plant, suited to the requirements of contractors, BUILDERS and others, including—
TIMBER, DRAYS, CRANES
TRUCKS, TANKS, BLACKSMITH'S BELLOWS
TELEGRAPH POSTS
Waggons for moving railway carriages
Seasoned timber, ready cut for railway carriages
BOARDS AND SCANTLING, &c., &c.

Sale, FRIDAY, September 14,
2.30 p.m. sharp.

GILT DINNER SETS.
FANCY TOILET SETS,
ex Harlaw.
Opened out.

On account of whom it may concern.
By order of the Consignees.

For Sale by Auction,
TP,
2 CRATES and 2 CASKS.
THIS DAY, September 14, at 11.

GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON.
Particulars at sale.

AMERICAN DOORS.

On account of whom it may concern,
ex Mail steamer
from San Francisco,
47 DOORS, assorted.
THIS DAY, Friday, September 14.

GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON.
Particulars at sale

STATIONERY.

Fine Blue-wove Foolscap
Ditto Cream ditto
Dickinson's Carte de Visites
Royal Pasteboards.
All assorted.

4 cases of above,
for sale by auction, by
GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON,
THIS DAY, September 14.
Full particulars at sale.

BUTTER.

Just landed.
By order of the Consignees.
30 Kegs BUTTER.
for sale by auction, at the Rooms,
THIS DAY, Friday, at 11 o'clock,
by
GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON.

LAND SALE.

RUTHVEN, WAVERLEY.

The Auctioneers beg to notify that this property is, for the present, withdrawn from sale.

GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON.

CORIANDER SEED.

A Small Shipment,
by order of the consignees,
for SALE by Auction,
FRIDAY, September 14.

GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON.

Entire Cargo of superior
OREGON TIMBER,
now landing ex Nile,
on account of those concerned,
comprising 106,000 feet ¾ and 1 inch Boards,
and
Lumber in assorted sizes.

GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON will sell by auction, at the Grafton Wharf, on WEDNESDAY, September 19, at half-past 2 p.m.,
The cargo of the Nile, consisting of the following prime Oregon:—
2188 boards, 8 x ¾ inch
1583 ditto, 8 x 1 ditto
861 pieces, 4 x 3 ditto
604 ditto, 6 x 2 ditto
670 ditto, 6 x 3 ditto.
In lots to suit purchasers.
Terms at sale.

THIRTY CASES CHEESE.

For Sale by Auction,
at the Rooms,
THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
by
GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON.

CARTS AND DRAYS.

Positive Clearing Sale,
at the Works of Messrs. P. N. RUSSELL and CO.
For SALE by Auction,
THIS DAY, September 14.

GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON.

Particulars at Rooms.

EARTHENWARE
PORCELAIN
GLASSWARE, &c.
Opened out.

For Positive Sale,
by order of the Consignees,
An Invoice of superior Goods,
just landed.

For Auction Sale,
THIS DAY, September 14,
at 11 o'clock.
GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON.
Full particulars at Rooms.

NAVAL SALE.

EUROPE CORDAGE, &c.

MESSRS. BOWDEN will sell, at the Naval Depot, Queen's Wharf, THIS DAY, the 14th instant, at 10 o'clock,
Europe cordage and tarpaulins, at per cwt.
Blocks and old iron
Boat 20 feet long
Old leather and fishing net
Iron casks, 26, 13, and 9 gallons
Wood casks J. B. and packing cases
Metal and tin cases, and numerous articles
Currants, biscuit, siftings, and cook's fat
Duck, flannel, and blue serge remnants
Medicine bottles
Gunpowder, medium, in 17 casks, 1700 lbs.
Grummets, rope, No. 96.
TENDERS for the purchase of any portion of the above articles will be received until noon on 13th instant.

GLADESVILLE.

LAND SALE BY AUCTION.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY.

ON THE GROUND, at 3 o'clock.

W. PRITCHARD.

Free steamer from foot of King-street, at quarter-past 2.

SUBURBAN INVESTMENT.

FREEHOLD COTTAGE PROPERTIES,

AT ENMORE.

Opposite the Mansion and Grounds of
JUDGE JOSEPHSON.

W. PRITCHARD has received instructions to sell by auction, at his Rooms, 281, GEORGE-STREET, on THURSDAY next, September 20, at 11 o'clock,
Four ALLOTMENTS of LAND, having a frontage to JAMES-STREET, ENMORE, of 100 feet by a depth of 127 feet, on which are erected four SMALL COTTAGES, with verandahs—all let to permanent tenants.
Also,
An allotment, 65 feet to JAMES-STREET, by 130 feet deep, on which is erected a comfortable four-roomed verandah COTTAGE, with OUTHOUSE, STABLING, and shed.
The whole are let and produce a rental of 27s per week.

Title freehold. Terms, cash.

GREAT CLEARANCE SALE.

GLADESVILLE.

To close Partnership Account.
ON THE GROUND, next SATURDAY, September 15.

W. PRITCHARD has been favoured with instructions to sell by auction, on the GROUND, next SATURDAY, 15th September, at 3 o'clock,
11 choice BUILDING SITES, having frontages to PARRAMATTA RIVER, main Gladesville Road, and Meriton-street.
These allotments are all adjacent to Mr. D. Ardier's NEW VILLA; the house and grounds of W. O. Campbell, Esq., and other beautiful residences, and command magnificent views of HEN and CHICKEN BAY, PARRAMATTA RIVER, both up and down for miles.
During the recent BOAT RACE between TRICKETT and RUSH these WATERSIDE ALLOTMENTS were crowded, and afforded the best view of the race.
Title, Torrens' Act.

After which, at the same time and place, he will submit to competition,
5 small allotments at BATTERSEA, on the opposite side of the river, close to where the REFRESHMENT BOOTHS were erected during the great race.
As the whole of the land in this locality has been bought up by large holders, these allotments are well worthy the attention of publicans, booth-keepers, and others.
Free deed. Title freehold.
Terms, liberal, at sale.

N.B.—Special steamer will leave foot of King-street on the ABOVE DAY, at 2 o'clock, conveying intending purchasers to the sale FREE of charge.

MAGNIFICENT BLOCK OF LAND

NEUTRAL BAY, NORTH SHORE.

W. PRITCHARD has received instructions to sell by auction, at his ROOMS, 281, GEORGE-STREET, on THURSDAY next, the 20th September, at 11 o'clock,
All that splendid BLOCK OF LAND, at Neutral Bay, comprising about FOUR ACRES, and having a frontage of
About 650 feet to WILLIAM-STREET
" 263 feet to ALFRED-STREET
" 615 feet to SYERS' ESTATE
" 150 feet to RESERVED ROAD
FRONTING NEUTRAL BAY,
on which is erected TWO COTTAGES with large gardens, planted with various kinds of fruit trees.
Title freehold. Terms at sale.

READ THIS! READ THIS!

WYNNE'S PADDOCK.

THE CITY HEALTH OFFICER
has
INSPECTED
WYNNE'S SUBDIVISION
of
10 ACRES AT BURWOOD.

READ HIS REPORT
before
THE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL,
and reported in the HERALD of the 11th instant.

Extract from same:
"My attention has been drawn to land at Burwood that is shortly to be sold, which has been laid out on a plan suitable for, and with a view to hygiene; and according to the evidence given by the owner of the land, and who is a magistrate of the colony, before the
SEWAGE and HEALTH BOARD,
his idea of the danger of overcrowding has caused him to give so much of his land as a reserve within the allotment enclosure, to be given into trustees' hands for the benefit and use of the inhabitants of the north and south crescents. Such a sacrifice of ground is worthy of imitation, as by this reserve in the hands of trustees all building closely opposite the crescents is prevented, and is carrying out the sterling opinion that the parks and gardens are the lungs of all large cities. By commencing a township on this principle, the great sanitary laws can be effectually carried out, as these vacant spaces are with the greatest difficulty obtained after the land is once built upon. It is by the merchants' and artisans' families that the benefit of living in the country is felt, as there the preservation of health can be carried out by purer and better diet and atmosphere. More means of ventilation, exercise, and the being away from the temptations of a large town, dissipation, and excesses are avoided."

Sale Day,
NEXT SATURDAY.

HARDIE and GORMAN,
Auctioneers.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

GO AND SEE
WYNNE' CHOICE VILLA SITES,
situate at
REDMIRE,
before the day of sale, and inform us if you have ever seen anything to equal them.

DAY OF SALE.
SATURDAY NEXT.

HARDIE and GORMAN,
Auctioneers.

WYNNE'S PADDOCK.

Sale Day.
NEXT SATURDAY.

EVELEIGH-STREET, CHIPPENDALE.

3 comfortable COTTAGES, new and well built, situate in EVELEIGH-STREET, near CLEVELAND-STREET, a little beyond Horne's Cottages. Two are let at 10s, and one at 12s weekly.

Title, leasehold; about twenty years to run.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions from Mr. Chandler to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, Bell's-chambers, 175, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on
TUESDAY, 18th September,
The above-described properties.

These cottages are situated nearly opposite VINE-STREET, fronting EVELEIGH-STREET, near to EVELEIGH HOUSE, and opposite HUDSON, BROS'., works. The land extends back to the railway line, and comprises several lots of section 3, block A. HUTCHINSON'S ESTATE. The locality here is healthy and thickly populated, and the position very convenient to the STATION.
The special attention of MECHANICS and TRADES-PEOPLE is directed to this favourable opportunity of securing a comfortable cottage at THIS POSITIVE SALE.

Day of Sale,
TUESDAY, 18th SEPTEMBER.

UNRESERVED SALE.

FITZROY-STREET, NORTH SHORE.

A COTTAGE RESIDENCE, containing 6 rooms, hall, cellar, &c., and built of stone.
The land has a frontage of 30 FEET to FITZROY-STREET by a depth of 120 FEET to a back entrance, 20 FEET WIDE.

*** This well-built Cottage is situate near DIND'S HOTEL, and about a 100 yards from the MAIN ROAD, and only THREE minutes' walk from the
MILSON'S POINT FERRY.

It commands good harbour views, and is also very accessible.
The sale is POSITIVE for
TUESDAY NEXT.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, Bell's-chambers, 175, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock,
TUESDAY, 18th September,
The above-described well-built cottage residence.

PUNCHBOWL ROAD,
about 2 miles from
BURWOOD STATION,
and near to the
ENFIELD CHURCH.

A very comfortable Cottage Residence, containing 4 rooms, hall, &c., kitchen and servant's room, verandah on three sides; also coachhouse, stables, store-room, cow and cart sheds, fowlhouses, &c.
The land has a large frontage to PUNCHBOWL ROAD, and contains an area of EIGHT ACRES.

Vendor's solicitor—W. W. BILLYARD, Esq., HUNTER-STREET.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions from Mr Carter to sell by public auction, at their Sale Rooms, Bell's-chambers, 175, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on TUESDAY, 25th September,
The above-described cottage residence, and eight acres of good land.

This property is situate on the PUNCHBOWL ROAD, a short distance from its junction with REDMAN'S ROAD, and adjoins the property of Mr. Varidel, near to the ENFIELD CHURCH, and only distant two miles from
THE BURWOOD STATION.
The cottage is new, well built, and very comfortable, and the outhouses are conveniently arranged. The land contains an area of eight acres, and is well fenced-in with three-rail and paling fence; a good part is laid out as garden and orchard, and is planted with a choice variety of fruit trees.
The position is well elevated, with a gentle slope, and having a north-easterly aspect. The locality is healthy, and the supply of water is large. This compact property is well worth careful inspection, and it must be sold.

THURSDAY, 27th instant.

Magnificent
FREEHOLD PROPERTY,
known as
YARRANOO,
containing
1092 Acres first-class Pastoral and Agricultural Land (freehold),
Adjoining the Township of Binda.
together with
1470 Acres Pre-emptive Land,
one of the earliest selections, originally granted to the late Thomas Bray, Esq.

FINLAY and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Rooms, Belmore-square, on THURSDAY, 27th instant, at 11 o'clock sharp,
That valuable and splendid pastoral property known as YARRANOO, containing 1092 acres first-class agricultural and grazing land, with improvements, situated immediately adjoining the township of Binda, 40 miles from Goulburn, fenced in with a substantial two-rail fence, and subdivided into convenient paddocks.

YARRANOO is abundantly watered at all times by the Binda Creek and Ponds, and with its pre-emptive of 1470 acres, forms one of the best little properties in the southern districts. There is a large extent of Government land available.
YARRANOO was one of the earliest grants; and the fertility of the soil, either for agricultural or pastoral purposes, is generally admitted to be par excellence.

TERMS extremely liberal. One-fourth cash; one-fourth at twelve months; balance may remain secured upon the property at 7 per cent.
Title guaranteed.

THURSDAY, 18th October.

By order of the Hon. Thomas Holt.

MAGNIFICENT FREEHOLD ESTATES
to be Leased by Auction
for a term of from 7 to 21 years, at the option of the lessee, being subdivisions of that princely property known as
ARTHURSLEIGH,
30 miles from Goulburn, and ranging in extent from 6000 to 805 acres to 3900 acres freehold.

FINLAY and CO. have received instructions from the Hon. Thomas Holt to lease, by auction,
at ARTHURSLEIGH,
Mount Pleasant, on 18th OCTOBER,
CARRIGAN, GIBRALTAR, and WANGARATTA ESTATES, containing 6000 acres (freehold), subdivided into 9 paddocks, and highly improved.
The WATTLE CREEK ESTATE, containing 4080 acres (freehold), subdivided into 5 paddocks, and highly improved.
THE JUNCTION ESTATE, containing 3840 acres freehold, subdivided into 7 paddocks, and improved
CYMRO ESTATE, about 800 acres first-class grazing land.
These beautiful properties are possessed of the highest fattening qualities—rich agricultural and fertile grazing lands, splendidly watered by the Wollondilly and its tributaries, the finest climate in Australia, five hours by train from Sydney, and a few miles from the Railway Receiving Stock-yards, Southern line.
Post town, Marulan.
Full particulars of these valuable properties will be found in every Saturday's issue of this paper.

It is the intention to submit by auction, at the same time and place, about
3000 head well-bred store cattle
30 horses and ponies
Fattening bullocks, heifers, and young cattle.

Every information and facility to inspect the properties will be afforded on application to the agents.

On FRIDAY, 21st September, 1877.

BARRIER RANGES PASTORAL CLAIMS,
NEW SOUTH WALES.

WHITE'S ROOMS, ADELAIDE,
at 2 o'clock.
By order of the Mortgagee.
FLOOD'S CREEK, SOUTH AND BADGEREGARN NORTH-WEST,
situate North of the
POOLAMACCA STATION.

PARR, JAMES H., has received instructions from the Mortgagee to sell by auction, in White's Rooms, Adelaide, at 2 o'clock, on FRIDAY, 21st September,
All those two valuable pastoral claims known as
FLOOD'S CREEK SOUTH,
and
BADGEREGARN NORTH-WEST,
situate in the Barrier Ranges, New South Wales, and containing together about
153 SQUARE MILES.

For further particulars apply to Messrs. F. R. and F. Ayers, solicitors, Waymouth-street; or to J. H. Parr, auctioneer, Currie-street, Adelaide.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY.

ORDER OF SALE.

CITY, SUBURBAN, and COUNTRY PROPERTIES,
to be sold by public auction,
at the Rooms, Pitt-street,
THIS DAY, Friday, at half-past 11 o'clock.

SURRY HILLS.	Adelaide Cottage, High Holborn-street, between Riley and Crown streets, south of Devonshire-street.
SOUTH HEAD ROAD.	Two Shops and Dwellings, South Head Road, opposite Regent-street, Paddington; also, Cottage, Albert-street, at rear.
POINT PIPER ROAD.	Two Houses, Point Piper Road, Underwood Estate, Paddington, opposite the new Congregational Church.
WOOLLAHRA.	Trahlee, a commodious first-class Mansion, with extensive highly improved grounds, Upper and Lower Bellevue Roads.
NEWTOWN ROAD.	Family Residence, Newtown Road, overlooking, Victoria Park, north of Myrtle-street.
PETERSHAM.	Cottage Residence, Belgrave-street, between Canterbury and Addison Roads, Norwood Hill. Corner Site, Victoria and Belgrave streets.
ASHFIELD.	Improved Villa Site, Elizabeth-street, and the Railway line, a few feet from the Station.
CHIPPENDALE.	Allotments of Land, Cleveland, Abercrombie, Hudson, Eveleigh, and Bowman streets—Leasehold for about 20 years.
BOTANY.	Block of Land with Buildings thereon, Bay-street, village of Botany, on account and risk of the former purchaser.
BRISBANE WATER.	112 acres, on Wyong Creek, well known as Mr. A. W. Turnbull's Farm.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

CHIPPENDALE ALLOTMENTS.

The Sale of the LEASEHOLD ALLOTMENTS
at the Rooms of
RICHARDSON and WRENCH,
THIS DAY, Friday, at half-past 11 o'clock.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY.

BELLEVUE HILL,
WOOLLAHRA.

TRAHLEE.
A COMMODIOUS FIRST-CLASS MANSION,
with EXTENSIVE HIGHLY-IMPROVED
GROUNDS.
UPPER and LOWER BELLEVUE ROADS.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from JAMES R. FAIRFAX, Esq., to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street,
THIS DAY, Friday,
at 11 o'clock,
TRAHLEE,
That first-class, highly-finished, commodious family mansion, the residence and property of James R. Fairfax, Esq., together with 5 ACRES of highly improved ORNAMENTAL GROUNDS, having extensive frontages to
UPPER and LOWER BELLEVUE ROADS,
WOOLLAHRA,
one of the choicest sites in that beautiful favourite locality, overlooking Double Bay, the Harbour, and surrounding picturesque scenery.
The HOUSE, built principally of stone, in a massive and most substantial manner, has a handsome elevation, with spacious balcony and verandahs.
The principal apartments are entered from a wide hall laid with tesselated encaustic tiles, the walls delicately oil-painted.
They comprise—
Elegantly-decorated DRAWING-ROOM
Very large DINING-ROOM, a most spacious apartment, at one end of which is a beautifully-designed CONSERVATORY, laid down in tesselated pavement, and opening on the front verandah; also, BREAKFAST ROOM and LIBRARY.
The UPPER APARTMENTS are approached by staircase and corridor.
They include SEVEN BEDROOMS, DAY NURSERY, NIGHT NURSERY, TWO DRESSING-ROOMS, LINEN CLOSET, BATHROOM, plunge and shower, with water laid on.
In THE BASEMENT are lofty, airy, well-ventilated WINE CELLARS, STORES, &c.
Detached is a BILLIARD ROOM with verandah.
The OFFICES are very extensive and complete, comprising ROOMY KITCHEN, fitted with cooking range, two pantries, waiting-room, laundry, with all necessary fittings, washhouse, scullery, workshop, wood and coal-house.
Above the kitchen are the servants' apartments.
At the rear, sufficiently distant from the house, and approached by a distinct entrance, are three-stall STABLE, flagged and drained; double coachhouse, buggy-house, harness room, shed, large hayloft, groom's room, yard, and drying ground.
The WATER SUPPLY, both to HOUSE and OFFICES, is unlimited in all seasons. In addition to TANKS above ground, supplied from the roofs, there are TWO NEVER-FAILING SPRING WELLS, one of which is fitted with powerful pumps, which will force the water to all parts of the premises.
The DRAINAGE from all parts of the premises is perfect in every respect.
The GROUNDS contain an area of 5 ACRES. They are laid out with considerable ARTISTIC SKILL into shrubberies, lawns, terraces, walks lined with parterres of flowering plants, in the midst of which there is a perfect bushhouse, with complete water supply and playing fountains, forcing frames, &c.
Unlimited expenditure, tempered with excellent taste, has combined to render this portion of the property a
HIGHLY-FINISHED HORTICULTURAL GEM.
In the Grounds there are a small Orchard of picked trees, a Vegetable Garden with Gardener's Cottage of 4 rooms; also, well-grassed paddocks.
The site is one of the most valuable in this popular and beautiful suburb. It has a northern aspect and being on the most elevated point of Woollahra, it commands those lovely uninterrupted glimpses of the harbour and enlivening scenery for which the locality is so noted.

☞ This property is one of the MOST HIGHLY FINISHED among the MANY HANDSOME FAMILY MANSIONS in this favoured neighbourhood, and will be found on inspection to possess an amplitude of convenience, a perfection of comfort and domestic taste, which could only be completed by slow ingenuity and much thought and labour.

Terms, liberal.
TITLE—POINT PIPER LEASEHOLD, 99 years.
Cards to view may be obtained at the Rooms of the Auctioneers.

TO-MORROW (Saturday) AFTERNOON.

LAND SALE.

THE FLETCHER PARK ESTATE,
most beautifully situated in the
POPULAR and PICTURESQUE SUBURB
of MARRICKVILLE,
fronting
OLD ILLAWARRA ROAD and MARRICKVILLE ROAD,
adjoining the Residence of T. Thomas, Esq.,
for AUCTION SALE,
in
CHOICE SITES and ALLOTMENTS,
by
RICHARDSON and WRENCH,
ON THE GROUND,
TO-MORROW (Saturday) AFTERNOON,
at 3 o'clock.

TITLE, TORRENS' ACT.
LITHOGRAPHS obtainable at the Rooms, Pitt-street.
TERMS OF SALE.—One quarter cash, and the residue at 6, 12, 18, and 24 months, at 6 per cent. per annum.

AN OMNIBUS will leave the Auctioneers' Rooms, Pitt-street, at half-past 2 o'clock, TO-MORROW (Saturday) AFTERNOON, to convey intending purchasers to the sale.

By order of the TRUSTEES of the ESTATE of the late Mr. EDWARD CUNNINGHAM.

MAGNIFICENT BLOCK OF
CITY PROPERTY.
CAMPBELL-STREET, HAYMARKET, a few feet from GEORGE-STREET,
comprising
SHOP and DWELLING-HOUSE,
THE HAYMARKET HOTEL,
PRODUCE STORE, and
OTHER BUSINESS PREMISES
erected upon a
VERY LARGE BLOCK OF LAND,
having considerable frontage to
CAMPBELL-STREET,
immediately opposite the
NEW CITY BUILDINGS,
recently erected by WILLIAM WATKINS, Esq.

Preliminary Notice.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on an early date, due notice of which will shortly be published,
The above very valuable and extensive block of city building land, Campbell-street, Haymarket, together with the premises thereon.
Further particulars in future advertisements.
In the meantime a plan may be inspected at the Rooms.

ALEXANDRA CRESCENTS,
Ashfield.
FREDERICK and JOHN STREETS,
Ashfield.
FREDERICK and CHURCH STREETS,
Ashfield.
LUCY and JOHN STREETS,
Ashfield.
LUCY and CHURCH STREETS,
Ashfield.

VILLA SITES. VILLA SITES.

J. W. WATKIN will sell by auction, TO-MORROW, Saturday, the 15th September, at the Temperance Hall, Sydney, to commence at 3 p.m.,
Nine acres of fine building land, having frontages as above, subdivided into suitable building lots.

Inspection of this property is invited. It will be found to be in keeping with the Sydney Permanent Freehold Land and Building Society's previous subdivisions, Victoria Square, and Albert Parade, which have commanded universal approval.
In this subdivision the lots are good depths. Drainage is provided for, as well as access to each lot from its rear. The health and comfort of the future residents are chiefly considered, whilst the crescent-shaped plantations on Frederick-street are at once a novelty, a benefit, and must have a most pleasing effect.
Another advantage which may be mentioned is that this property adjoins the CRICKET GROUND, a very favourite locality in this suburb.
The system initiated by this society, which guarantees a buyer good surroundings, a respectable neighbourhood, which prevents the erection of unsightly huts and the crowding of buildings on insufficient areas, and which at the same time is on the Mutual principle, the profits belonging to the members and not to speculators, is such as has in the past, and will increasingly so in the future, command the attention and receive the support of a discriminating public.
The title will be under Torrens' Act.
The terms will be the Society's usually liberal ones—6¼ per cent. deposit, balance by fortnightly instalments.
Membership may be effected on or before day of sale.
Lithographs ready.
Omnibus will leave Temperance Hall, THIS (Friday) AFTERNOON, at 2.30 p.m., to convey, free of charge, parties desirous of inspecting.
PETERSHAM, MORGAN, and BISHOP STREETS, corner allotment, 96 x 132
Victoria-square, Ashfield, lots 30 and 35, each 59 feet x 145 feet 6 inches
Albert Parade, Ashfield, lot 37, 44 x 180

J. W. WATKIN has received instructions from the various proprietors to sell by auction, TO-MORROW, Saturday, after the Alexandra Crescents,
The above-mentioned lots.
Easy terms.

On SATURDAY 29th SEPTEMBER.

CROYDON PARK. CROYDON PARK,

J. W. WATKIN has received instructions from the proprietor Mr. W. J. Hobbs, to sell by auction, on the above date, at the Temperance Hall, Pitt-street, Sydney, commencing at 2.30 p.m.,
CROYDON PARK, in allotments.

The subdivision of this railway suburban estate having been completed, and the extensive work of clearing and forming the grand avenues, one hundred feet wide, which are to be planted with shade trees, approaching an end, the attention is invited of parties seeking either an investment for capital, or BUILDING SITES OF SUFFICIENT AREA, in a locality which will be the MOST FASHIONABLE and SELECT out of Sydney, because in addition to being particularly favoured by nature, it has been subdivided on a plan not only second to none, but far beyond comparison.
Another block of land of the area, natural advantages position, accessibility to the city cannot be found out of which to carve another
CROYDON PARK.
This is not an ordinary subdivision, with narrow streets and lots 33 feet x 100, in which if you don't buy into-day you can wait for another of a similar description in a short time.
And it must be remembered that land is not like an ordinary article of commerce, to which the law of supply and demand is applicable.
Land cannot be manufactured: there is a limit to the supply of eligible accessible building sites.
The Auctioneer asserts, without fear of contradiction, and without in the least laying himself open to the charge of depreciating other properties, that there is not another property obtainable equal in every way, which has the natural advantages, and which could be laid out on a plan of subdivision equal to
CROYDON PARK.
The plan of subdivision is
TWO MAIN AVENUES,
each 100 feet wide, with cross roads at suitable distances.
The lots have mostly frontages of ONE HUNDRED (100) FEET by depths of THREE HUNDRED AND THIRTY (330) FEET.
The AVENUES run down to the river, which is here a beautiful sheet of fresh water, and between the avenues along the river's bank is
THE RECREATION RESERVE,
affording ample scope for the indulgence in our healthy outdoor national pastimes, lovely walks, shady nooks, and fairy bowers; whilst boating on and fishing in the river may be indulged in ad libitum.
This feature of this subdivision, in which the proprietor has withdrawn from his returns the sums which these river frontages would have given him had he sold them, in order to benefit the whole, will, the Auctioneer is sure, be appreciated.
THE SOIL IS EXCELLENT. This is evidenced by the stately timber which now adorns the estate; and for orchards and gardens will be found all that can be desired.
The elevation is good, admitting of perfect and easy drainage.
The access to the city is easy, and the time in which it can be reached reasonable. Within six minutes' drive of Croydon or eight of Ashfield Station, from which trains (shortly to be increased in number, the traffic augmenting so rapidly) run at short intervals throughout the day up to midnight, the through train's time being eleven (11) minutes from Ashfield to Redfern (vide time table); and also within easy driving distance of the city whilst the extension of the railway to the Circular Quay, which is certainly to be carried out in a short time, will give still greater facilities of access.
The comfort and sanitary interests of the future residents in
CROYDON PARK
have been carefully studied and will be appreciated by those who have the foresight to secure sites in this subdivision, and care will be taken to prevent the erection of unsightly huts and miserable shanties, which too often destroy the character of a neighbourhood.
It is beyond the power of the auctioneer and the limits of an advertisement to fairly put the advantages of this property before the public, but the land will, to use a figure, speak for itself through the eyes of anyone who will take the trouble to fairly inspect the estate.
The man of business, who wants a relief from the worrying cares of everyday life, can have a change of scenery and of life here, yet within a few minutes of the city.
He who has by years of industry saved to spend in the eventide of life can here locate and enjoy the pleasures of the orchard and the garden amidst the fruits and flowers the blessings which labour brings; and, to the active man who wishes room to breathe the pure air, who desires to bring up a family free from the risks, &c., of city life, an opportunity is here afforded of securing not a city lot in the suburbs, but a site of sufficient area to really enjoy the pleasures and secure the benefits of a rural life.
All the auctioneer asks is an inspection of the subdivision.
Terms very liberal; 10 per cent. deposit; 10 per cent. in 6 months; 10 per cent. in 12 months; and balance by yearly instalments of 20 per cent.; interest at 6 per cent. per annum.

Title will be under Torrens' Act. H. HERON, Esq., Solicitor.
Remember Day of Sale—29th September.
First Edition of Lithographs ready on TO-MORROW (Saturday) MORNING.
Boat provided for convenience of visitors desirous of inspecting property from river.

LACHLAN DISTRICT.

FOR POSITIVE SALE,
on ACCOUNT OF THE MORTGAGEES, with the concurrence of the Official Assignee of the Mortgagor.

GORMAN'S HILL WEST,
with 10,771 Sheep, more or less.

MORT and CO. will sell, at their WOOL SALE ROOMS, Circular Quay, Sydney, on TUESDAY, the 9th day of October next, at 2 o'clock p.m.,
The GORMAN'S HILL WEST STATION, in the Lachlan District, situated about 30 miles from Wollongough, a small but VERY VALUABLE RUN, consisting of SPLENDID GRAZING, UNDULATING SALINE COUNTRY, with some open timber, but chiefly PLAINS, of which nearly EVERY ACRE IS AVAILABLE, being WELL GRASSED and WATERED.
For further particulars see extended advertisement in Saturday's HERALD; or apply to
MORT and CO., Sydney.

ALFRED J. POWELL has received instructions from the Executor in the estate of the late Joshua Rumble to sell by auction at Bowral, on TUESDAY, 18th September, 1877.
All that parcel of land, containing 2 roods, being lot 10 section 1, securely fenced with paling fence and planted with the choicest of fruit trees. Two-roomed slabbed house, with shingled roof, erected thereon; abundance of water; in the healthiest position of the district.
Terms at sale.
Sale at 12 o'clock.

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1436499

FUNERALS.

THE FRIENDS of the late Mr. JAMES DEEBLE are respectfully invited to attend his Funeral; to move from his residence, 35, Raphael-terrace, Margaret-street, THIS (Friday) AFTERNOON, at half-past 2 o'clock, to Balmain Cemetery. C. KINSELA and SONS, George-street, opposite Christ Church, and Oxford-street.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. GEORGE DEEBLE are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved UNCLE, Mr. James Deeble; to move from his late residence, 35, Margaret-street, THIS (Friday) AFTERNOON, at half-past 2 o'clock, to Balmain Cemetery. C. KINSELA and SONS, Oxford-street.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. HENRY DEEBLE are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved UNCLE, Mr. James Deeble; to move from his late residence, 35, Margaret-street, THIS (Friday) AFTERNOON, at half-past 2 o'clock, to Balmain Cemetery. C. KINSELA and SON, George-street South.

ROYAL FORESTERS.—COURT UNITY.—The OFFICERS and Members of the above Court, and also of the various Branch Courts of the Order, are invited to attend the Funeral of our late Brother, JAMES DEEBLE; to move from his late residence, Raphael's-buildings, Margaret-street, THIS (Friday) AFTERNOON, at half-past 2 o'clock. By order of the M.W.C.R. WILLIAM JOHNSTONE, Secretary.

ROYAL FORESTERS.—SUPREME COURT.—The OFFICERS and Members of the various Courts are requested to attend the Funeral of our late BROTHER, James Deeble, of Court Unity; to move from his late residence, Raphael's-buildings, Margaret-street, THIS (Friday) AFTERNOON, at half-past 2 o'clock. By order of the W.M.S.C.R., Brother G. N. LANDERS. JOHN HAMPTON, Supreme Secretary.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. ANTONIA BABAROVICH are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved WIFE, Margaret; to move from his residence, Stewart-st., off R..., Paddington, TO-MORROW (Saturday) AFTERNOON, at a quarter to 2 o'clock, to Necropolis. C. KINSELA and SONS, 118, Oxford-st.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. ALFRED DRAKE are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved SON, Samuel D.; to move from his parents' residence, Lower Petersham, THIS (Friday) AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock, to Ashfield Cemetery. C. KINSELA and SONS, George-street, opposite Christ Church.

THE FRIENDS of the Rev. F. TAIT are informed that the Funeral of his late departed DAUGHTER, Nellie, will take place, THIS (Friday) MORNING, at a quarter to 9 sharp. C. KINSELA and SONS, Undertakers.

THE FRIENDS of ARTHUR TRASEY, Esq., are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved DAUGHTER, Nea C.; to move from his residence, Arthur Villa, Westmoreland-street, Glebe, TO-MORROW (Saturday) MORNING, at 9 o'clock, to Camperdown Cemetery. C. KINSELA and SONS, George-street.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. JOHN JAGO are invited to attend the Funeral of his deceased BROTHER, William C. Jago; to move from his residence, Miller-street, St. Leonards, THIS (Friday) AFTERNOON, at a quarter-past 3 o'clock. J. J. HIGLEY, Undertaker, opposite School of Arts, North Shore.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

VICTORIAN RAILWAYS.—SALE OF SURPLUS STOCK.—TENDERS will be received by the Acting-Secretary for Railways, at Spencer-street, Melbourne, until noon on THURSDAY, the 27th September, 1877, for the purchase of a quantity of SURPLUS STOCK, consisting of Augers, Cranes, Machinery, Tires in the bar, Traversers, Turntables, &c., &c.

Complete lists of the articles, conditions of contract, and every particular can be obtained on application at the office of the Commissioner of Railways, Sydney; or at the office of the Engineer-in-Chief, Adelaide; or of the Railway Storekeeper, Williamstown.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

JOHN WOODS, Commissioner of Railways.

Railway Department, Melbourne, 1st September, 1877.

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN RAILWAYS. PORT AUGUSTA AND GOVERNMENT GUMS LINE.

Engineer-in-Chief's Office, Adelaide, 25th June, 1877.

TENDERS will be received at this office up till noon on MONDAY, the 1st October, for the Construction of a LINE of RAILWAY between Port Augusta and the Government Gums, being a distance of 200 miles, or thereabouts.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office on and after Monday, the 30th of July, and at the offices of Messrs. H. P. Welch and Co., Pitt-street, Sydney, on and after the 8th August.

Each tender MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY A BANK DEPOSIT RECEIPT for £1000 in favour of the Hon. Commissioner of Railways.

Neither the lowest nor any tender necessarily accepted.

H. C. MAIS, Engineer-in-Chief.

PUBLIC COMPANIES.

UNIVERSAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY (Limited).
Chief Office—35, Cornhill, London.
Capital, £1,000,000. Paid up, £250,000.
Wool and merchandise insured at current rates.
W. H. MACKENZIE and CO., Agents for N. S. W. Exchange-corner, Pitt-street, Sydney.

AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL PROVIDENT SOCIETY.—Head Office, 98, Pitt-street, Sydney. Established 1849.

DIRECTORS:
The Hon. John Smith, C.M.G., M.L.C., Chairman.
The Hon. Alex. Campbell, M.L.C., Deputy Chairman.
The Hon. Saul Samuel, C.M.G., M.L.C.
Robert J. King, Esq.
Isaac E. Ives, Esq.
John H. Goodlet, Esq.
CHIEF MEDICAL OFFICER:
Dr. W. F. Mackenzie, L.C.R.P. (Edin.), 5, Lyons-terrace, Hyde Park.

ACTUARY:	SECRETARY:
Morrice A. Black, F.I.A.	Alexander J. Ralston.

Invested Funds	£2,000,000
Annual Income	470,000
Amount Assured	11,000,000
Reversionary Bonuses	910,000
Claims paid	700 000
Policies in force	27,000

PUBLIC NOTICES.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
ECCLESIASTICAL JURISDICTION.
In the Goods of PETER MANN, late of Mann's Hotel, Kent-street, Sydney, Hotel-keeper.

NOTICE is hereby given that, after the expiration of fourteen days from the publication of this notice in the GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, application will be made to this Honorable Court that Letters of Administration DE BONIS NON of all and singular the goods, chattels, and effects of the above-named deceased may be granted to SUSANAH ELIZABETH BEAN DAVIDSON, Wife of William Davidson, of Sydney, Engineer, a daughter of the said deceased.

Dated this thirteenth day of September, A.D. 1877.

JOHN DAWSON, Proctor for the said Susanah Elizabeth Bean Davidson, 136, Pitt-street, Sydney.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
ECCLESIASTICAL JURISDICTION.

NOTICE is hereby given that, after the expiration of fourteen days from the publication hereof, JANE GORDON, of Tonago aforesaid, the widow of the said ROBERT GORDON, deceased, intends to apply to this Honorable Court, in its Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction, that administration of all and singular the goods, chattels, land, credits, and effects of the said Robert Gordon, deceased, may be granted to her, the said Jane Gordon.

READETT and SON, Proctors for said Jane Gordon.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
ECCLESIASTICAL JURISDICTION.
In the Will of HENRY JOSEPH, late of Sydney, in the colony of New South Wales, Pawnbroker, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that, after the expiration of fourteen days from the publication hereof in the New South Wales GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, application will be made to this Honorable Court, in its Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction, that Probate of the last Will and Testament of the above-named HENRY JOSEPH, deceased, may be granted to ROSE JOSEPH, Widow, and GEORGE MYERS, Merchant, both of Sydney, in the said colony, the Executrix and Executor in the said Will named.

Dated this thirteenth day of September, A.D. 1877.

JOHN DAWSON and SON, Proctors for said Executrix and Executor, 136, Pitt-street, Sydney.

No. 77-56. Town Clerk's Office, Sydney, 11th September, 1877.

ELECTION OF ALDERMAN.—COOK WARD.—NOTICE is hereby given that, in accordance with the provisions of the Sydney Corporation Act of 1857, an Election to supply the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of John Davies, Esq., as an Alderman for Cook Ward, will take place on THURSDAY, the 20th instant.

Notice of Nomination of persons for election will be received by the Returning-Officer until MONDAY, the 17th instant, at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Returning-Officer.

CHAS. H. WOOLCOTT, Town Clerk.

CITY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—At a meeting of the Provisional Committee held on THURSDAY EVENING at the temporary offices, Waterloo Chambers, 470, George-street, the Company was declared formed, and the first issue of shares was declared limited to one hundred and fifty thousand (150,000).

By order of Provisional Committee.

JAMES P. GARVAN.

ESTATE OF THE LATE ANDREW BLAKE, Esq., of Old Government House, Parramatta. NOTICE UNDER THE TRUST PROPERTY ACT OF 1862.

NOTICE is hereby given, THAT ALL CREDITORS and others having claims against the Estate of the above-named ANDREW BLAKE, who died on the 9th day of July last, and Probate of whose Will was on the 2nd day of August instant, granted by the Honorable the Supreme Court of New South Wales to the Honorable JOHN BLAXLAND, of Ryde, VINCENT WANOSTROCHT GIBLIN, and THOMAS CADELL, Esquires, the Executors therein named, are hereby required to send in their claims against the said Estate, to the said Executors, to the care of Messrs. ALLEN, BOWDEN, and ALLEN, of 124, Elizabeth-street, Sydney, Solicitors, on or before the 24th day of November next, after which date the said Executors will be at liberty to pay and distribute the assets of the said deceased, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice.

Dated this ninth day of August, A.D. 1877.

ALLEN, BOWDEN, and ALLEN, Solicitors for the Executors.

ASSIGNED ESTATE OF M. ICKERSON and CO.—A first DIVIDEND of 2s 6d in the £ is now payable to Creditors by the Trustees, at No. 379, George-street.

Sydney, 12th September.

IN THE ASSIGNED ESTATE OF PATRICK MAHONY, of George-street, Sydney, Grocer.—The Trustees request that all CLAIMS not yet rendered be sent in to the undersigned, AT ONCE, and they hereby notify that they will not recognise any claims presented after this date.

By order of the Trustees,

JOHN B. C. MILES, Accountant.

No. 64, Margaret-street, Sydney, 11th September, 1877.

THE COMMERCIAL BANKING COMPANY OF SYDNEY.

A BRANCH of this Bank has been opened at BOWRAL, in this colony, for the transaction of all usual banking business.

The MOSS VALE Branch of this Bank will be CLOSED on the 20th instant, on which date the business will be transferred to the Bowral Branch.

T. A. DIBBS, Manager.

Sydney, 8th September, 1877.

WILKINSON, HANN, MINCHIN, and CO. Stock and Station Agents.
Wagga Wagga, Hay, and Sydney,
Agents for
Messrs. Richard Gibson and Co., Melbourne
Ryan and Hammond, ditto
W. and J. Rutleigh, ditto.
J. G. Dougharty and Co., ditto
Corresponding Agents all over the colonies.
Sydney Office:
Vickery's-chambers, Pitt-street.

THE ESK SMELTING CO., Bowenfels, are purchasers of COPPER ORE, at highest prices. For particulars apply Mr. LEWIS LLOYD, Bathurst or Bowenfels; or W. J. WESTON and CO., Agents, 5, Spring-street.

WOOL AND OTHER PRODUCE.—Liberal cash advances made by the undersigned on wool and other produce placed in their hands for sale in the colonies or shipment to Messrs. Dalgety, Du Croz, and Co., their London firm. Advances made on stations and stock. Station stores supplied.

DALGETY, BLACKWOOD, and CO.

Offices: Exchange-buildings, Pitt-street (next Messrs. W. Laidley and Co.'s), Sydney.

SYDNEY WOOL SALES.

I HAVE MADE ARRANGEMENTS with the various STEAM COMPANIES to deliver wool in SYDNEY from Newcastle, Grafton, or other ports of New South Wales or Queensland, at about 5s PER BALE LESS THAN IT CAN BE DELIVERED IN MELBOURNE from same places, whilst on wools by train to Sydney the FREIGHT TO MELBOURNE, 5s per bale, IS AVOIDED.

WOOLS from MELBOURNE realize NO MORE in LONDON or elsewhere than do WOOLS FROM SYDNEY, the qualities being equal, then WHY SHOULD American or other BUYERS who are represented at both places PAY more at one place than at the other.

The DIFFERENCE between freight and other charges, AGAINST parties sending wools to MELBOURNE amounts to ABOUT 4d PER LB. Freights to London are as low and facilities for shipping as great IN SYDNEY as in Melbourne. MY CHARGES are much lower than Melbourne charges. I pay as great attention, and can guarantee as HIGH PRICES as any Melbourne agent can. I also CONTINUE to make ADVANCES against consignments and against the COMING CLIP, more promptly and on far EASIER TERMS than are offered by any other agent in the Australian Colonies.

JOHN BRIDGE, Wool Warehouses, Sydney.

THE CIVIL SERVICE CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY OF NEW SOUTH WALES (Limited), 224, Pitt-street.—The Manager desires to inform customers that a TAILORING BRANCH has just been opened, and the services of an experienced Cutter engaged. The stock will be found to consist of the best West of England Doeskins, Broadcloths, and newest styles of Fancy Tweeds, ex recent arrivals.

J. WALKER, Manager.

NOTICE.—A large number of CHINESE OIL PAINTINGS, arrived by Torres Straits mail steamer Bowen, will be on view, SATURDAY, 15th instant, at No. 16, George-street Markets. SUE HING LONG and CO., Agents, 181, George-street North, and 16 George-street Markets.

WITH reference to a notice that Mr. THACKERAY is not authorised to collect Accounts on our behalf, we announce that it is not intended to be to that gentleman's detriment. We intend to collect all accounts for job printing, advertisements &c.

September 13. MOSS and DOUST.

CAUTION.—All Persons are cautioned against negotiating for LEASES of any portion of the STOCKTON ESTATE, at Newcastle, pending legal proceedings, which are being instituted respecting the Trusteeship of the Estate. Dated this 8th day of September, A.D. 1877.

W. B. QUIGLEY
M. S. QUIGLEY.

CAUTION TO TINKERS.—Beware of the Dog kept on my premises. J. C. Laster, Ocean-st., Woollahra.

TO PICNIC PARTIES. The proprietors of the land on both sides of the AUBURN RAILWAY STATION (midway between Rookwood and the Junction), notify to pleasure seekers that their very extensive Grounds may be used, without charge, during the season for picnics now commencing. There are many pretty spots on the undulating land suitable for all kinds of games, and extensive pleasing views from the high ground. Plenty of good water. Total area, 150 acres. Some roads formed, others in progress. Cottages in course of erection. The whole has been surveyed, and planned in quarter-acre allotments, intended for sale by auction, on the ground, on a day of which due notice will be given.

EDUCATIONAL.

EVENING Civil Service.—Writing, Arithmetic, Book-keeping, French, &c. Fitzjohn Hall, 27, Hunter-st.

SYDNEY GRAMMAR SCHOOL.—Mr. HAMMOND is prepared to receive three Boarders. Mona, John-street, Woollahra.

PIANOFORTE, Organ, Singing.—Mr. Harwood, 242, Darlinghurst Road, visits Glebe, Newtown, Five Dock.

SINGING AND PRODUCTION OF THE VOICE.—Signor ARTURO STEFFANI, late Primo-Basso Assoluto of the Royal Italian Opera and Carl Rosa English Opera, of London, having terminated his engagement with the Italian Company now performing in Australia, is prepared to give Instruction in English and Italian Singing, and the Production of the Voice. Prospectus of terms, Signor Steffani, Lindum House, 148, Castlereagh-st.

SIGNORA DE BARATY begs to announce that, by the desire of several of her patrons, she purposes establishing Singing Classes (upon the system adopted by the "Conservatoire de Milan") every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday Evenings, from 7 to 9. Terms: 3 guineas per quarter, payable in advance. Has also time at her disposal for some private lessons. 213, Macquarie-street.

REQUIRED by a young Lady, capable of imparting a sound English education, with the rudiments of music and French, a SITUATION as Nursery Governess. Address Tuition, Post Office.

WANTED, by a Lady, Finishing Lessons on pianoforte; terms mod. G.B., Collis, 205, Parramatta-st.

NEWTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL.—This School will be opened for the reception of Pupils on MONDAY next, the 17th September instant, at 9.30 a.m.

The Public OPENING will take place on MONDAY, the 24th instant, at 2.30 p.m.

TRADESMEN taught easy method of keeping their books, in few lessons. Mr. NORRIS, Church-hill.

A LADY can board and educate one or two little girls. A. A., Iredale's, Oxford-street.

BOOKKEEPING taught in few lessons. Writing improved in four lessons. NORRIS'S Writing Institute, next St. Patrick's, Church-hill. Lesson any hour. Highest references and testimonials. Established 1861.

MEDICALS CHEMICALS.

DINNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNESIA.—The Great Remedy for Acidity of the Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Sour Eructations, and Bilious Affections.

IT IS THE PHYSICIAN'S CURE FOR GOUT, RHEUMATIC GOUT, GRAVEL, and all other complaints of the bladder.

As a safe and gentle medicine for Infants, Children, Delicate Females, and for the sickness of Pregnancy, DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA IS INDISPENSABLE.

Sold by all Druggists and Storekeepers.

N.B.—Ask for DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA.

Agents, ELLIOTT, BROTHERS, 112, Pitt-street, Sydney.

GAMBLE'S Wonderful COUGH LOZENGES. No remedy can compare, as thousands testify. 1s 6d per box. 150, Bourke-street. All chemists.

HENRY'S COLONIAL OINTMENT, in lid pots, 1s each, to all chemists and shopkeepers.

WEEKES'S Carbolic Ointment cures gout and rheumatism, and all wounds, 1s pots. 105, Parramatta-st.

LONG'S FRUIT LINCTUS. Wholesale agents, ELLIOTT, BROTHERS, Pitt-street, Sydney.

LONG'S FRUIT LINCTUS stops a cough at once; equally effective for infants and adults.

LONG'S FRUIT LINCTUS, sold by all chemists and storekeepers, in 1s and 2s 6d bottles.

KEATING'S BON BONS OR WORM TABLETS, a purely vegetable sweetmeat, both in appearance and taste, furnishing a most agreeable method of administering the only certain remedy for INTESTINAL or THREAD WORMS. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and is especially adapted for children. Sold in tins by all chemists.

KIRBY'S UNOXIDISED PHOSPHORUS PILLS.
The best tonic for convalescents, and for ALL NERVOUS DISORDERS.
KIRBY'S COMPOUND PHOSPHORUS PILLS contain Luminous Phosphorus and Iron (chemical food), with Quinine and Nux Vomica.

These Pills rapidly RESTORE NERVE POWER, they cure Neuralgia, Epilepsy, Melancholia, and other manifestations of nervous exhaustion, induced by overwork, excessive anxiety and worry, the depressing influences of tropical climate, &c.

KIRBY and CO.'S SIMPLE PHOSPHORUS PILLS contain the usual dose of luminous Phosphorus, and may be taken in place of the above when quinine or iron is not desired.

Sold by all retail chemists, in bottles, 3s, 5s, and 10s each.

Sole Manufacturers—
H. and T. KIRBY and CO.,
14, Newman-street, London, W.
Agents for Australia—
Messrs. ELLIOTT, BROTHERS, Sydney.

THIRST NO MORE!—Cooper's EFFERVESCING LOZENGES, or SOLID THIRST QUENCHERS, are suitable alike to clergymen, singers, smokers, travellers, frequenters of large assemblies, and Members of Parliament who speak against time. Sold in bottles, price 1s, by WASHINGTON H. SOUL, 221, Pitt-street, one door from King-street.

DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.—Just landed, ex "City of New York," McKesson and Robbins' Patent Trusses, Physician's Vial Cases, Bates' Special Syringes, Molesworth's Vagina Syringes, Molesworth's Intra-uterine Syringes, Sherard and Dudley's Clinical Thermometer, &c., &c. A. J. WATT and CO., Pharmaceutical Chemists, 532 and 534, George-street, Sydney.

BUILDING MATERIALS.

GOODLET and SMITH, Timber and Galvanized Iron Merchants, 483, George-street, near Bathurst-street, 7, Parramatta-street, near Railway Bridge.
Pottery and Brickworks, Riley-street, Surry Hills.
Patent Brickworks, Botany Road, Waterloo.
Victoria Sawmills, Pyrmont, near the Bridge.

170 PITT-ST.—Royal Blue House.—Paints, Paperhangings, Oils, Colours, &c. W. Yeoman.

SLATES, best Bangor; Cement, Plaster, Galvanized Iron and Pipe, Sheet Lead and Pipe, Zinc, Wire Nails, Ridging, Guttering, Register Grates, Drain Pipes, &c. G. E. CRANE and SON, New Pitt-st., Circular Quay.

GALVANIZED Tube and Fittings, Register Stoves, Black Pike, all sizes. G. E. CRANE and SON.

WHITE LEAD, genuine; Blundell's and Walker Parker's
White Lead, Nos. 1 and 2, in ¼-cwt. kegs
Linseed Oil—raw and boiled, in drums and wood
Putty, in bladder; Plaster of Paris
Paints, all colours, in 2, 4, 14, and 28-lb. kegs
Venetian Red, Yellow Ochre, Purple Brown
Red Lead, Black Japan, Coral Varnish
Whitewash and Paint Brushes, all sizes; Glass Paper.
On SALE by RABONE, FEEZ, and CO., Wynyard-street.

BRITISH PLATE AND SHEET GLASS WAREHOUSE.
Oils, Lead, Colours, Brushware, Paperhangings, Varnishes, &c., &c. The largest and best assorted stock in the colony.
JAMES SANDY and CO. (late Thomas Edens),
BRITISH PLATE-GLASS WAREHOUSE,
255, George-street.

100,000 FEET Kauri Pine, assorted sizes. G. F. MASON, Patent Slip Wf.

50,000 FEET Heart of Kauri Deck and Ship PLANKING. G. F. MASON.

WASHING Coppers, from 10 to 40 gallons. Furnace Doors and Gratings. W. Cary, Railway Bridge.

MURPHY and SON.—PAINT, OIL, and COLOUR STORE.

MURPHY and SON.—PLATE-GLASS WAREHOUSE.

COAL, FIREWOOD, ETC.

GOUGH'S WOOD and COAL YARD, C. S. Head Road, Paddington.—Bowenfels coal, 20s per ton, cash on delivery; 11s half-ton; wood, 18s. All orders punctually attended to.

SUPPLIED at shortest notice, best description, lowest rates. Sydney and Newcastle C. F. Co., Bathurst-st.

COKE, COKE, COKE.—WOODS, FARBER, and CO. supply BREEZE from this date at reduced prices. Prompt delivery. All orders to be left at 70, King-street.

FOR SALE, a small Cargo of Co-operative Small COAL. Apply F. G. GIBBONS, 25, Sussex-st.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

AMERICAN HARNESS, best quality, single and pair horse buggy, carriage, and express harness. JOHN BRUSH, Importer and Manufacturer, 437, George-street, opposite Royal Hotel.

M. FENNELLY has for Private SALE the following thoroughbreds:—
Bay colt MIKADO, by Grandmaster (imported), out of Mountain Maid
Bay colt ECHO, by Gemma di Vergy, dam by Sir Hercules
Bay colt TATTOO, by the Drummer, out of Blossom.
Further particulars on application. 246, Pitt-street.

BARRON, MOXHAM, and CO., have just landed ex Julia A. Brown, from Boston, a large and varied assortment of Buggies and Carriages from best American builders, consisting of Hooded Phaetons, Iver's Waggons, no tops; Goddard Hooded, piano box and Tray Buggies; also Turn-out and slide-seat double Buggies, Sociables, and Express Waggons or Waggonettes.
Offices and Stores—59, Clarence-street.

AMERICAN HARNESS of EVERY DESCRIPTION and best quality, direct from manufacturers. BARRON, MOXHAM, and CO., 60, Clarence-street.

MR. FENNELLY has for PRIVATE SALE pair chestnut Buggy HORSES, 15.2, thoroughly broken to single and double harness, and accustomed to run together.

ALSO,
The well-known Steeplechaser YELLOW JACK.
246, Pitt-street.

BAY HORSE, 16-2, first-class saddle and harness horse, good match horse, £35. KNIGHT.

CHESTNUT first-class buggy and saddle HORSE, £20; brown buggy HORSE, £10. KNIGHT.

NEW double-seat BUGGY, £40; Express Waggon, £22; new Waggon, carry a ton, £40. KNIGHT.

NEW SPRINGCART, £14; double-seated Buggy, £25; Hooded Phaeton, £20. Knight, Castlereagh-st.

WANTED, HORSE, suitable for saddle or harness; must be quiet and in good condition. No dealers apply. J. C. Goodwin and Co., Abercrombie-street.

FOR SALE or Exchange, a large, light, strong VAN, in good condition. Coleman and Son, Sussex-st. N.

FOR SALE, a large size strong VAN and HARNESS. COLEMAN and SON, Sussex-street North.

FOR SALE, Park PHAETON, very cheap. Sydney and Goulburn Hotel, Pitt and Goulburn streets.

FOR SALE, good Cab HORSE, VAN, and HARNESS. G. GOUGH, Paddington.

PAIR Light waggon HORSES, trial £26. Horse, new Spring-cart and Harness £28. WOOLLER'S.

FOR SALE HORSE, Pagnel-cart, Harness, in good order. J. WALKER, Grose-street, Camperdown.

GIG wanted, must be light and in good order. John Clisdell, 243, Clarence-street.

HORSE, new Spring-cart, and new harness, £25; bay splendid buggy and saddle Horse, £25; pair waggon Cobs, £20; Cob, up to weight, £10; good buggy and spring-cart Horse, £14. M'CARTY.

SIX Second-hand BUGGIES, £30; stylish single Buggy, £35; good Dogcart, £16; stylish Pagnel Cart, £27; light Express Waggons, £20; sociable Buggy, £30; 16 new spring-carts, £14; digger's Dray and Harness, £13; Hooded Waggon, £45; light Brougham, £45. M'CARTY and CO., 235, Castlereagh-street.

BOY'S PONY wanted, sound, quiet, and thoroughly broken. E. Hordern, 676, George-street South.

FOR SALE, first-class set brass-mounted buggy, brougham, or dogcart HARNESS. 8, Oxford-street.

AMERICAN single and double seat BUGGIES, Express Waggons. W. T. Angus, Castlereagh-street.

HANDSOME Grey HORSE, 7 years, used to side-saddle, £14. E. PAISLEY, News Agent, Balmain.

MACHINERY.

NEWSPAPER FOLDING MACHINES for SALE, to fold sheets 36 x 48. Apply at the HERALD Office, Sydney.

FOR SALE, 10-horse power portable steam ENGINE, double cylinder. Collins and Co., 277, Sussex-street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE, GLASS CASE with Drawers, suitable for draper or milliner. W. ROKES, 40, Park-street.

BONES. BONES. BONES.—The Colonial Sugar Refining Company will give three pounds per ton for good BONES, delivered at the Sydney or Petersham Railway Station; the Sugar-house, Parramatta-street; at Wharf in Sydney; or their Bone Works, Petersham.

A GOAT for SALE. Apply to JOHN DUFFY, Australian Arms, Market-street.

BONE DUST, the best in Sydney. J. F. WHITING, Elswick-street, Leichhardt, near Petersham, or J. SMITH, Blacksmith, Petersham.

SPECTACLES.—The newly-invented patent tinted twosome SPECTACLES give extraordinary relief by day and night to weak, dim, and defective sight, 3s pair. To be had at ELLIS'S, 220, Pitt-street, op. Farmer's.

100 PIANO CASES for SALE, cheap. Apply immediately NICHOLSON and ASCHERBERG, 317, George-street.

EMPTY BOTTLES, for SALE, at Post Office Café, George-street. G. JOHNSTON.

FANCY PIGEONS for SALE, beards, dragons, tumblers. 6.d, Crown-street, Surry Hills.

PIGEONS.—White FANTAILS for SALE, cheap. 21, Samuel-street, off Campbell-street, Surry Hills.

TO LITERARY SOCIETIES and AMATEUR PRINTERS.—For SALE, Amateur PRINTING PRESS, TYPE, and FURNITURE complete; the only one in the colony. 617, George-street.

THE highest price given for gentlemen's Left-off Clothing. J. Murray, corner Kent and Liverpool sts.

WANTED, to rent from 3 to 4 Acres of LAND, out of town. Apply Mr. Hay, Piper-street, Woollahra.

WANTED, COACH-HOUSE and Stable, between Market and Liverpool sts. G. Tall, 308, Pitt-street.

WANTED to purchase, HOUSES or Cottages, Stanmore or Newtown; £.00 to £.00. 151, Oxford-st.

WANTED, Brahma Poutra, Cochin, and Pea FOWLS, cooking ng nz Canaries. Neaves, George-st. Markets.

WANTED, a second-hand IRON SAFE, good lock. Address Hacket, 179, Pitt-street.

WANTED, to purchase, a Family RESIDENCE, not less than six rooms, neighbourhood of Glenmore, or ... Bay preferred. Apply to James Merriman, Osborne House, Argyle-street.

WANTED to be known, all kinds of Cooking Stoves and Leamington Ranges set and repaired, by practical workmen. John Curtain and Son, 250, Crown-street, off Oxford-street.

PROFESSIONS, TRADES ETC.

A GOOD WHEELMAKER can find constant employment at J. Harvey's, wheelwright, Hay-street.

AGENTS wanted—why accept a situation? Good salesmen can make splendid salaries selling our goods; a few shillings capital required. American Novelty Company, 66, Market-street.

A NEW INDUSTRY wanted very much in the colony, and will pay large profits to those willing to invest capital in the business. Address for one month, John F. Keighran, Parramatta-street Post-office, Sydney, 10th September.

A LICENSED Surveyor, B. Sc. and C.E., has a vacancy for articled PUPIL; thorough preparation for license examination, mathematics, drawing, and field work. Premium required. F. R., Manly Post-office.

BOOT TRADE.—Wanted MAKERS for children's E. S., also Apprentices. 50, George-st., Redfern.

BOOT TRADE.—Wanted Good MACHINIST. Garton and Corner, 50, George-street, Redfern.

BOOT TRADE.—MACHINIST, who can fit own work; also Tyer-off wanted. T. Day, Moon-street.

BOOT TRADE.—Wanted, Fitters and Machinists. Davenport, Brothers, Albion-lane, Brickfield-hill.

BRICKLAYER and LABOURER wanted. Apply on job, opposite Baptist Chapel, Harris-street.

DRAPERY.—One SENIOR and one Junior wanted. Edward Hordern, Brickfield-hill.

DRESSMAKING.—Required several Dressmakers, must be first-class. 223, Oxford-street, 9 o'clock.

DRESSMAKING.—Wanted, good Body Hands; also Improvers. Mrs. Kingston, 27, Oxford-street.

ENGINEER requires a JOB, driving; do his own repairs, either town or country. J. A., HERALD Office.

ENGINEER wanted, for steamer Eagle; second-class certificate. Apply by letter, No. 2, Exchange.

GAS WORKS.—Wanted, for the country, a good General HAND, of some experience. One that can do a little smith work preferred. Must be sober. Address Gas, HERALD Office.

PARTNERSHIP in freehold and established business, now open. W. Douglass, 434, George-street.

PHOTOGRAPHY.—Wanted, a young LADY accustomed to photography. Apply 336, George-street.

PHOTOGRAPHY.—Wanted, an ASSISTANT OPERATOR, for the country. Apply 336, George-st.

REQUIRED, a MACHINIST. Miss Nelson, 153, Castlereagh-street.

STRAW HAT making APPRENTICES wanted; wages to commence; refs. 736, George-street South.

SOLICITORS.—Steady CLERK, long experience, offers at £2 1s per week. Text, HERALD Office.

TO GROCERS.—Wanted a good Counter HAND. Apply at 11 o'clock corner Bourke and Campbell sts.

TO PRESSERS.—Strong YOUTH wanted, to press colonial tweed trousers. John Graham.

TO TAILORESSES.—Wanted, good Vest Hands; also Imps. and Apps. R. J. Dunford, 33, Oxford-st.

TO TAILORESSES.—Good Trouser Hands wanted, at once; constant employment. 64½, Hunter-street.

TO TAILORESSES.—Colonial Tweed Trouser Hands required; highest price paid. 64½, Hunter-street.

TO PLASTERERS.—Wanted. Apply John E. Begg, Glenmore Tannery, Rushcutter Bay.

TO CARPENTERS.—Wanted. Apply John E. Begg, Glenmore Tannery, Rushcutter Bay.

TO TAILORS.—Wanted, good TROUSERS-MAKERS. H. Savage, 303, George-street.

TO PAINTERS.—A young man wishes to work under instructions. Apply P. R., HERALD Office.

TO TAILORS.—Wanted, first-class Frock Coat HANDS; the highest wages given. The Civil Service Co-operative Society, 224, Pitt-street.

TO WATCHMAKERS.—Wanted, immediately, for the country, a good practical WATCHMAKER, who can also undertake jewellery repairs. Apply 95, York-street.

WANTED, APPRENTICES and Improvers to the tailoring. G. Wheeler, 23, Myrtle-st., Darlington.

WHITE SHIRT-MAKERS wanted; best work; sample. C. Hemsley, 390, George-street.

WANTED, NEEDLEWOMAN, who works machine, to assist with dressmaking. Home, 23, Clarence-st.

WANTED, first-class DRESSMAKER, her own machine. Apply at once, Foxlow-place.

WANTED, 2 young LADIES, for the fancy business. Apply after 10, 93, King-street.

WANTED, 2 CARPENTERS, to lay floors at per square. Raphael's-buildings, Elizabeth-street.

WANTED, a good BEAMSMAN, for New Zealand. Apply 91, York-street.

WANTED, an English Resident GOVERNESS, in a ladies' school. Apply Mr. Paling.

WANTED, good COMPOSITOR, for country journal. Gordon and Gotch.

WANTED, a BAKER, for S.S. Australia. Apply on board, at Lavender Bay.

WANTED, thoroughly competent CHAINMAN. Apply only between 9 and 10 a.m., 61, Elizabeth-street.

WANTED, first-class KNEE HANDS, for stitched and pegged work. P. O'Reidy, George-street N.

WANTED, a LOCKSMITH and a Sawsharpener. G. Tall, locksmith and sawmaker, 308, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a CARPENTER, one accustomed to making tobacco boxes. T. Saywell, 4, Park-st.

WANTED, a BRICKLAYER or MASON, to cement a wall. J. Coleman, 47, Pitt-street North.

WANTED, CARPENTER and JOINER. J. White, opposite Congregational Church, Newtown.

WANTED, for S.S. Australia, 4th Officer, 4th and 5th Engineers. Apply on board, at Lavender Bay.

WANTED, for the interior, a NURSERY GOVERNESS; Roman Catholic preferred. Apply Tuition, Murrurundi.

WANTED, a practical Man, as FOREMAN in the carpenters' shop; to a competent man liberal salary will be allowed. Apply Goodlet and Smith, Pyrmont.

WANTED, in a first-class Ladies' School, in Woollahra, a Pupil TEACHER, competent to give lessons in English to young children. For address apply to Mr. Paling, George-street.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A CHIEF COOK is open for ENGAGEMENT; English; references. G. D., 64, Bathurst-street.

A GENTLEMAN, with good references, desires Employment, on a station; age 21. H.W.H., HERALD.

A MACHINIST wants Dressmaking and Underclothing at her own home. 218, Palmer-street.

A RESPECTABLE Widow, having 2 daughters, 17 and 19, wishes employment together. 98, Market st.

AS GROWER of vegetables, fruit, flowers; mow, make butter or cheese, horse, 12s week. W., Haymkt. P. O.

A BOOKKEEPER seeks EMPLOYMENT in a general country store; is able to serve on the counter; good reference. Address G. H., HERALD Office.

A GENTLEMAN, formerly salesman and correspondent to a large importing firm of Batavia, wants ENGAGEMENT. Address Experience, Gordon and Gotch, Melbourne.

AS GARDENER, single, understands flowers, fruit, and kitchen garden, or orchard; would not object to milking. Good references. Apply to A.B., at J. Graham's, seedsman, George-street Markets.

BY COMPETENT Gardener; groom, milker, mower, attend to horse and buggy. W., Haymarket P. O.

BY respectable Woman, with a child, Gen. SERVANT; can wash and iron well. 284, Castlereagh-street.

BY two Brothers, well used to farm work, steady and sober useful men. Office, 284, Castlereagh-street.

BY A Married Couple, no encumbrance; Man, milk, garden, groom; Wife, cook or laundress. 98, Market-st.

BY respectable Person, as Housekeeper, in or near Goulburn, in small family, or on a station, to two or three gentlemen. Cragg's registry office, 284, Castlereagh-street.

IRONMONGERS.—Experienced Hand awaiting RE-ENGAGEMENT, having served 20 years in one firm (colonial). H. W., Kent Cottage, Rowntree-street, Balmain.

OFFICES to clean, or WASHING, by respectable Woman; open fortnight. 284, Castlereagh-street.

SITUATION wanted, as Nurse; Double Bay or Darling Point. Address Eliza, Mrs. Lloyd, Glenmore Road.

SITUATION wanted by a respectable Married Couple; wife, working Housekeeper, good Cook, &c.; man, generally useful; well recommended. Address Rex, General Post Office.

TO DRAPERS.—Wanted, by an experienced Man, a RE-ENGAGEMENT, in a good house of business; first-class references. F. A., 257, Albion-street, Surry Hills.

TO WHOLESALE DRAPERS.—Wanted, by a married Man, with 7 years' general experience, a RE-ENGAGEMENT in town. Would take the management of a retail business in the suburbs. Good town references. F. J. H., Post Office.

TO CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS.—Wanted by the advertiser, aged 28 (single), an appointment as first-class ASSISTANT. Has had several years' experience in London and Hongkong. Address C. S., 1, Grimes-buildings, Argyle-place, Sydney.

WANTED, by respectable person, as Cook and Laundress; small family. M. A. B., 12, Kellett-street.

WANTED, SITUATION as Bookkeeper. Address J. M. W., HERALD Office.

WANTED, SITUATION—Man, Wife, and Sister—on station. C. Ciner, Pitt-street, Waterloo.

WANTED SITUATIONS by a married couple (English), man Gardener; wife as Cook. J. E., HERALD.

WANTED, a SITUATION, as Nurse or Needlewoman. Address E. T., Glenmore, Glebe Point.

WANTED, SITUATION, as House or Parlour Maid. H. P., Pierce, William-street.

WANTED, by a respectable Girl, SITUATION, as General Servant; small family; references. Address R. C., Post-office, Haymarket.

YOUNG MAN seeks SITUATION as Assistant Grocer, or like capacity. N., 51, Stanley-street.

SERVANTS WANTED.

A COMPETENT Boarding-house RUNNER wanted. 381, Kent-street.

A GENERAL SERVANT. Good references required. Apply during morning St. Mary's Parsonage, Balmain.

A USEFUL Girl, 13 to 15, wanted, as NURSE for children. Apply 619, George-street, Haymarket.

A SOBER MAN, with reference, to act as Boots, and understand horse and buggy. Waverley Family Hotel.

A GENERAL SERVANT, one that can take charge of house during day time; also a NURSEGIRL. Mr. T. H. Griffiths, opposite Post-office, Newtown.

BARMAID.—Wanted, a thoroughly efficient Barmaid. Mrs. Cooper, Adelaide Hotel, King-street; refs.

BOY wanted. Apply 235, George-street, near Hunter-street.

BOY wanted, to clean boots, knives, and generally useful. Gordon House, 138, Castlereagh-street.

GENERAL SERVANTS wanted; also Nurses and several young Girls. Mrs. Stephenson, 6, Bridge-st.

TO PARENTS.—Wanted, a respectable BOY. T. M. Alcock, jeweller, 649, George-street, Haymarket.

WANTED, a strong, active BOY, for the butchering. J. Wheeler, Darling-street, Balmain.

WANTED, a good BOY, to make himself useful. Mrs. Rowett, Carlton House, Wynyard-square.

WANTED, a respectable BOY, to wait, and generally useful. 9, Bond-street.

WANTED, a BOY. H. M'Neil, Botany Road, Waterloo.

WANTED, BOY; must understand tinfoiling and wiring. Apply Castlemaine Brewery, Hay-street.

WANTED, a useful BOY (14), for the paint-shop. W. P. Welch, nr. Blind Factory, 282, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a strong LAD, used to working a spoke lathe. Between 1 and 2, Black Swan, Haymarket.

WANTED, three LADS accustomed to wiring, tinfoiling, and labeling. Cellars, 426, George-street.

WANTED, strong LAD. Apply 8 o'clock, 32, Park street.

WANTED, a YOUTH; one to printing and composing preferred. 156, King-street.

WANTED, respectable young girl to make herself useful. Mrs. F. Harpur, Birchgrove, Balmain.

WANTED, useful GIRL; general housework. Apply, after 11, 161, Forbes-street, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, a GIRL about 10 years old; would be clothed and fed; good home. 137, Bourke-street.

WANTED, tidy little GIRL, 14, useful. Mrs. Steadman, 503, Crown-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, a useful GIRL. Mrs. Kingston, 27, Oxford-street.

WANTED, a useful little GIRL, to sleep at home. 117, Regent-street, Chippendale.

WANTED, a respectable GIRL as Nurse. Hope and Anchor Hotel, Sussex and Druitt streets.

WANTED, a young GIRL, to assist. No. 8, Richmond-terrace, Domain.

WANTED, a good useful GIRL; washing put out. 77, Market street.

WANTED, a good, smart GIRL, for the Railway Dining Rooms. 783, George-st. South, Sydney.

WANTED, respectable GIRL, to assist in housework. Apply Mrs. Giffin, No. 3, Union-street, Pyrmont.

WANTED, a young GIRL, about 14 years old, to assist in housework. 287, Elizabeth-street.

WETNURSE wanted. Apply by letter, A. Z., HERALD Office.

WANTED, a NURSEMAID. Apply Mrs. Gaden, Hampton Villa, off Adolphus-st., Balmain. Ferry paid.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT. Moorefield House, Darling-street, Balmain.

WANTED, a General SERVANT, two in family. Mrs. F. Bennett, Milson's Point, near ferry.

WANTED, good General SERVANT; must sleep at home. 42, Erskine-street.

WANTED, a first-class General SERVANT. No. 5, Cambrian-terrace, Westmoreland-street, Glebe.

WANTED, General SERVANT. Bristol Arms, Harris-street, Ultimo, 9 o'clock.

WANTED, General SERVANT, to assist with cooking. Gordon House, 138, Castlereagh-st. North.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT. Duke of Cornwall Hotel, Harris-street, Ultimo.

WANTED, General SERVANT. Derwent-street, Glebe, three doors from St. John's Road.

WANTED, General SERVANT. 3, Iona-terrace, Victoria-street, near St. Vincent's Hospital.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT, 2 in family; Protestant. Mrs. Richardson, John-st., Woollahra.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Apply 233, Elizabeth-street.

WANTED, a General SERVANT (Protestant, at No. 79, Stanley-st., between Crown and Riley sts.

WANTED, General SERVANT, in small family. 323, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, good General SERVANT. Summerfield, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a respectable young Woman, as General SERVANT. 125, Albion-st., nr. Riley-st., S. H.

WANTED, a WAITRESS. American Restaurant, Wynyard-square.

WANTED, a Female COOK. Apply 693, George-street South, Haymarket.

WANTED, three good WAITRESSES, from 7 to 12 p.m. Smith's The tre Royal Café, Castlereagh-st.

WANTED, competent COOKS, for country and town; also good LAUNDRESS, PARLOUR-MAID, and NURSE. Miss Fowler, 309, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, Woman as COOK. 100, Sussex-street.

WANTED, a WAITRESS, for restaurant. Davies, 234, Pitt-street.

WANTED, LAUNDRESS, to take in gentlemen's washing. Webb's, Post Office Hotel, York-street.

WANTED, a HOUSEMAID. 231, City Restaurant, Lower George-street.

WANTED, a WOMAN, to clean. Apply between 8 and 9, Housekeeper, 173, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a House and Parlour Maid, Johnston's Family Hotel, corner Bourke and Oxford streets.

WANTED, a COOK and LAUNDRESS. Apply to Mrs. Moses, Euroka, Ashfield.

WANTED, a COOK and LAUNDRESS; high wages. Hobart House, William-street, next chapel.

WANTED, BARMAID, Cook, Laundress, Nurse, Needlewoman. Emerton's, 230, Castlereagh-st.

WANTED, a good WAITRESS. Apply Civil Service Club Hotel, Elizabeth-street North.

WANTED, a WAITRESS. Temperance Hotel, Pitt-street.

WANTED, General Man SERVANT. Apply 103, Elizabeth-street.

WANTED, MEN, for excavating. Apply John E. Begg, Glenmore Tannery, Rushcutter Bay.

WANTED, a steady MAN to drive a hansom cab. Apply 17, Francis-street, Hyde Park.

WANTED, a KITCHENMAN. Apply Currency Lass Hotel, Pitt and Hunter streets.

WANTED, a young MAN, accustomed to butchering. G. W. Oldham, Paddington.

WANTED, a Bricklayer's LABOURER. Apply Hart's-buildings, Station-street, Newtown.

WANTED, a young MAN, to make himself useful. Gough's Square and Compass, Brickfield-hill.

WANTED, for country, MAN, to plough and milk, and useful on farm. Apply at 115, Sussex-st.

WANTED, man Cook, 35s, for country hotel; man or woman Cook, 25s, for town hotel. 98, Market-st.

WANTED, a single MAN, to milk and make himself useful. Phillips, produce stores, Haymarket.

WANTED, MAN, to milk and be useful. C. Paul, Glenmore Road, Rushcutter Bay.

WANTED, an Assistant WAITER; also, BOY, to be useful, 58, King-street.

WANTED, a respectable LAD, who understands Bookkeeping; references. Apply to Mr. Julius, Temperance Hotel, Pitt-street.

WANTED, 4 MEN, for road work; pick and shovel, 7s per day of 9 hours. Apply Hanyson, Cosmopolitan Hotel, before 10 o'clock.

WANTED, General SERVANT, with daughter about 15, for the country; references required. Apply John Ritchie, Caledonian Wharf, King-street.

WANTED, COOK and CAMP KEEPER and two young Men as Fieldmen, for surveyor; 3 Ploughmen, Gardener, for country; Man Cook, for a station; female Cooks, Laundresses, Parlourmaids. Glue's, Pitt-st.

WANTED, smart steady Man, as GROOM and COACHMAN, for private family, thoroughly competent. Apply Mandelson's (late Gibson's Stables), Pitt-street.

WANTED, a respectable young Woman, as COOK and LAUNDRESS (four in family), references required. Miss Benjamin, 133, Darlinghurst Road, nearly opposite Alberto-terrace. Open till Saturday.

WANTED, a respectable, trustworthy young GIRL, one willing to work, for a confectioner's shop; must be clean; references required. Apply, after 1 o'clock, No. 4, Barton-street, off Oxford-street.

WANTED, MEN, FOR THE NEW SOUTH WALES ARTILLERY; HEIGHT, 5 FEET 7 INCHES. APPLY ORDERLY ROOM, VICTORIA BARRACKS, PADDINGTON, DAILY, FROM 9 TO 10 A.M.

APARTMENTS. BOARD & RESIDENCE

ACCOMMODATION for Ladies and Gentlemen. 16, College-street, Hyde Park.

A FURNISHED ROOM to LET, suitable for young lady or gentleman. Apply 370, Macquarie-street S.

A FURNISHED BEDROOM to Let; rent low. 14, Rowe-street, off Pitt-street, near King-street.

APARTMENTS.—Front ROOMS for 2 or 3 gentlemen. 107, Macquarie-street, near Domain entrance.

APARTMENTS (superior), for a lady and gentleman, or two gentlemen friends; bath. 30, Wynyard-sqr.

APARTMENTS vacant. Mrs. Solomon, Eden House, 131, Castlereagh-street North.

APARTMENTS vacant, with board. 145, Elizabeth-street, one door south of Market-street.

APARTMENTS vacant, where there are no children. 211, Campbell-st., Surry Hills, close to Bourke-st.

APARTMENTS vacant. Mrs. Tanner's, Wotonga House, King-street E., op. St. James's Church.

APARTMENTS vacant; terms, £1 5s. Mrs. Hinton, 1, Grosvenor-terrace, Church-hill.

APARTMENTS vacant; large rooms. 166, Alberto-terrace, Darlinghurst Road.

APARTMENTS vacant in private family; balconies, bath, gas. 151, Elizabeth-street, opposite Park.

APARTMENTS vacant, with board, for ladies and gentlemen. 5, Richmond-terrace, Macquarie-street.

APARTMENTS vacant, suite or separate rooms. 219, Macquarie-st., opposite the Houses of Parliament.

ASHFIELD.—APARTMENTS, 4 minutes from station. Cards Mr. Elvy's, and Stationmaster, Ashfield.

AUDLEY HOUSE, 85, STANLEY-STREET. BOARD and RESIDENCE.

APARTMENTS vacant, at No. 1, Carlton-terrace, Wynyard-square, York-street. House formerly occupied by Mr. Pedley, dentist. New beds, new bedding, and new furniture throughout the house.

AT No. 3, GROSVENOR-TERRACE, Church-hill, DRAWING-ROOM SUITE VACANT, Mrs. H. Rodd Smith.

BEDROOMS, suitable for married couple or two friends, board optional. 210, Dowling-st., next Mr. Willis.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, 2 mechanics; bath; terms, £1. 2, Emerald-terrace, Albion-street.

BOARD and RESIDENCE in a Christian home. Young men desirous of such an advantage may find it at 333, Macquarie-street South. Reference is kindly allowed to the Dean of Sydney, Deanery, George-street.

COMFORTABLE HOME with a young married couple; bath. 222, Dowling-street, Woolloomooloo.

COMFORTABLE HOME for single man. 20, Goulburn-street West, one door from George-street.

COMFORTABLE LODGINGS for a mechanic, handy town. 41, Eady's-terrace, Bathurst-street.

DRAWING-ROOM SUITE vacant after the 17th; balcony. 166, Alberto-terrace, Darlinghurst Road.

FURNISHED BEDROOMS for single gentlemen. 75, Elizabeth-street North.

GENTLEMAN, or Lady and gentleman, will find comfortable Home. 257, Albion-street, off Bourke-st.

LARGE Balcony ROOM, nicely furnished, vacant. 174, Fitzroy-st., between Crown and Bourke sts, S.H.

MRS. BRITCHER, Accoucheuse, Elizabeth-st., opp. Belmore Pk., has superior accommodation for ladies.

MANLY.—The CLARENDON, facing Ocean.—Vacancies, Drawing-room SUITES, and for gentlemen; moderate charges; plunge and shower baths. C. P. Sargeant.

PRIVATE BOARD and RESIDENCE for 1 or 2 Gentlemen, at No. 1, Belgrave-terrace, Forbes-st.

PRIVATE BOARD and RESIDENCE, 11, Stanley-street; retired and healthy, close to Hyde Park.

SUPERIOR Board and Residence, for gentlemen, terms moderate. 7, Leamington Villa, Ocean-st., Padington.

TWO unfurnished ROOMS to LET, with use of kitchen and bath. 265, Bourke-street.

TO LET, 3 ROOMS, with balcony, kitchen, large yard. 10s. 512, Bourke-street, Surry Hills.

TO LET, a balcony ROOM, for two gentlemen. 159, Cumberland-street.

TO LET, unfurnished, Darlinghurst (first-class references exchanged), HALF A HOUSE, 2 large lofty rooms, separate kitchen, &c., 3 or 4 bedrooms, balcony, stall if required; moderate. Donahoe, top William-st.

VACANCY for 2 Gents. or married couple; central position, piano, bath. R. R., care Pierce, William-st.

32 WYNYARD-SQUARE.—Mrs. Cruikshank. Vacancies for gentlemen. Bath.

426 CROWN-ST., S. H.—Vacant a furnished front Bedroom, balcony, married couple or 2 friends.

BURWOOD or Croydon.—Wanted, Furnished COTTAGE, for invalid lady. Address A. M., HERALD.

WANTED, by 2 young men, a ROOM, with bed and sitting space. Apply A. C. M., HERALD Office.

WANTED, by a gentleman, partial Board and Residence, terms moderate. W. G., 290, Post Office.

WANTED, by quiet couple, 1 or 2 unfurnished ROOMS; rent 7s. I. L., Post-office, Haymarket.

WANTED, at Petersham, near station, HOUSE, 4 or 5 rooms and kitchen. C. W., HERALD Office.

WANTED, to rent, in good locality, SHOP and Dwelling, for grocery. M., 2, Pawley-street.

WANTED, a small COTTAGE, in the neighbourhood of Darlinghurst. Apply Z., Post Office.

WANTED, a COTTAGE, 5 rooms, close to Burwood Station. Foley, Brothers, 115, Sussex-street.

WANTED to rent or purchase a comfortable COTTAGE, containing 5 rooms, &c., in the suburb of Hunter's Hill. State full particulars to Hardie and Gorman, Bell's-chambers, Pitt-street.

WANTED to rent, at once, an eight-roomed COTTAGE, with conveniences; small garden, good paddock, water and gas laid on; near rail or omnibus. X. G. Z., HERALD Office.

4 ROOMED furnished COTTAGE wanted; for one month (November) near the Liverpool, Richmond, or Penrith line; references exchanged. Address Moderate, HERALD Office.

TO LET.

A FURNISHED HOUSE, near Double Bay, to LET, the Carlton. Mrs. Rowett, Carlton House.

A HOUSE to LET, 5 rooms and kitchen, No. 4, Victoria-buildings, Dowling-st., nr. Paddington Brewery.

A HOUSE to LET, 4 rooms, kitchen, balcony, 14s; ditto ditto, 11s. Keys at 17, Botany-st., S. H. Road.

A PRETTY new, 6-roomed, with wash-house, bath-room, cellar; paved yard, water. Rent, apply C. P. Dwyer, Maryson-terrace, Selwyn-street, Moore Park.

ALPHA COTTAGE to LET, William-street, 7 rooms, kitchen, hall, bath, large yard, garden, and outhouses, in thorough repair. E. R. Cole, George and King streets.

ASHFIELD.—To LET, near rail and church, good 8-roomed HOUSE, verandah, balcony back and front, stable and outhouses, garden, and 2-acre paddock; rent £90. Batt and Rodd, Estate Agents, 132, Pitt-street.

ATTRACTIVE RESIDENCE, shortly vacant, No. 1, Leamington Villa, Ocean-street, Woollahra; elegant and spacious rooms, large yard, front garden, private side entrance; gas, water; every desirable accommodation. Apply C. P. Dwyer, near Police-office, Woollahra.

BURWOOD, fronting the BOULEVARDE, REDMIRE ROAD.—A detached VILLA, containing 5 rooms, kitchen, &c., to be LET. Hardie and Gorman.

COOK'S RIVER.—To LET, a good COTTAGE, of 5 rooms, with 3-stall stable. Rent, £1 per week. Key at Mrs. Hickey's, near the dam.

FAMILY RESIDENCE, with fine fruits, &c., to LET. W. Douglass, 434, George-street.

FURNISHED COTTAGE, delightfully situated, every convenience, and gas. F. Bradly, 67, Pitt-street.

FURNISHED COTTAGE to LET, beautiful position, every comfort. Apply T. Woods, Double Bay.

FURNISHED HOUSE to be LET, at Burwood, for a term, 9 rooms, kitchen, &c. 318, George-street.

HOUSE to LET, Newtown, next tollbar, 11 rooms; fine view, £90. Eggars and Bartlett, 80, York-st.

MANLY.—To LET, furnished, No. 1, Goodenough. Vacant 15th instant. Aurousseau, Manly Beach.

MANLY BEACH.—To LET, a large furnished Cottage, facing beach. M. Asher, 442, Elizabeth-st.

NORTH SHORE.—To LET, HOUSE, 6 rooms, &c.; rent, 15s. E. Ramsay, Sydney.

OCEAN-ST., Woollahra.—To LET, Family Residence, 6 rooms, servant's room, &c. E. Ramsay, Sydney.

PADDINGTON.—To LET, HOUSE, in Gordon street. James Pringle, 168, Pitt-street.

PETERSHAM.—To LET, Emily Villa, now occupied by F. Kellerman, possession 1st Oct. M. M'Mahon.

SMALL SHOP to LET, for shoemakers, tailors, or any small business. Office, 281, Castlereagh-street.

TO LET, a HOUSE, near bridge, 6 rooms, kitchen, balconies, splendid view. Warburton, Pyrmont.

TO LET, Cambridge-terrace, HOUSE, 8 rooms, gas, water, rent, £81. Robert Mase, Newtown Road.

TO LET, HOUSE, 4 rooms, Arthur-street, near Bourke-street; rent, 11s. S. Drake, Prince-street.

TO LET, a SHOP, Botany Road, Redfern. Apply F. Mulcahy, Botany Road, Redfern.

TO LET, Grocer's SHOP, fitted; also, 8-roomed House, by the Stone, Shamrock House, Mary-street.

TO LET, 6 rooms and outhouses, Villa Residence, garden, verandah. Bellevue House, Wilson-st., Newtown.

TO LET, 90, Botany-street, Surry Hills. Apply 111, Oxford-street.

TO LET, first-class Family RESIDENCE, Moore Park, every convenience, thorough repair. Captain Cook Hotel.

TO LET, 4-roomed Cottage, bath; stabling for cabman or drayman; 11s. Shamrock Hotel, Rushcutter Bay.

TO LET, SHOP, George-street, in the best position, suitable for any business. 300, George-street.

TO LET, Fitzroy-street, Moore Park, newly erected HOUSE, containing 5 rooms and kitchen; plunge and shower bath, washhouse and copper, gas, and every convenience. Dimond, grocer.

TO LET, Stanmore Road, together or separately, 2 very pretty Gothic VILLAS, each with 5 rooms, kitchen, and outhouses, and good well. Splendid view and situation. Batt and Rodd, estate agents, 132, Pitt-street.

TO LET, a 7-roomed Detached COTTAGE, St. Leonards, North Shore, now occupied by Mr. Hay; rent £3 12s per month. Apply to Mrs. Casey, ... House, Wynyard-square.

TO LET, TREBARTHA HOUSE, rooms, ... &c.; boat and bathing-house, lawn, and paddock, verandah and balcony, splendid view, 1 minute walk from steamer. Batt and Rodd, 132, Pitt-street.

TO LET, VICTORIA-TERRACE, Darlinghurst Road.—These newly-erected, commodious, and finished HOUSES, of 12 rooms, with water and gas laid on, and fittings throughout, are ready for occupation. Gilchrist, Stubbs, and Weston.

TO LET, ROS-TREVOR VILLA, a detached Cottage, St. John's Road, Glebe, 6 rooms, hall, bathroom, kitchen, washhouse, water and gas throughout, large front garden, and every convenience; also, HOUSE, ... 5 rooms, hall, kitchen, bathroom, water, &c.; only 18s week to a good tenant. W. Cook, Temple Court, King-street.

TO LET, those well-known and commodious PREMISES, Holmsten's Family Hotel, Grafton, doing the best business in the Northern district. The premises contain 13 bedrooms, large dining-room, front parlour, drawing-room, bar parlour, small parlour, hall, balcony 12 feet wide in the two fronts, kitchen, 5 servants' rooms, pantry, laundry, bathroom, harness-room, 6 loose boxes, 4-stall stable, coach-house for 5 vehicles, billiard room, 3 commercial rooms, together with all the appliances requisite for carrying on the business now so long established by Mr. Holmsten. Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mr. J. A. Holmsten, at Schroder's Family Hotel, King-street, Sydney.

UPPER PADDINGTON.—To LET, No. 1, Yeight... terrace, Stewart-street, near Public school, ... rooms, kitchen, gas, plenty of water, good yard. Apply premises; or to S. C. Chisholm, 25, Bridge-street.

WANTED, to Let, large and commodious House, suitable to hotel or boarding house. C. E. L., HERALD.

WELL-FURNISHED HOUSE, to LET, to private family. X. Y., HERALD Office.

WOOLLAHRA.—HOUSE to LET, 4 rooms, kitchen. D. Williams, Alfred-place, Moncur.

A COMFORTABLY furnished OFFICE to LET; low. 387, George-street.

MARKET GARDENS, Orchards, and Farms to Let by good tenants. W. Douglass, 434, George-street.

OFFICES to LET, Vickery's-buildings. Poulton and Begbie, 139, Pitt-street.

PITT-STREET.—To LET, as OFFICES, STORES, or Simple ROOMS, near HERALD Office; superior accommodation, and frontage to two streets. Batt and Rodd, Estate Agents, 132, Pitt-street.

TO LET, OFFICES, Temple Court, corner of King and Elizabeth streets. Apply Walter Cook, on premises.

TO LET, convenient PREMISES, for store or workshop. Apply A. Goldstein, 217, Lower George-street.

THREE large STABLES to LET, at moderate rent. Apply 8, Burton-street, near Oxford-street.

TO BE LET, 2 commodious STORES, on Campbell's Wharf, of three flats each. Apply A. S. ..., Sussex-street.

TO LET, a splendid upper FLOOR, 70 feet by 30, excellently adapted for soft goods purposes, lift, van entrance, &c., and in central situation. Apply Stores, HERALD Office.

ONE ACRE IN THE CITY, having about 200 feet in Elizabeth-street, and 200 feet in Phillip-street, between King and Hunter streets, including Wentworth-place and other buildings.

To be LET for any term of years.

J. F. JOSEPHSON, Enmore, Newtown.

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